Control/DCDTM

Control/DCD

System

For the **IBM OS** Environment

User's Manual

Control/DCD System

User's Manual

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INTRODUCTION

Control/DCD is a maintenance tool for use in the ongoing maintenance of COBOL programs.

It contains parts of DCD IV, such as:

- 1. The Alternate Compile Listing with analysis on one COBOL program
- 2. Other COBOL reports like the COPY, CALL, and DATA Analysis reports
- 3. JCL Analysis reports

It contains significant new features that are designed to keep up with the way the industry is now moving.

- 1. It contains a new separate software package, Control/SE within Control/DCD that
 - a. Creates a digital documentation manual in PDF format
 - b. Builds a source copy of the COBOL program with additional analysis information at the end of the source code that is available to the programmer or technician while editing the source code in ISPF.
 - c. Isolate the source code without the additional analysis information for storing the source code back on its original library and available for compiling.
 - d. Contains new features such as Forward Tracing of Performed Routines.
- It contains much needed support for moving to COBOL 5 or COBOL 6 and use beyond such as:
 - a. Invalid Numeric Display Data Analysis to eliminate any conversion problems going to newer COBOL 5 or 6.
 - b. Analysis of OCCURS/DEPENDING to insure OCCURS DEPENDING ON value is in legal range.
 - c. PERFORM ERROR Analysis for reducing COMPILE time in COBOL 5, 6, and beyond.
 - d. CALL Parameter Analysis needed to find COBOL programs that do not conform to the new standards required by COBOL 5 or 6.
- 3. All of Control/DCD is now controlled by totally rewritten ISPF panels.
 - a. In DCD IV, ISPF panels were not available for all features.

Control/DCD supports all ANSI standards for COBOL and supports all IBM/OS mainframe operating systems.

- Release 2.1 also offers beginning support for COBOL 5.0.
- Release 2.1 also offers a FIND &SQL for SQL / DB2.
- Release 2.2 offers ANALYSIS in PDF format.
- Release 2.3 offers Numeric DISPLAY Analysis for conversion to COBOL 5 or 6
- Release 2.3 offers Analysis of OCCURS/DEPENDING to insure OCCURS DEPENDING ON value is in legal range.

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Because of work processing constraints, examples shown in this document may not be identical to actual results obtained.

MARBLE Computer, Inc. would like to thank the many people who have contributed their assistance, suggestions, and guidance in the development of Control/SE and for providing feedback for continued improvement of the software and the documentation in this manual.

Control/DCD (an enhanced software version of DCD IV) and contained software system Control/SE (has a client base of over 600 mainframe installations.

MARBLE Computer, Inc. P.O. Box 920692 El Paso, Texas 79902 Phone: 800-252-1400 / 915-845-0963 Fax: 915-845-7918

E-Mail Address: info@marble computer.com Web Site: www.marblecomputer.com

Control/DCD

New Release Highlights

Control/DCD – New Release Highlights

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New Release Highlights Release 2.1 as of March 1, 2017

Control/DCD is a new software tool containing some of the features of DCD IV and new features that provides support for the way the industry is moving.

- 1) It contains a new separate software package, **Control/SE** within Control/DCD that:
 - a. builds a source copy of the COBOL program with additional analysis information at the end of the source code that is available to the programmer or technician while editing the source code in ISPF.
 - isolate the source code without the additional analysis information for storing the source code back on its original library and available for compiling.
 - c. contains new features such as Forward Tracing of Performed Routines.
- 2) It contains much needed support for moving to COBOL 6 and use beyond such as:
 - a. Abend Analysis for Data Errors for finding an error before it happens or tracing the error after it is found.
 - b. PERFORM ERROR Analysis for reducing COMPILE time in COBOL 5, COBOL 6, and beyond.
 - c. CALL Parameter Analysis needed to find COBOL programs that do not conform to the new standards required by COBOL 6.
- 3) All of Control/DCD is controlled by ISPF Panels:
 - a) In DCD IV, ISPF panels were only partially available.
 - b) In Control/DCD the ISPF Panels were completely rewritten for total user-friendliness.

Control/SE

Control/SE software ALLOWS the technician to edit the COBOL source in ISPF and is designed so that after the Edit File is built in Step 1, that file is editable in ISPF in Step 2, the same way a COBOL source file is edited in ISPF.

The notable difference in editing, is that in Control/SE, there are various types of ANALYSIS information that are available for doing a FIND on, that are not available in normal COBOL editing.

In Control/DCD, FIND's are done with an & immediately preceding the many types of Analysis information.

When the FIND is completed, the analysis information is brought up in ISPF allowing the technician to save additional analysis time locating this information within several other searches within ISPF.

After viewing the FOUND Analysis information, the user returns to her/his most recent position in ISPF to continue editing the COBOL program.

The **Types of Analysis** available in this release are as follows:

- 1. Data Division Field Name
- 2. Performed Paragraph or Section
- 3. CALL
- 4. COPY
- 5. CODE-NOT-USED
- 6. ERRORS
- 7. FORWARD-TRACING
- 8. HELP
- 9. OPEN
- 10. PERFORM-ANALYSIS
- 11. PERFORMED-ROUTINES
- 12. SQL
- 13. Cn (used for doing a FIND into COPY members)
- 14. n FIRST (used for going from Narrative from one field to another)

When editing in completed in the Source Code with the additional analysis information, is complete, the user exits this EDITFILE and runs a separate ISOLATE step to remove just the COBOL program without the additional analysis information.

The COBOL program is now saved as completed source code and ready for compilation.

Additionally, Control/SE builds by individual programs, Summary Management Reports.

ISPF Panels

See the ISPF section of this manual to see some of the new ISPF panels and then see the format and new color use by using the new ISPF panels after installation.

New Release Highlights Release 2.2 as of August 1, 2017

Control/DCD has been modified with two new features in release 2.2

- 1) With this release, Control/DCD creates a Digital Documentation Manual (DDM) on a PDF for PC documentation on an individual program.
 - a. An INDEX precedes the documentation.
 - b. The manual is put in PDF format.
- 2) A new format has been developed to add to Control/SE of Control/DCD that is available in the new Digital Documentation Manual and in Control/Source Editor for editing and maintaining the source code on the mainframe as follows:
 - a. When doing a FIND on &data-field, added documentation has been added before the Performed Routines that show data use in each performed routine to show forward tracing (ONLY) of those performed routines where there is data use for this one field
 - b. This Forward Tracing makes it easy to see at a glance, how a data field is fully used in a program with intense review of the entire program to determine the data field's involvement.

New Release Highlights Release 2.3 as of July 1, 2018

Control/DCD has been modified with two new features in release 2.3

- 1) Identification of Invalid Numeric Display Data to eliminate any conversion problems going to newer COBOL 5 or 6.
 - Invalid DISPLAY NUMERIC DATA within an alphanumeric field that REDEFINES a DISPLAY NUMERIC field is identified
 - This includes a VALUE for the alphanumeric field
 - This includes a MOVE of a literal to an alphanumeric field
 - This includes a MOVE of another field to this field where the other field may contain INVALID data
- 2) Analysis of OCCURS/DEPENDING to insure OCCURS DEPENDING ON value is in legal range.
 - Full Data Division attributes are given for two fields as follows:
 - o Each field with an OCCURS DEPENDING clause
 - o Each field identified in an OCCURS DEPENDING clause
 - Full Procedure Division Narrative for each of the two fields above
- 3) The Alternate Compile Listing as of Release 2.3 as of 12/18/2018 uses the DDNAME PRINTACL in place of PRINT. Use of the PRINT DD required the use of DISP=MOD which led to user confusion in sometimes omitting the use DISP=MOD. The new DD PRINTACL does not require DISP=MOD.

Release 2.3

Control/DCD

One Program Documentation

- 1. For building a Digital Documentation Manual in PDF format
- 2. For building an Editable COBOL program for Mainframe Editing

Control/DCD - One Program Documentation

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Control/SE One Program Documentation

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Control/DCD – One Program Documentation

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Overview of One Program Documentation

This purpose of this section is to provide information on either creating a Digital Documentation Manual OR building an Editable Source File that has analysis information added to it for mainframe editing of same. This analysis information is gotten by scanning the COBOL program and all COPY members referenced by the COBOL program and then doing extensive cross-referencing to develop this information in a format for easy analysis of the COBOL program.

Once developed, this unique ANALYSIS information is used to create the DDM (Digital Documentation Manual) and put on the //ANALYSIS DD for creating a PDF from, or added to the end of the COBOL source code and made ready to be brought into ISPF for routine maintenance and analysis of the COBOL program and put into a member of the PDS specified in the //EDITFILE DD. See CSE PROC.

For mainframe editing, the programmer or technician can then access this file with COBOL and added analysis in ISPF, do maintenance, and then use the ISOLATE feature (a very simple program) in the next section of this manual to isolate just the COBOL source code to be saved from the file created using instructions in this section and edited in ISPF. Mainframe editing is only available through ISPF in release 2.2 and forward releases, and not available used CSE JCL without using ISPF.

This added ANALYSIS information is accessed quickly and easily in the DDM or in ISPF by inserting an ampersand (&) just ahead of the search operand. The example below shows an ISPF Find:

```
EDIT
              USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -
  Command ===> F &OPEN
brings into editor detail similar to the following:
    #OPEN REPORT
                          &OPEN REPORT
  (0038)
           &MAST-INP-FILE
     C-HANDLE-MAST-REC
         OPEN Input MAST-INP-FILE (367)
          &MAST-OUTPUT-FILE
   (0041)
     L-PUT-OUT-SELECTED-MAST-RECS
         OPEN Extend MAST-OPUTPUT-FILE (742)
    End of FD OPEN & SORT
                              Info
```

Note - The Performed Routine name the OPEN is in, displays ahead of the OPEN statement.

Control/DCD – One Program Documentation

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Other Features Supported

This heading provides a list of support other features supported by CSE are:

- 1. CICS
- 2. COBOL 68 and earlier
- 3. COBOL 74
- 4. COBOL 85
- 5. COBOL 370, COBOL for MVS & VM, COBOL 390 & Enterprise COBOL
- 6. DB2 (SQL)
- 7. DL1

1. **CICS**

CICS is fully supported by CSE. Ideally the CICS program should be run through the CICS preprocessor before being brought into CSE. If the preprocessor step is done, both CICS commands and the CALL statements generated by CICS are documented. If the CICS program is not run through the preprocessor, then generated CALL statements are not documented by CSE.

2. COBOL 68 and earlier

PARM option C68 should be used when processing COBOL 68 programs. The only other special support required for 68 and earlier versions of COBOL is when compiled and the compiler is version 3 or earlier (easily determined by the fact that the compiler does not generate compiler line numbers for SKIPs and EJECTs). When this is the case, PARM option VR3 should be included in the PARM field.

3. **COBOL 74**

Use option NOVS2 for COBOL 74.

4. COBOL 85

Include PARM option VS2 to indicate the handling of VS COBOL II or later COBOLs.

5. COBOL 370, COBOL for MVS & VM, COBOL 390, & Enterprise COBOL

Include a VERSION DD to specify the correct version of COBOL used. See 'Specifying Correct version of COBOL' in this section.

6. **DB2**

DB2 programs contain SQL statements. Ideally, the DB2 program should run through the DB2 preprocessor before being brought into CSE. If the preprocessor step is done, then the CALL statements generated by SQL are documented. Host variables within the EXEC SQL statements (names that reference into the COBOL program Data Division) are fully documented by CSE.

7. **DL1**

DL1 is fully supported by CSE. Ideally the DL1 program should be run through the DL1 preprocessor before being brought into CSE. If the preprocessor step is done, both DL1 commands and the CALL statements generated by DL1 are documented. If the DL1 is not run through the preprocessor, then generated CALL statements are not documented by CSE.

Use of CSE PROC to execute Control/SE

A PROC named CSE is provided for building this Expanded COBOL file with Analysis information. A listing of this PROC showing all every symbolic and all the JCL is available at the end of this section under the heading "CSE PROC".

A sample of JCL to execute this PROC is shown below:

```
//BUILD
          EXEC
                CSE
//CSE.COBOLIN
                   DSN=user.cobolpds(member),DISP=SHR
              DD
//CSE.COPYLIB
               DD
                   DSN=user.copylib1,DISP=SHR
                   DSN=user.copylib2,DISP=SHR
//
               DD
//CSE.VERSION
               DD
ENTERPRISE
//CSE.USERSEL
               DD
FORMAT 3
ADD COPY=ALL
OMIT COPY=MASTREC1
OMIT COPY=MASTREC2
ADD @
```

The input COBOL program is pointed to by the **COBOLIN** DD.

COPY members are brought in via the COPYLIB DD.

The **VERSION** DD points to the version of COBOL being processed. See the heading "**Specifying** correct **VERSION** of **COBOL**" in this section for correctly specifying which VERSION of COBOL should be used for this program.

The **USERSEL** DD allows entering **FORMAT**, **ADD**, and **OMIT** commands for MODIFYING what the DEFAULT options used for creating ANALYSIS information provide. This ANALYSIS information is appended onto the COBOL source. See the sub-heading "How to use //**USERSEL DD to override Defaults**" in this section.

Control/DCD – One Program Documentation

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Specifying Correct Version of COBOL

Control/SE needs to know what version of COBOL is being processed for many reasons including knowing what sub-set of RESERVED words to check for. If running Control/DCD through ISPF panels, ignore this page, and simply choose what version of COBOL through an ISPF panel.

Use the instructions provided under this heading, for setting the correct version of COBOL.

If **older COBOL 68** is being used, use the OTHER= symbolic as shown below and comment out or remove the override DD for //CSE.VERSION as shown below:

```
//BUILD EXEC CSE,OTHER='C68'
.
.
//* CSE.VERSION DD *
```

If **older COBOL 74** is being used, use the OTHER= symbolic as shown below and comment out or remove the override DD for //CSE.VERSION as shown below:

```
//BUILD EXEC CSE,OTHER='NOVS2'
.
.
//* CSE.VERSION DD *
```

Note - If 1974 Version 3 COBOL or older is used, add VR3 to the OTHER= symbolic as shown below:

```
//BUILD EXEC CSE, OTHER='NOVS2, VR3'
```

For all 1985 COBOL and newer versions, choose one of the following 4 options and enter in column 1 within the //VERSION DD * as follows:

- 1. VS-COBOL
- 2. VS-COBOL-II
- 3. IBM-COBOL
- 4. ENTERPRISE

Example for VS-COBOL follows:

```
//BUILD EXEC CSE
.
.
//CSE-VERSION DD *
VS-COBOL
```

For other **newer** versions, substitute **VS-COBOL** with **VS-COBOL-II**, **IBM-COBOL** or **ENTERPRISE**.

Control/DCD – One Program Documentation

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Selecting ANALYSIS information

There are many types of analysis information available for appending to the COBOL program for providing COBOL ANALYSIS for the program when doing an ISPF edit session.

DEFAULT options are in place to provide a standard set of options. The user may modify these defaulted options by using **ADD**, **OMIT**, and **FORMAT** commands within a //**USERSEL DD**.

The //USERSEL DD provides a way of modifying the type of analysis information is provided along with other options for modifying the way information is formatted within some types.

See the sub-heading 'How to use //USERSEL DD to override the DEFAULTS' at the end of this heading for rules about entering ADD, OMIT, and FORMAT commands.

Types of analysis information available

The following are the current type of analysis that may be used in a FIND command as **operands** provided that they immediately follow an (&) character as follows:

Command ===> F & operand

where operand is one of the following items shown below.

Operands available in Control/SE

1.	Data Division Field Name	(provides total analysis for this data field) *1	
2.	Performed Paragraph / Section	(show forward tracing from this routine) *2	
3.	CALL	(CALL Analysis)	
4.	COPY	(COPY Member Analysis)	
5.	CODE-NOT-USED	(Unused fields, Unused 01 records, and dead P-D code)	
6.	ERRORS	(shows errors in scanning similar to Compile Errors)	
7.	FORWARD-TRACING	(shows Forward Tracing of Performed Routines)	
8.	HELP	(HELP for Control/SE)	
9.	INDEX	(provides an INDEX of all reports and their size)	
10.	OPEN	(shows all OPENs within each Performed Routine)	
11.	PERFORM-ANALYSIS	(shows PERFORM ERRORs in the Program)	
12.	PERFORMED-ROUTINES	(shows a listing of all Performed Routines)	
13.	SQL	(DB2 – shows SQL documentation for data-name access)	
14.	Cn/	(see explanation on next page) *3	
15.	n FIRST	(see explanation on next page) *4	
16.	Copy-Member-Name	(see explanation on next page) *5	

^{*}See Notes on operands for *1 through *5 on next page.

To insure that all wanted analysis information is available later when doing editing, it is necessary to check the options wanted versus the DEFAULT options provided. Use the //USERSEL DD with ADD, OMIT, and FORMAT commands shown later in this section to make any needed changes to what is provided.

Notes on operands:

- 1. When a data-name (from Data Division) is entered as in (**FIND &USER-DATA-NAME**), then complete Data Division & Procedure Division Narrative is available. See **Exhibit 1** in this section.
- 2. When a Performed-Name is entered, as in (**FIND &G-COMPARE-TR-CODE**), then Forward Tracing is shown from that Performed Routine forward.
- 3. When a reference is made to a field in a COPY Member, the sequence number shown in Data Division Narrative for that field is given in the format (Cn1/n2) where n1 represents the sequential number of the COPY (e.g. first, second, etc.) and n2 represents the sequential number of the line of code within this COPY member. Two examples of this narrative follow:

(C1/14) ©-MBR-NAME

Move COPY-MBR-NAME @C1/14 to NON-COPY-FIELD (512)

To use a successful find here, use either **FIND** (C1/14 (where 1 equals the number of the COPY member in the program as shown in the narrative and 14 specifies the 14th line in that COPY), or **FIND** &C1/.

When **FIND** (C1/14 format is used, note that a begin parentheses [(] is used, not an &, and the COPY member does not necessarily need to be brought in.

When **FIND &C1**/ is used that COPY member must have been included with one of two commands as shown below:

- a. ADD COPY=ALL or
- b. ADD COPY=member-name

Adding in a COPY member, brings the COPY member into the added ANALYSIS for viewing by the technician while maintaining the COBOL program and makes to COPY available for Finding within a FIND command.

4. Using a FIND similar to following: **(FIND &345 FIRST)** allows using the sequence number of ANOTHER-NAME (see below **@345**) in the narrative of JUST-SELECTED-NAME to go to the narrative for ANOTHER-NAME.

```
MOVE JUST-SELECTED-NAME TO ANOTHER-NAME @345 (2018)
```

To use this feature, requires generating an **@number** in the narrative and requires the use of the following **ADD @** command added within **//USERSEL DD** as follows:

ADD @

5. To Select on a Copy-Member-Name, one or more COPY members must be brought into the analysis information with either an ADD COPY=ALL or ADD COPY=member-name entered within //USERSEL DD as follows:

ADD COPY=ALL

or ADD COPY=member-name

DEFAULT options set by Control/SE

The following ANALYSIS reports are turned **ON** by DEFAULT

- 1. COBOL Source Code (Needed for editing and maintenance of the COBOL source code)
- 2. Data Division Field Name (This option is modified with the FORMAT command)
- 3. Performed Paragraph/Section (This option requires that FORWARD-TRACING be ON)
- 4. CALL Analysis
- 5. COPY Analysis
- 6. FORWARD-TRACING (Shows forward tracing by PERFORMed routine)
- 7. HELP
- 8. INDEX (This option is always ON)
- 9. OPEN Analysis
- 10. PERFORM-ANALYSIS (Shows Minor, Moderate, and Major PERFORM Errors)
- 11. SQL Analysis

Options 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10 & 11 may be turned off using the **OMIT** commands shown in various examples that follow.

The following ANALYSIS reports are turned **OFF** by DEFAULT

1. CODE-NOT-USED provides:

Unused 01 records

Unused data names (not in a COPY member)

- & Dead Procedure Division Code
- 2. ERRORS
- 3. PERFORMED-ROUTINES
- 4. SUMMARY MANAGEMENT REPORTS (See heading 'Summary Management Reports')
- 5. Viewing of COPY Members (See two ways COPY members are brought in below*)

See the next sub-heading in this section of the manual, for how to override these DEFAULTS, except for SUMMARY MANAGEMENT REPORTs which has its own heading.

*The **two** different ways COPY members are brought in for viewing are shown below:

ADD COPY=ALL

or

ADD COPY=member-name

How to use //USERSEL DD to override DEFAULTS

There are three commands that may be entered within the //USERSEL DD. They are ADD, OMIT, and FORMAT.

These commands when used must always start in column 1 and there must be <u>only 1 space</u> after the ADD, OMIT, or FORMAT command before entering a valid operand to follow the command as shown in this example:

```
//USERSEL DD *
FORMAT 3
OMIT DD-ATTRIBUTES
ADD ERRORS
```

The user may comment out any command at any time by putting an asterisk in column 1 as shown just below:

```
//USERSEL DD *
FORMAT 3
* OMIT DD-ATTRIBUTES
* ADD ERRORS
```

If a command is in an invalid format, it will be flagged unless there is an asterisk in column 1 in which case the command will be ignored.

Modify the Narrative created for each Data Division Field

The most **potent** and **versatile ANALYSIS** feature created by Control/SE is the Narrative created for each data field residing in the DATA DIVISION.

See the Exhibit 1 - Data Division Field Name, later in this manual, for an example of what this Narrative looks like.

This narrative in this release may not be turned off, but it may be modified from small to large in various way as shown under this sub-heading.

FORMAT Command

The main way to modify this narrative is with the FORMAT command. There are 3 options of the FORMAT command as shown below:

FORMAT 1 has the following defaults:

- Data Division Narrative (DD-ATTRIBUTES) is turned **OFF**
- Sort Sequence for Procedure Division Narrative is in **Verb** Sequence
- Performed Routine preceding the Procedure Division Narrative is **not included**

FORMAT 2 has the following defaults:

- Data Division Narrative (DD-ATTRIBUTES) is turned **ON**
- Sort Sequence for Procedure Division Narrative is in **Procedure Division** Sequence
- Performed Routine preceding the Procedure Division Narrative is **not included**

FORMAT 3 (defaulted to without a FORMAT command being present)

- Data Division Narrative (DD-ATTRIBUTES) is turned **ON**
- Sort Sequence for Procedure Division Narrative is in **Procedure Division** Sequence
- Performed Routine preceding the Procedure Division Narrative is included
- FORWARD TRACING of those routines used for this data field is included

Use a command like that shown below to modify the FORMAT used:

```
//USERSEL DD *
FORMAT 1
```

Use 'Other ADD & OMIT commands' on the next page to further modify the Narrative created for each Data Division Field as shown in the description and examples that follow.

Other ADD & OMIT Commands

ADD OTHER-NAME Sequence Number

Using the 'FIND &n FIRST' command during ISPF editing requires that an @number be inserted in the Procedure Division Narrative, so the number is there for the user to find. To turn this on, use an ADD @ command as follows:

```
//USERSEL DD *
ADD @
```

When **ADD** @ is used, the narrative above will be modified by inserting an @number as shown below:

```
(0106) &THIS-NAME

MOVE THIS-NAME TO ANOTHER-NAME @234 (582,788)

IF THIS-NAME NOT = THIRD-NAME @305 (1124)
```

With the @234 and @305 being present, this allows user to use **FIND @234 FIRST** to go to narrative for **ANOTHER-NAME** and **FIND @305 FIRST** to go to narrative for **THIRD-NAME**.

DD-ATTRIBUTES

To turn DD-ATTRIBUTES ON for **FORMAT 1** use an ADD DD-ATTRIBUTES command as follows:

```
//USERSEL DD *
FORMAT 1
ADD DD-ATTRIBUTES
```

To turn DD-ATTRIBUTES OFF for **FORMAT 2 or 3** use an OMIT DD-ATTRIBUTES command as follows:

```
//USERSEL DD *

FORMAT 2 (or FORMAT 3)

OMIT DD-ATTRIBUTES
```

Note - If there is every any doubt about what the default is for **DD-ATTRIBUTES** for whatever FORMAT is used, the user can simply add an **ADD DD-ATTRIBUTES** or an **OMIT DD-ATTRIBUTES** to indicate their preference.

INDEXED BY

```
The INDEXED BY clause narrative is defaulted off.
```

To turn on, use following:

```
//USERSEL DD *
ADD INDEXED
```

INDIRECT REFERENCES

The **INDIRECT REFERENCES** narrative is defaulted off.

To turn on, use following:

```
//USERSEL DD *
ADD INDIRECT
```

REPLACE NAME with # character

To replace the data-name that the Narrative is for with a # character in the Procedure Division narrative as originally shown below:

```
(0106) &THIS-NAME

MOVE THIS-NAME TO ANOTHER-NAME (582,788)

IF THIS-NAME NOT = THIRD-NAME (1124)
```

use an OMIT NAME commands as follows:

```
//USERSEL DD *
OMIT NAME
```

When **OMIT NAME** is used, the narrative above will be modified as shown below:

```
(0106) &THIS-NAME
```

```
MOVE # TO ANOTHER-NAME (582,788)

IF # NOT = THIRD-NAME (1124)
```

Override the DEFAULTS to turn off some Analysis Information ON & OFF

Overriding Defaults that are initially turned OFF

- 1. CODE-NOT-USED
- 2. ERRORS
- 3. INVALID-DATA-ERRORS Turn on ERRORS and also include INVALID DATA messages
- 4. PERFORMED-ROUTINES
- 5. n FIRST (Turned ON with **ADD** @ command. When ON, it allows going from the narrative of first name to the narrative of another-name with the use of 'F &n FIRST' where n equals the number following the @ character in the narrative created for first name & referencing another-name.)
- 6. COPY-Member-Names (See 2nd & 3rd examples below for COPY Member Names)

To override the defaults for numbers 1-4 and turn these reports on, add any of the following ADD commands shown in Example 1 below:

Example 1

```
//USERSEL DD *
ADD CODE-NOT-USED
ADD INVALID (INVALID may be used for INVALID-DATA-ERRORS)
ADD PERFORMED-ROUTINES
ADD @
```

To bring in **COPY members** for viewing in ISPF, use either ADD COPY=ALL or ADD COPY=member as follows in **Example 2** below:

```
Example 2
//USERSEL DD *
ADD COPY=ALL
or
//USERSEL DD *
ADD COPY=MEMBER1
ADD COPY=DIFFMEMB
```

When ADD COPY=ALL is used to bring in all COPY members, OMIT COPY=member may be used to selectively omit some copy members as shown here in Example 3 below:

```
Example 3
//USERSEL DD *
ADD COPY=ALL
OMIT COPY=MEMBER6
```

(Continued next page)

Overriding Defaults that are initially turned ON

- 1. COBOL Source (necessary for editing)
- 2. Data Name Narrative (always turned on **and** modified by FORMAT command)
- 3. Performed Paragraph or Section

(always turned on)

- 4. CALL
- 5. COPY
- 6. FORWARD-TRACING
- 7. HELP
- 8. OPEN
- 9. PERFORM-ANALYSIS
- 10. SQL
- 11. Cn/ (always turned on, but requires ADD COPY=ALL or member when using a 'F &Cn/' where n = sequential number (1st,

2nd, etc.) of a COPY member in program)

To override the default and turn reports for numbers 1 and 4-10 above OFF, add any of the following OMIT commands:

```
//USERSEL DD *
```

OMIT COBOL

OMIT CALL

OMIT COPY

OMIT FORWARD-TRACING

OMIT HELP

OMIT OPEN

OMIT PERFORM-ANALYSIS

OMIT SQL

Control/DCD – One Program Documentation

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Build a Digital Documentation Manual (DDM) in PDF format

Building a Digital Documentation Manual (DDM) in PDF format is done under ISPF with the same run that creates the information on the ANALYSIS DD on the mainframe. Use ISPF for Control/DCD and use main Option 1 for building the DDM as a binary file and then download the file (as a BINARY file) to load the PDF file for reader by any PDF reader.

For creating the DDM outside of ISPF (<u>not recommended</u>, except for optional testing by system installer, (*AND then only after ISPF installation is complete to have all files needed in place*) is a three-step process as follows:

- 1. Run Control/SE as shown in this section. The main information is created to the Partitioned Data Set specified on the //ANALYSIS DD with the member name taken from the PROGRAM-ID in the COBOL program.
- 2. Use JCL shown in Step 2 on next page to create an unreadable binary file in a format for downloading this member to the PC.
- 3. Do a binary download for the file created in Step 2, for reading by an PDF reader.

See the next two pages for JCL to use for testing this process outside of using ISPF.

(continued next page)

Building a PDF outside of ISPF

Step 1 - Creating ANALYSIS information on PDS

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE, PROGRAM=INVPROG3 (INVPROG3 taken from Install files)
//STEPLIB DD DSN=userid.CDCD.LOAD, DISP=SHR
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.CDCD.CNTL(&PROGRAM), DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.CDCD.CNTL, DISP=SHR
//CSE.ANALYSIS DD DSN=userid.CSE.ANALYSIS(&PROGRAM), DISP=SHR
```

Note – ANALYSIS file should already be in CSE proc. It is shown above for clarification as it is referenced in Step 2. Use JCLLIB to point to modified CSE PROC set up during installation.

Step 2 - Creating a PDF file for binary loading to PC

```
PGM=IEFBR14
//DELETE
          EXEC
                DSN=userid.MANUAL4.INVPROG3.PDF,
//OUTFILE DD
       DISP=(MOD,DELETE,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(100,50))
//*
               PGM=IKJEFT1B,TIME=1,DYNAMNBR=50,PARM=('')
//TXT2PDF EXEC
//SYSEXEC
               DISP=SHR, DSN=XXX.XXXXXXX
                                                (requires system file)
           DD
                                                (fill in CDCD load file)
//STEPLIB
           DD
               DISP=SHR, DSN=userid.CDCD.LOAD
               SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD
               SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSPRT DD
//INFILE
           DD DSN=userid.CSE.ANALYSIS(INVPROG3),DISP=SHR
//OUTFILE DD DSN=userid.MANUAL4.INVPROG3.PDF,
          DCB=(RECFM=VB, LRECL=4100, BLKSIZE=27998),
//
          DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE), UNIT=SYSDA,
//
          SPACE=(TRK, (100,50), RLSE)
//SYSTSIN DD
%txt2pdf BROWSE Y +
IN DD:INFILE +
OUT DD:OUTFILE +
CONFIRM Yes +
OUTREC 110
//
```

Notes -

- 1. ANALYSIS file under INFILE DD needs to match what is used in Step 1.
- 2. Use INVPROG3 from CDCD.CNTL file or change all occurrences of INVPROG3 in this JCL.
- 3. Fill in SYSEXEC DD, the DSN of library used in installation of Control/DCD installation for storing for REXX members (TXT2PDF and 3 similarly named members) on system SYSEXEC or SYSPROC.
- 4. Fill in STEPLIB of where Control/DCD is installed.
- 5. Fill in Control Statements beginning in Column 2, exactly as shown.

(continued next page)

Step 3 - Download to PC

Do a binary download to PC of userid.MANUAL4.INVPROG3.PDF file for access to this file by any PDF reader.

Control/DCD – One Program Documentation

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Editing in ISPF with a unique FIND & operand

The & character is seldom used within a COBOL program and when used, it is usually within an alphanumeric literal, and then may have a trailing space or ending quote after it.

Control/SE uses the & just before an **operand** within its FINDs to allow multitude types of FINDs to quickly bring up the necessary analysis to assist the technician in analyzing a COBOL program. In most instances, just one FIND & operand (where operand = one of Control/SE operands, including Data Division Name and Performed routine name) will go right to the ANALYSIS offered to assist the technician.

The format of the FIND with the & requires no space between the & and the operand as shown here:

F &TR-ACCT-NAME

List of unique & type FINDs available

Operands available in Control/SE

1. Data Division Field Name	(provides total analysis for this data field) *1
2. Performed Paragraph / Section	(show forward tracing from this routine) *2
3. CALL	(CALL Analysis)
4. COPY	(COPY Member Analysis)
5. CODE-NOT-USED	(Unused fields, 01 records, and dead P-D code)
6. ERRORS	(shows errors in scanning similar to Compile Errors)
7. FORWARD-TRACING	(shows Forward Tracing of Performed Routines)
8. HELP	(HELP for Control/SE)
9. INDEX	(provides an INDEX of all reports and their size)
10. OPEN	(shows all OPENs within each Performed Routine)
11. PERFORM-ANALYSIS	(shows PERFORM ERRORs in the Program)
12. PERFORMED-ROUTINES	(shows a listing of all Performed Routines)
13. SQL	(shows SQL documentation for SQL data-name access)
14. Cn/	(see explanation on next page) *3
15. n FIRST	(see explanation on next page) *4
16. Copy-Member-Name	(see explanation on next page) *5

^{*}See Notes on operands for *1 through *5 on next page.

To ensure that all wanted analysis information you need later when doing editing, it is necessary to check the options wanted versus the DEFAULT options provided. Use the //USERSEL DD with ADD, OMIT, and FORMAT commands shown in this section in the sub-heading 'How to use //USERSEL DD to override DEFAULTS' to make any needed changes to the ANALYSIS created.

Notes on operands:

- 1. When a Data Division data-name is entered as in (**FIND &USER-DATA-NAME**), then complete Data Division and Procedure Division Narrative is available. See **Exhibit 1** in this section.
- 2. When a Performed-Name is entered, as in (**FIND &G-COMPARE-TR-CODE**), then Forward Tracing is shown from that Performed Routine forward. See **Exhibit 2**.
- 3. When a reference is made to a field in a COPY Member, the sequence number shown in Data Division Narrative for that field is given in the format (Cn1/n2) where n1 represents the sequential number of the COPY (e.g. first, second, etc.) and n2 represents the sequential number of the line of code within this COPY member. To use a successful FIND here on &Cn/ where n equals a number of the COPY member in the program as shown in the narrative, that COPY member must have been included with one of two commands as shown below:
 - c. ADD COPY=ALL or
 - d. ADD COPY=member-name

Adding in this COPY member, brings this COPY member into the added ANALYSIS for viewing by the technician while maintaining the COBOL program. You may also do a FIND &INDEX to see what COPY members this is for.

4. Using a FIND similar to following: **(FIND & 345 FIRST)** allows using the sequence number of ANOTHER-NAME (see below **@ 345**) in the narrative of JUST-SELECTED-NAME to go to the narrative for ANOTHER-NAME.

```
MOVE JUST-SELECTED-NAME TO ANOTHER-NAME @345 (2018)
```

To use this feature, requires generating an @number in the narrative and requires the use of the following ADD command added to those commands entered within //USERSEL DD as follows:

ADD @

5. To Select on a Copy-Member-Name, one or more COPY members must be brought into the analysis information with either an ADD COPY=ALL or ADD COPY=member-name entered within //USERSEL DD as follows:

ADD COPY=ALL

or

ADD COPY=member-name

Selectively limiting the CHANGE command within ISPF

Besides using the **FIND** with an & preceding an **operand** to provide helpful ANALYSIS information during editing within ISPF in Control/SE, there is one more helpful hint that the user of Control/SE should be aware of, and that is the use of the **CHANGE ALL** command.

A **CHANGE ALL** command if not limited within Control/SE will make the requested change not only in the COBOL program, but also within all the ANALYSIS information provided.

Depending on the user preference and on the change being made, the user **may** or **may not** want to do a Global change to include all the ANALYSIS information.

If the user does **NOT** want to do a global change there is an easy way to limit the CHANGE commands used to the range of the COBOL program beginning with 10 to 15 seconds of setup every time the Control/SE Cobol program with added analysis information is brought into the editor as shown here:

Initial Setup after Control/SE program is loaded into editor

Do the following to get to the end of the COBOL program and beginning of Control/SE Analysis information

```
Command ===> F &ENDSOURCE
```

The editor window will appear similar to the following:

Now modify the ENDSOURCE LINE going into columns 1-6 and enter as a label, the two characters (.E) <u>anywhere</u> in columns 1-6 as follows:

This label .E will stay in place for the length of the ISPF EDIT session and may now be used in a range of the Change Command. See next sub-heading 'Using a range within the CHANGE ALL command'.

Using a range within the CHANGE ALL command

The CHANGE ALL command allows a range to be inserted after the two change operands and before the ending ALL as follows:

C operand-1 operand-2 range-begin range-end ALL

To limit the search from the beginning of the COBOL program, use the label • **ZF** as <u>range-</u>begin.

To limit the search to stop at the end of the COBOL program, use the label $\bullet E$, created just after the editor was loaded as range-end.

The effective CHANGE command with range of the COBOL program is as follows, once INITIAL SETUP is done as shown in the last heading.

C operand-1 operand-2 .ZF .E ALL

An example follows:

C 'MAST-' 'MASTER-' .ZF .E ALL

The above CHANGE will limit the changing to just the range of the COBOL program.

Use of ISOLATE program

Once editing of the COBOL program is finished in Control/SE, the excess ANALYSIS at the end the program needs to be removed and the resulting COBOL program needs to be stored back on a COBOL only library or PDS.

The ISOLATE program within Control/SE is used to do just that. More instructions on using this ISOLATE program with user JCL or executing an ISOLATE PROC is shown in the next section of this manual, 'Isolate Only COBOL Program'.

Automatic additional Backup of COBOL Source

When the COBOL program is brought into Control/SE, a backup copy of the source code is made to the file specified under BCKUPCOB.

The CSE PROC should already be set up to point this BCKUPCOB DD file to a separate PDS.

Each time the CSE PROC is run, the most recent copy of the source code is saved on this file.

Availability of Alternate Compile Listing Report

When the Control/SE source file with added ANALYSIS is created, an Alternate Compile Listing report is generated.

A description of this report that has been generated within this manual. See the section in this manual labeled 'Alternate Compile Listing Reports Description' for more on the Alternate Compile Listing.

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Examples of ANALYSIS available through unique FINDs

Examples are given in this heading for each of the operands shown below. These work in the DDM created in PDF format or when the user issues an ISPF format: ===> **F &Operand**Note - The examples while shown in ISPF format work equally well in PDF format searches.

Operands available in Control/SE

```
1. Data Division Field Name
                                      (provides total analysis for this data field)
2. Performed Paragraph / Section
                                      (show forward tracing from this routine)
3. CALL
                                      (CALL Analysis)
4. COPY
                                      (COPY Member Analysis)
5. CODE-NOT-USED
                                      (Unused fields, unused 01 records, and dead P-D code)
6. ERRORS
                                      (shows errors in scanning similar to Compile Errors)
7. FORWARD-TRACING
                                      (shows Forward Tracing of Performed Routines)
8. HELP
                                      (HELP for Control/SE)
9. INDEX
                                      (provides an INDEX of all reports and their size)
10. OPEN
                                      (shows all OPENs within each Performed Routine)
11. PERFORM-ANALYSIS
                                      (shows PERFORM ERRORs in the Program)
12. PERFORMED-ROUTINES
                                      (shows a listing of all Performed Routines)'
                                      (shows SQL documentation for SQL data-name access)
13. SQL
14. Cn/
                                      (Referencing a COPY field)
15. n FIRST
                                      (Referencing another field)
                                      (Viewing a COPY member)
16. Copy-Member-Name
```

```
EDIT
           USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -
              F &MAST-LAST-NAME
Command ===>
brings into editor detail like the following:
            &MAST-LAST-NAME
   (0247)
         In 32-51 of 01 MAST-RECORD
         In FILE SECTION
                     PIC X(20)
      01
            PROGRAM-ENTRY
        02
                C-HANDLE-MAST-REC
        02
                L-PUT-OUT-SELECTED-MAST-RECS
         03
                    P-DO-LAST-NAME-EDITING
     C-HANDLE-MAST-REC
         MOVE MAST-LAST-NAME TO TRANS-LAST-NAME (367)
     L-PUT-OUT-SELECTED-MAST-RECS
         IF MAST-LAST-NAME NOT = SPACES (742)
     P-DO-LAST-NAME-EDITING
         MOVE SPACES TO MAST-LAST-NAME (866)
```

Exhibit 1 - Data Division Field Name

Both Data Division and Procedure Division information is available along with Forward Tracing of the Performed Routines involved with the use of this data field.

```
EDIT
               USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -
Command ===> F &B-PRODUCE-OUTPUT-FILE
brings into editor detail similar to the following:
                 &B-PRODUCE-OUTPUT-FILE
      362
 6
      432
                   &B190-RETURN-NEXT-RECORD
 (See #2)
                      FILEIO-ERROR-ROUTINE
      444
                   &B200-CHECK-FOR-A-NEW-HDR THRU B299-EXIT --> (3 Performs)
 9
      556
                     &B600-PRINT-ANY-SEQ-NBRS THRU B699-EXIT --> (2 Performs)
 10
      594
                       &B900-WRITE-OUTPUT-RECORD
 (See #10)
                      B900-WRITE-OUTPUT-RECORD --> (5 Performs)
      503
                     &B400-SHOW-NO-PERF-ERRS THRU B400-EXIT
 (See #10)
                        B900-WRITE-OUTPUT-RECORD --> (2 Performs)
 12
      407
                   &B100-DO-ALL-RECORDS THRU B199-EXIT --> (Perform/UNTIL)
 13
      574
                     &B700-GET-CODE-MATCH THRU B799-EXIT
```

Exhibit 2 - Performed Paragraph / Section

Forward Tracing beginning from selected routine B-PRODUCE-OUTPUT-FILE is shown

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F &CALL

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

#CALL REPORT	•	&CA	LL			
205	PROG	ENTRY	&PERF05	USING	4	PARAMETERS
C6/56		CALL	&DCDPRINT	USING	1	PARAMETER
C6/60		CALL	&DCDPRINT	USING	1	PARAMETER
254		CALL	&DOCLOSE	USING	1	PARAMETER
316		CALL	&DOCLOSE	USING	1	PARAMETER
350		CALL	&DOREAD	USING	3	PARAMETERS
342		CALL	&DOWRITE	USING	2	PARAMETERS
229		CALL	&EDITSEQ2	USING	2	PARAMETERS

Exhibit 3 - CALL Analysis

Sequence Number C6/56 shows reference to the 56th line in the 6th COPY member See INDEX report for a listing of all COPY members in any given program

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F ©

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

#COPY REPORT		©	
DATA DIVISION	183	COPY	DCDLINK
DATA DIVISION	136	COPY	DCDPREC
DATA DIVISION	134	COPY	DDACLNBR
DATA DIVISION	178	COPY	EDITSEQC
DATA DIVISION	132	COPY	FILEINFO
PROCEDURE DIV	613	COPY	PDERSECT

Exhibit 4 - COPY Analysis

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F &CODE-NOT-FOUND

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

#CODE-NOT-FOUND &CODE-NOT-FOUND

&Unreferenced PARAGRAPHs and SECTIONs for TESTPROG

Before removing any routine, check to be sure that FALL THRUs are not intended

Unused SECTIONS

Seq Number Section/Paragraph Name Message or Warning

554 R-CORRECT-MAST-CODE SECTION not externally referenced

&Unused 01 Records and 77 Entries for Prog: TESTPROG

Seq Number Lvl Field Name 187 01 SN1-RECORD

Caution: The REDEFINES record after above record is USED!

201 01 S1-RECORD

&Unused Data Names for Prog: TESTPROG

Exhibit 5 - Code-Not-Found Report

Three types of reports are listed in this report (Unused 01 Records, Unused Fields, & Dead Code)

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F &ERRORS

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

ERROR MESSAGES 05/27/2015 14:42 PAGE 02

SQ-NBR MSG-NBR DESCRIPTION

00287 CSEM5J01-W THE NAME (TR-ACCT-NBR2) DOES NOT MATCH TO A DATA DIVISION NAME

TOTAL NUMBER OF W LEVEL MESSAGES = 1

TOTAL NUMBER OF MESSAGES = 1

Exhibit 6 - Errors found

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F &FORWARD-TRACING

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

	#FOI	RWARD	TRACING	&FORWARD-TRACING					
1		205	&PROGRA	AM-ENTRY					
3		296	&A-RE	EAD-IN-PERF01-FILE					
4		347	&A1	L90-READ-NEXT-RECORI	D>	(2 P	erforms)		
5		602	8	FILEIO-ERROR-ROUTI	NE				
6		324	&A1	L00-DO-ALL-RECORDS	THRU	A199	-EXIT>	(Perform	n/UNTIL)
(See	#5)	F	FILEIO-ERROR-ROUTIN	E>	(2 P	erforms)		
7		362	&B-PF	RODUCE-OUTPUT-FILE					
8		432	&B1	L90-RETURN-NEXT-REC	ORD				
(See	#5)	F	FILEIO-ERROR-ROUTIN	E				
9		444	&B2	200-CHECK-FOR-A-NEW-	-HDR :	THRU	B299-EXIT	> (3	Performs)

Exhibit 7 - Forward Tracing Report

Show Forward Tracing of Performed Routines from Program-Entry. Also, see Example 1 for Selected Forward Tracing for each data field.

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F &HELP

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

#HELP &HELP

HELP for Control/SE

Control/SE is software for COBOL programs. It has three parts:

- 1. An Editable Source File with viable ANALYSIS info added to it.
- 2. An 'Alternate Compile Listing' with special added ANALYSIS.
- 3. A Summary Management System maintains Analysis Info by program.

Editable Source File:

- a. See Control/SE User's Manual or Control/SE Quick Start Guide for more information on CSE JCL that creates this Editable File.
- b. After creating an Editable Source File use ISPF to edit this file rather than a traditional COBOL member. See 'ISPF Editing' below.
- c. After editing is complete, run ISOLATE JCL to isolate just source code. See Control/SE Quick Start Guide for ISOLATE JCL example.

Exhibit 8 - HELP

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F &INDEX

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

#INDEX	&INDEX	·			
#COBOL PROGRAM	HAS	814	RECORDS		
#ENDSOURCE	HAS	1	RECORDS		
#HELP	HAS	18	RECORDS		
#CALL REPORT	HAS	18	RECORDS		
#COPY REPORT	HAS	7	RECORDS		
#PERFORM-ANALYSIS	HAS	24	RECORDS		
#COPY=FILEINFO	HAS	18	RECORDS	C1/	
#COPY=DDACLNBR	HAS	50	RECORDS	C2/	
#COPY=DCDLINK	HAS	778	RECORDS	C3/	OMITTED
#COPY=PDERSECT	HAS	70	RECORDS	C4/	
#OPEN REPORT	HAS	6	RECORDS		
#SQL REPORT	HAS	75	RECORDS		
#NARRATIVE REPORT	HAS	2,569	RECORDS		
#FORWARD TRACING	HAS	36	RECORDS		
#CODE-NOT-FOUND	HAS	52	RECORDS		OMITTED
#ERRORS	HAS	3	RECORDS		OMITTED
#PERFORMED-ROUTINE	HAS	19	RECORDS		OMITTED

Exhibit 9 - INDEX Report

The index report shows how many records are in each category and may be used to assist in controlling the size of the expanded COBOL Source file with added Analysis Information

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F &OPEN

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

#OPEN REPORT &OPEN REPORT

(0038) &MAST-INP-FILE

C-HANDLE-MAST-REC

OPEN Input MAST-INP-FILE (367)

(0041) &MAST-OUTPUT-FILE

L-PUT-OUT-SELECTED-MAST-RECS

OPEN Extend MAST-OPUTPUT-FILE (742)

End of FD OPEN & SORT Info

Exhibit 10 - OPEN Analysis

All OPEN and all SORT/USING and SORT/GIVING files are shown The Performed Routine just ahead of the OPEN file is available

EDIT USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -

Command ===> F &PERFORM-ANALYSIS

brings into editor detail similar to the following:

#PERFORM-ANALYSIS &PERFORM-ANALYSIS

PERFORM Warnings & Major Errors

Count Type & Seq Nbr(s)

01 GO TOs leaving the range of a PERFORM MAJOR PERFORM ERROR 403

PERFORM & GO TO activity

Count	Тур	e & Seq Nb	r(s)				
12	PERFO	RM SECTION	s				
222		249	251	255	285	287	291
301		317	345	353	438		
30	PERFO	RM Paragra	phs				
304		307	310	376	383	386	390
396		397	410	414	420	425	429
550		563					
10	GO TO	Paragraph	ន				
233		320	328	333	384	403	559
606		C6/34	C6/40				

Exhibit 11 - PERFORM-ANALYSIS

Shows Minor, Moderate & Major Perform Errors and all Perform and GO TO activity

```
USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -
EDIT
Command ===> F &PERFORMED-ROUTINES
brings into editor detail similar to the following:
#PERFORMED-ROUTINES &PERFORMED-ROUTINES
SEQ# Count Performed Routine
205
           1 PROGRAM-ENTRY PROGRAM-ENTRY
296
           1 PERFORM
                           A-READ-IN-PERF01-FILE
324
           1 PERFORM THRU A100-DO-ALL-RECORDS
                                                          A199-EXIT
                                        UNTIL=1
347
           2 PERFORM
                           A190-READ-NEXT-RECORD
362
           1 PERFORM
                           B-PRODUCE-OUTPUT-FILE
407
           1 PERFORM THRU B100-DO-ALL-RECORDS
                                                          B199-EXIT
                                        UNTIL=1
432
           1 PERFORM
                           B190-RETURN-NEXT-RECORD
           4 PERFORM THRU B200-CHECK-FOR-A-NEW-HDR
444
                                                          B299-EXIT
                         Exhibit 12 - Performed Routines
           USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -
EDIT
Command ===> F &SQL
brings into editor detail similar to the following:
#SQL REPORT
                     &SQL REPORT ( &DB2 )
(0032) &FIRSTNAME
       DECLARE-CURSOR-SELEC FIRSTNAME (71)
   A-FIRST-MAINLINE
       EXECUTE FIRSTNAME (78)
       INSERT-SELECT FIRSTNAME (86)
   B-SUB-MAINLINE-RTN
       CREATE-VIEW-SELECT FIRSTNAME (110)
(0041) &DD-2ND-ACCT
       CREATE-WHERE-SELECT DD-2ND-ACCT (67)
   A-FIRST-MAINLINE
       DELETE-WHERE DD-2ND-ACCT = (75)
  B-SUB-MAINLINE-RTN
       CREATE-WHERE-SELEC DD-2ND-ACCT = (107)
(0045) &ACCT-KEY1
       OPEN-USING ACCT-KEY1 (68)
       UPDATE-SET = ACCT-KEY1 (73)
   B-SUB-MAINLINE-RTN
       UPDATE-SET = ACCT-KEY1 (113)
       SELECT-ALL ACCT-KEY1 (115)
       SELECT-WHERE-FROM ACCT-KEY1 (115)
(0047) & ACCT-KEY3
   A-FIRST-MAINLINE
       FETCH-INTO ACCT-KEY3 (82)
End of SQL Info
```

Exhibit 13 – SQL report of accessed data fields

```
EDIT
           USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -
Command ===> F &C2/
brings into editor detail similar to the following:
#COPY=DDACLNBR
                    &DDACLNBR &C2/
                                 COPY
                                       DDACLNBR
    01
        EN-ERROR-NUMBER-12-POS.
            EN-ACL-AND-SUBSYS-AND-PROG.
            10 EN-LEADING-SPACES
                                         PIC X(02)
                                                        VALUE SPACES.
           EN-LOC-AND-SEV.
        05
            10 EN-ACL-CONSTANT
                                         PIC X(03).
            10
                EN-SUBSYS-AND-PROGRAM.
                15 EN-ACL-SUB-SYSTEM
                                         PIC X(01).
                15 EN-ACL-PROGRAM
                                         PIC X(01).
            10 EN-PROG-3-CHARS
                                         PIC X(03).
            10
                EN-DASH-AND-SEV-LEVEL.
                15 EN-DASH
                                         PIC X(01).
                15 EN-SEVERITY-LEVEL
                                         PIC X(01).
```

Exhibit 14 - Referencing a COPY field

Also, the COPY member must have been selected with a COPY=ALL or COPY=member in //USERSEL DD

```
EDIT
           USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -
Command ===> F &459 FIRST
brings into editor detail similar to the following:
(0459)
         &MAST-ACCT
                                              &459&
      In 113-121 of 01 MAST-RECORD
      In WORKING-STORAGE
                     PIC X(09)
   C-HANDLE-MAST-REC
       MOVE TRANS-ACCT-NBR @247 TO MAST-ACCT (1267)
   D-TEST-ACCT-DIFFERENCE
       IF MAST-ACCT > 003500000 (1421)
See (MAST-ACCT @459) below as the basis of using ( F &459 FIRST) above.
                              (user previously in narrative for this field)
    (0247) &TRANS-ACCT-NBR
        In 31-39 of 01 FD-TRANS-RECORD
        In FILE SECTION
                    PIC X(09)
     C-HANDLE-MAST-REC
        MOVE TRANS-ACCT-NBR TO MAST-ACCT @459 (1267)
*To use this feature, requires the insertion of @number in the narrative, using the ADD @ command within
the //USERSEL DD.
```

Exhibit 15 - Referencing another field

```
USERID.CSEPDF(PROGRAMA) -
Command ===> F &DCDPREC
brings into editor detail similar to the following:
 #COPY=DCDPREC
                      &DCDPREC
                                  &C3/
      * *
                                     COPY DCDPREC
       01
           PRINT-RECORD.
                                         PIC X(001)
           05
               PRINT-CCC
                                                       VALUE SPACES.
                                         PIC X(132)
           05
               PRINT-REST-LINE
                                                       VALUE SPACES.
                                         PIC X(003)
           05
               FILLER-TO-136
                                                       VALUE SPACES.
               PRINT-PASSED-ADDRESS
                                         PIC X(004)
                                                       VALUE SPACES.
           0.5
                                         PIC X(001)
           05 PRINT-USE-FILE-SW
                                                       VALUE SPACES.
                                                          VALUE 'P'.
                    PRINT-USE-PRINT-FILE
                88
                    PRINT-USE-SYSTRACE-FILE
                                                          VALUE 'S'.
                    PRINT-DO-NOT-OPEN-REPORT-FILE
                                                          VALUE 'J'.
           05
               PRINT-NO-ERRORS-SW
                                         PIC X(001).
                88
                    PRINT-NO-ERRORS
                                                          VALUE 'Y'.
                88
                    PRINT-RESET-DCDPRINT-SWITCH
                                                          VALUE 'R'.
```

Exhibit 16 - Viewing a COPY member

To do a FIND by Copy Member Name, the COPY member must have been selected with a COPY=ALL or COPY=member in the //USERSEL DD.

Specifying PARM Options

The Build the Editable Source File is controlled by the use of PARM options included within the PARM field. However, when using CSE PROCs to execute the Build the Editable Source File Facility, the entering of PARM fields is done by means of PROC Symbolics.

This heading lists the PARM options along with a description of the use of each option. Also, in the next heading is a list showing corresponding PROC Symbolics for PARM options.

How these PROC Symbolics are entered into the JCL is shown in many ways in the Sub-heading: "Use of CSE PROCs and Symbolics" in this section.

This heading is provided to make the user aware of the way in which PARM fields are used to specify options for CSE. For a complete list of the options available and more information on executing the Alternate Compile Facility: finish reviewing this heading, review the heading on "Use of CSE PROCS and Symbolics," then consult the Table of Contents and go to the beginning headings in this section.

Options to control execution are provided through the use of PARM fields. The user provides control information and uses the PARM field as the means to pass this information through to the CSE program.

Two types of control fields may be entered via the PARM field.

- 1. Keyword options which consist of:
 - a. A leftmost identifying field
 - b. An equals (=) sign
 - c. A value field following the equal sign
- 2. Non-keyword options which consist of:
 - a. A leftmost identifying field (with or without the two letters NO ahead of it)

Keyword options should be enclosed in single apostrophes as shown here:

```
'LNCNT=60'
```

There is no reason to enclose non-keyword options in single apostrophes.

The following shows the PARM field for indicating the printing of the Source Listing Report both with and without the prefix NO ahead of it:

```
SOURCE
NOSOURCE
```

When NO precedes the PARM field specified, the option is turned off. When the PARM option is specified without the NO prefix, the option is turned on.

For both non-keyword and keyword PARM fields, the following information applies:

- 1. Most of the PARM fields are of the non-keyword type.
- 2. For non-keyword PARM fields and for the leftmost identifying field in a keyword PARM field, the field may be abbreviated to the first 3 characters. The following examples are provided:

'LNC=60' SOU NOSOU

3. When the PARM option is not specified in the PARM field, then an internally specified default is used. This default is provided for every non-keyword and for every keyboard option in this manual by the use of an underline. Two examples are provided:

LNCNT=nn LNCNT=60 SOURCE NOSOURCE

The above two examples indicate that the default is to print 60 lines per page and that unless otherwise specified, the Source Listing Report is to be printed.

4. PARM fields must be separated by commas. Also, the entire PARM field should be enclosed by parentheses. An example follows:

```
PARM=(SOU, NOCALL, NOCOPY, 'LNCNT=58', LIT)
```

5. PARM fields may be placed in any order within the parentheses.

The PARM field itself is a keyword parameter which follows the PGM=keyword on the JCL EXEC statement. An example follows:

```
//STEP1 EXEC PGM=CSE, REGION=8192K,
//PARM=(SOU, CAL, NOLIT, 'SOR=800000')
```

The users may execute CSE programs by providing their own JCL or they may use PROCs (catalogued JCL) which are listed in this manual and should be available for use at your installation.

Sample JCL for invoking CSE without the use of a PROC is provided in this manual. However, all the examples used in this manual are provided with the assumption that the user is using standard PROCs provided with this software package.

When using CSE PROCs, PARM fields are entered through the use of PROC Symbolics. Entering the PARM fields through the use of symbolics is done in a different manner from what has been shown here for entering the PARM fields. The use of these symbolics is discussed in the next heading, "Use of CSE PROCs and Symbolics."

PARM Options

ASKIP Account for SKIP1, SKIP2, and SKIP3 lines in the CSE Source Listing Report.

NOASKIP

Produce the CALL Statements Report.

CALL NOCALL

DYCALLS Add Dynamic CALL information to the CALL report.

NODYC

CICS This option is always turned on. However, for CICS COBOL programs, the CICS

program should be run through the CICS pre-processor prior to being run through

Control/SE.

Forces an older compiler standard where COPY statements on the same line with an 01 **COF NOCOF**

record with a different 01 record name in the COPY member will use the 01 name within

the COPY rather than the 01 record preceding it.

COPY Produce the COPY Statements Report. For CICS, DL1, or DB2 programs also produce a

NOCOPY separate INCLUDE report if INCLUDEs are found.

Use when COBOL 68 is used. C68

DDC Produce the Data Division Condensed Cross Reference Report.

NODDC

This option is always turned on. However, for DL1 COBOL programs, the DL1 DL1

Programs should be run through the DL1 pre-processor prior to being run through CSE.

Print a warning message for data names not found in the Data Division when resolving DNF

NODNF Procedure Division statements.

NOERRORS may be used to omit the printing of errors. A summary count of all errors **ERRORS**

NOERRORS is still provided. This does not affect the return code produced by CSE.

Produce the Figurative Constants Report. **FGCONSTS**

NOFGCONSTS

FTB This option is for printing FROM-TO field positions relative to the 01 record that the FTO field belongs to. FTB prints the FROM-TO field positions in columns 73-80 if these

NOFTO columns are not already used. FTO forces the FROM-TO in 73-80 positions. F16 This option will insert the FROM Field position in columns 1 through 6.

HFT Use HEXADECIMAL rather than DECIMAL FROM-TO positions in 73-80. IDDLITS NOIDDLITS Include Data Division Literals in the LITERALS report.

IEJECT

Ignore EJECT lines when creating the CSE Source Listing Report.

NOIEJECT

INVALID Insure ERROR messages are on and produce additional messages showing possible NOINVALID INVALID DISPLAY NUMERIC errors with invalid literal or MOVE to redefined

Alphanumeric field.

<u>IREFS</u> NOIREFS This option produces Indirect References showing where verb activity resides In REDEFINES, overlapping field positions and group fields for this field.

IRn (n=1-6) Use IR1 to IR6 to limit Indirect References to following: IR1 (Indirect Changed),

IR2 (Indirect Used), IR3 (Indirect Tested), IR4 (Indirect Changed & Used),

IR5 (Indirect Used & Tested), IR6 (Indirect Changed & Tested).

IRN Force Indirect Narrative even if there is no direct narrative.

IRX Keep Indirect References in main report, eliminating overflow report.

<u>LITERALS</u> NOLITERALS Produce the Literals Report.

LNCNT=nnn LNCNT=60 Sets the maximum lines per page for all CSE reports. Up to three digits may be

Used in specifying LNCNT.

NIS Re-arrange the SORT sequence of the COBOL narrative produced by DCD into

Primary sequence by compiler sequence number rather than a verb name.

NRSPACE NONRSPACE Inserts a blank line in the Data Division of the Source Listing Report between the last line of narrative for one data name and the next data name line in those cases

where the next data name line also has narrative associated with it.

NUC Convert all NARRATIVE produced by CSE to UPPER Case Characters.

<u>PDC</u> Produce the Procedure Division Condensed Cross Reference Report. NOPDC If SECTIONs are present, also produce a just SECTIONs report.

RESOLVE Expand COPYs encountered in the source program. If COPY members are not

NORESOLVE resolved numerous warnings may appear for missing data names.

SRESOLVE NOSRESOLVE Expand COPY ... SUPPRESS statements.

NOSKEBOLVE

SRESOLVE Expand COPY ... SUPPRESS statements.

NOSRESOLVE

SORTREG=nnnnnn SORTREG=0810000 Indicates the SORT region size in bytes. If encountering problems with SORT REGION, increase this amount slightly as needed and ensure that the number in

DCB=BUFNO=nn on DCD work files is kept to 5 or smaller. REGION must be more than SORTREG. Keep SORTREG at 0810000.

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SOURCE Print or suppress the Source Listing Report. While running in Compile Mode if

NOSOURCE NOSOURCE is specified, the compiler source listing is printed.

SPREGS Produce the Special Registers Report.
NOSPREGS

<u>U01</u> Produce a report at the end of the Alternate Compile Listing showing all unused NOU01 01records. See Heading 'Unused 01 Records and Unused Data Names'.

UNUSED Use option UNU to turn off all three unused reports (U01,UDN,UPARAS).

<u>UDN</u> Produce a report at the end of the Alternate Compile Listing showing all unused

NOUDN data names. See Heading 'Unused 01 Records and Unused Data Names'.

UNUSED Use option UNU to turn off all three unused reports (U01,UDN,UPARAS).

This report will be turned off, if there are no data names or if NOIREF is specified.

<u>UPARAS</u> Produce a report at the end of the Alternate Compile Listing showing all unused

NOUPARAS Paragraphs & Sections. See Heading 'Unused Paragraph and Section Names'.

<u>UPIGNORE</u> The default UPI option IGNORES reporting unused Paragraphs or Sections that are in the range of a PERFORM or PERFORM THRU. Use NOUPI to report these

routines as unused. Use option UNU to turn off all three unused reports

(U01,UDN,UPARAS).

<u>UNREF</u> Print or suppress un-referenced data names and paragraph names in the Data

NOUNREF Division and Procedure Division Condensed Cross Reference Reports.

<u>VERB</u> Produce Condensed VERB Report.

NOVERB

VR3 Emulate 1974 Version 3 COBOL (and earlier versions), in which compiler line NOVR3 numbers are not generated for SKIPs and EJECTs. For use in Compile Mode.

VS2 Use NOVS2 for COBOL older programs prior to the 1985 COBOL standard.

NOVS2 When VS2 is used, RESERVED WORDS for the latest release of COBOL (ENTERPRISE COBOL) are checked for. To force using a different release, such as IBM-COBOL, insert a //DCD.VERSION DD to check for a different version

of COBOL. See page F-8, item number 5 of this manual for instructions on use of

the VERSION DD.

Corresponding PROC Symbolics

PARM Option	Corresponding PROC Symbolic	PARM Option LNCNT=nnn	Corresponding PROC Symbolic LINECNT=nnn,
ASKIP NOASKIP	default OTHER='NOASK,'	NIS NUC	OTHER='NIS,'
CALL NOCALL	CALL=, CALL=NO,	NRSPACE	OTHER='NUC,' OTHER='NRS,'
DYCALLS NODYCL	default OTHER='NODYC,'	PDC NOPDC	CPROCDV=, CPROCDV=NO,
CICS	always on	PMO NOPMO	default OTHER='NOPMO,'
COPY NOCOPY	COPY=, COPY=NO,	QUOTE NOQUOTE DETERMINE	OTHER='QUO,' default OTHER='DET,'
C68	OTHER='C68,'	RESOLVE	default
DDC NODCC	CDATADV=, CDATADV=NO,	NORESOLVE	RESOLVE=NO,
ERRORS NOERRORS	default OTHER='NOERR,'	SRESOLVE NORESOLVE	default OTHER='NOSRE,'
	•	SORTREG=nnnnnn	SORTREG=nnnnnn,
FGCONSTS NOFGCONSTS	FIGCON=, FIGCON=NO,	SOURCE NOSOURCE	SOURCE=, SOURCE=NO,
FTB FTO NOFTO	default OTHER='FTO,' OTHER='NOFTO,'	SPREGS NOSPREGS	default SPREGS=NO,
HFT	OTHER='HFT,'	UNREF NOUNREF	UNREF=, UNREF=NO,
IDDLITS NOIDDLITS	OTHER='IDD,' default	U01, UDN, UPA, UPI NOU01	default OTHER='NOU01'
IEJECT NOIEJECT	OTHER='IEJ,' default	NOUDN NOUPA and/or NOUP I	OTHER='NOUDN,' OTHER='NOUPA,NOUPI,'
INVALID NOINVALID	OTHER='INV,' default	VERB NOVERB	default OTHER='NOVER,'
IREFS NOIREFS IR1-IR6, IRN, IRX	default OTHER='NOIRE,' OTHER='IRx,' x=1-6,N,X	VR3 NOVR3	OTHER='VR3,' default
LITERALS NOLITERALS	LITERAL=, LITERAL=NO,	VS2 NOVS2	default OTHER='NOVS2,'

Note: The PROC symbolic OTHER is used to enter PARM options for which there are no corresponding symbolics. When multiple PARM options are entered they are separated by commas. (e.g. - OTHER="infty" NOASK, NOVS2")

Use of CSE PROCs and Symbolics

The execution of CSE, as with other software, is made easier using cataloged JCL (PROCs).

This heading provides general information about using PROCs to execute CSE. It also provides general information about the use of PROCs and specifically symbolic parameters.

USE OF SYMBOLICS

The use of symbolics when used in a PROC, is an easy way of providing a substitute value within the cataloged JCL just prior to execution of that JCL.

When a symbolic is used in the JCL, it must be preceded by an ampersand (&). An example follows:

```
//CSEWK01 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE= (CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
```

The two symbolics are &WORK and &BUF. Prior to execution, these symbolics must be replaced with valid or real values.

Typically, default values for these symbolics are provided within and at the top of the PROC as shown here:

```
//DCDACL PROC WORK=SYSDA, BUF=5
```

The ampersand (&) is not used when listed at the top of the PROC. It is only used when embedded within the actual JCL where the substitution value will be placed.

See the 'CSE PROC' heading to identify the use of symbolic parameters within that PROC.

To use symbolics during the execution of the PROC to override the default defined within the PROC, just add the symbolic in the following format after the EXEC procname. An example follows:

```
//STEP1 EXEC CSE,WORK=DISK,BUF=4
```

Look again at the CSE PROC and look at the use of symbolics within the PARM field and also at the corresponding symbolic at the top of the PROC. The following symbolics are listed below:

```
//CSE PROC SOURCE=,
// CALL=,
.
.
.
// PARM=(&SOURCE.SOU,&CALL.CAL,...)
```

Notice that SOURCE= and CALL= have no value associated with them. When the symbolics & SOURCE along with the terminating period and &CALL along with the terminating period are removed and replaced with no value, the substitution JCL looks as follows:

```
// PARM=(SOU,CAL,
```

which matches the manner in which PARM fields were shown in the previous heading. To turn an option off with the DCDACL PROC, use a symbolic=NO on the EXEC line. An example follows:

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDACL,SOURCE=NO
```

The resulting PARM field after replacement of &SOURCE will look like this:

```
// PARM=(NOSOU,CAL,
```

Most of the options are turned on or off within CSE PROCs by either providing no value after the symbolic or by using symbolic=NO on the EXEC PROC JCL. An example follows:

```
//CSE EXEC CSE,SOURCE=,
// CALL=NO,
// COPY=,
// FIGCON=NO
```

In the above JCL, the Source Listing Report and COPY Statements Report will be produced while the CALL Statements and Figurative Constants Reports will not be produced.

It is important to note that the symbolic used within the PROC and the PARM option are not always the same. For example:

PARM field: FGCONSTS Symbolic: FIGCON

Also, the PARM field FGCONSTS may be abbreviated to 3 characters, while the symbolic may not be abbreviated and must be used as shown.

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CSE PROC

```
PROC SOURCE=,
                                * PRODUCE SOURCE
//CSE
                                                                 REPORT
                                * PRODUCE
//
              CALL=,
                                           CALL
                                                                 REPORT
//
              COPY=,
                                * PRODUCE
                                           COPY
                                                                 REPORT
              FIGCON=,
                                * PRODUCE FIGURATIVE CONSTANT
//
                                                                 REPORT
                                * PRODUCE
//
              LITERAL=,
                                          LITERAL
                                                                 REPORT
//
                               * PRODUCE
              SPREGS=,
                                           SPECIAL REGISTER
                                                                 REPORT
//
                               * PRODUCE
              CDATADV=,
                                           CONDENSED DATA DIV
                                                                 REPORT
                               * PRODUCE
//
              CPROCDV=,
                                           CONDENSED PROC DIV
                                                                 REPORT
//
              RESOLVE=,
                                * RESOLVE COPY MEMBERS WHEN FOUND
                                * INCLUDE UNREF NAMES IN CROSS REFERENCE
              UNREF=,
//
//* USE NAME=NO TO TURN OFF REPORT (E.G. COPY=NO TO OMIT COPY REPORT)
              OTHER=',', * USED TO ENTER OTHER PARM OPTIONS
//
              LINECNT=60,
                                * NUMBER OF LINES TO PRINT PER PAGE
//
//
                                * USE TO CHANGE NUMBER OF BUFFERS
              BUF=5,
              PRINT='*',
                                * SEND PRINTER OUTPUT TO MSGCLASS
//
              PROGRAM='',
//
                             PROGRAM= REQUIRED
              REG=08196K,
//
                                * REGION SIZE
//
              SORTREG=0810000, * USE 0810000 OR (1024000 AND REG=12288K)
                                * UNIT=SYSDA, DISK OR OTHER
//
              WORK=SYSDA
//*
     MARBLE COMPUTER, INC. 1-800-252-1400 PROC=CSE
                                                           RELEASE 2.2
//*
                                                              LM080117
//CSE
           EXEC PGM=CSEMAIN, REGION=&REG,
      PARM=(&SOURCE.SOU, &CALL.CAL, &COPY.COP, &FIGCON.FGC,
//
//
            &LITERAL.LIT, &SPREGS.SPR, &CDATADV.DDC, &CPROCDV.PDC,
//
            &RESOLVE.RES, &UNREF.UNR, &OTHER,
//
            'SOR=&SORTREG','LNC=&LINECNT')
//*
     INSERT STEPLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//* ANALYSIS DD DSN=PREFIX.CSE.ANALYSIS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//* BCKUPCOB DD DSN=PREFIX.CSE.BCKUPCOB(&PROGRAM), DISP=SHR
               DUMMY, DCB=(LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=3120)
//CLEANUP
//COBOLIN
                DSN=PREFIX.PROD.COBOL(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
            DD
                DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.CNTL(DCDCNTRL),DISP=SHR
//CONTROL
            DD
//* INSERT COPYLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//CSEANAL
                DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=3120
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK01
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,3)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK02
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK03
            DD
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK04
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK05
//CSEWK06
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK07
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,3)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK08
            DD
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK09
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,3)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,3)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK10
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK11
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK12
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK13
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK14
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,4)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD
//CSEWK15
//CSEWK16
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK17
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK18
//CSEWK19
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,1)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEWK20
```

(continued next page)

```
//CSEERROR DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1)),DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (3,5)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSORTIN
           DD
//CSORTOUT DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(3,5)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//CSEDEBUG DD DUMMY, DCB=(BLKSIZE=6120, LRECL=90)
//CSEWK110 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(3,5)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DDMHELP
           DD DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.CNTL(DDMHELP),DISP=SHR
//DEBUGFOR DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=130
//* EDITFILE DD DSN=PREFIX.CSE.EDITFILE(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//ERRORFL DD SYSOUT=*
//FORTRACE DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(1,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//FORWORK
           DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
           DD DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.CNTL(CSEHELP),DISP=SHR
//HELP
//PRINT
           DD DSN=&TPRINT, DISP=(MOD, PASS), SPACE=(CYL, (3,30)),
         DCB=(RECFM=FBA, LRECL=133, BLKSIZE=1330), UNIT=&WORK
//PRINTACL DD SYSOUT=*
           DD DSN=SYS1.SORTLIB, DISP=SHR
//SORTLIB
//SORTMESS DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SORTWK01 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK,(100),,CONTIG)
//SORTWK02 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK,(100),,CONTIG)
//SORTWK03 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
           DD SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=121
//SYSOUT
//SYSTRACE DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//* SUMMARY DD DSN=PREFIX.CSE.SUMMARY,DISP=SHR
//* * SUMMARY DD DO NOT ADD (&PROGRAM) AFTER DSN=FILE
//* VERSION DD DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.VERSION,DISP=SHR
```

CSE PROC (continued from previous page)

Summary Management System

The Summary Management System in Control/SE allows keeping the most recent information stored in a very easy to get to format on a Partitioned Data Set by program member name for the following topics:

- 1. Unused 01 Records
- 2. Unused Data Names (not in a COPY Member)
- 3. Dead Procedure Division Code
- 4. Perform Errors (Major, Moderate, AND Minor)
- 5. Performed Routines
- 6. Program CALLs
- 7. Program COPYs
- 8. Forward Tracing
- 9. Program OPENs
- 10. Program SQL data-name access

To turn this feature on, an ADD SUMMARY command, must be included within the //USERSEL DD. See the example just below for including this command.

```
//USERSEL DD *
ADD SUMMARY
FORMAT 3
ADD CODE-NOT-USED
ADD PERFORMED-ROUTINES
```

Besides including the ADD SUMMARY command, it is recommended to use FORMAT 3 (the default, rather than FORMAT 2 or 1), and to also turn on the CODE-NOT-USED feature along with the PERFORMED-ROUTINES feature to fully populate all Summary Records.

The PDS file holding these summary records may be found within the CSE PROC under the //SUMMARY DD. After running Control/SE on a program, go to that created member name under the Summary PDS and go into BROWSE mode of ISPF and see the Summary information provided there like what is shown in the example below:

Sample Output for the Summary Management System BY PROGRAM

SUMMARY MANAGEMENT REPOR	RT FOR (PROGRAM CALLS)		
231 PROG ENTRY	TESTPROG		
298 CALL	DOCLOSE	USING	1 PARAMETER
326 CALL	DOCLOSE	USING	1 PARAMETER
439 CALL	DOWRITE	USING	2 PARAMETERS
320 CALL	OPINPUT	USING	1 PARAMETER
292 CALL	OPOUTPUT	USING	1 PARAMETER
318 CALL	SHELL208		
315 CALL	SORTR208		
C3/7 CALL	TESTCNBR	USING	2 PARAMETERS
SUMMARY MANAGEMENT REPOR	RT FOR (PROGRAM COPYS)		
DATA DIVISION 201	COPY DATADIV2		
DATA DIVISION 185	COPY FILEINFO		
PROCEDURE DIV 451	COPY PRDIV2		
PROCEDURE DIV 247	COPY PROCDIV1		
SUMMARY MANAGEMENT REPOR	RT FOR (PERFORM ERRORS)		

```
PERFORM Warnings & Major Errors
        Type & Sequence Number(s)
 03
      GO TOS leaving the range of a PERFORM MAJOR PERFORM ERROR
   444
            C4/9
                   C4/16
 01
      Backward GO TO's
                                                    MODERATE PERFORM ERROR
  652
PERFORM & GO TO activity
Count Type & Sequence Number(s)
 12 PERFORM SECTIONS
            250
                               293
                                        295
                                                    299
                                                             321
   244
                      259
            327
  323
                      446
                                447
                                         C4/8
 12 PERFORM Paragraphs
                                          420
                                                             430
  334
            376
                      390
                                402
                                                    426
            458
  C4/15
                      474
                                492
                                          532
 07 GO TO Paragraphs
            338 422
                               444
                                          C4/9
                                                   C4/16
   276
                                                             465
SUMMARY MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR (PROGRAM OPENS)
(0025) MERGED-OUTPUT-FILE
      Open Output MERGED-OUTPUT-FILE (242)
  P-SORT-OUTPUT-PROCEDURE
      Open Output MERGED-OUTPUT-FILE (455)
(0033) DEBUG-OUTPUT-FILE
      Open Input DEBUG-OUTPUT-FILE (C3/6)
      Open Extend DEBUG-OUTPUT-FILE (249)
(0041) ANAL-WORK-FL
      Open Extend ANAL-WORK-FL (234)
  NA-WITHIN-COPY-PRDIV2
      Open Output ANAL-WORK-FL (C4/5)
 End of FD OPEN & SORT Info
SUMMARY MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR (FORWARD TRACING)
    231 PROGRAM-ENTRY
2
    267
             C-BUILD-NARR-FILE-TO-MERGE
3
    289
              M-MERGE-THREE-FILES-TO-ONE
4
    560
                FILEIO-ERROR-ROUTINE --> (4 Performs)
                 N-SORT-INPUT-PROCEDURE
5
    331
6
    387
                  N220-LOOK-FOR-MATCH THRU N299-EXIT --> (Perform/UNTIL)
7
    408
                     N410-TEST-CAT-SEQ-IN-IPT-RANGE THRU N499-EXIT -->
                                    (Perform/VARYING)
                       N450-RELEASE-SORT-RECORD
8
    424
9
    436
                         N500-WRITE-OUT-SORT-RECORD THRU N599-EXIT -->
                                    (2 Performs)
(See #4)
                          FILEIO-ERROR-ROUTINE
10 C4/2
                          NA-WITHIN-COPY-PRDIV2
11
    C4/20
                             NB-DUMMY-RTN
                             NB010-FIRST-PARA
12
   C4/21
(See #9)
                    N500-WRITE-OUT-SORT-RECORD THRU N599-EXIT -->
                                    (2 Performs)
(See #9)
                   N500-WRITE-OUT-SORT-RECORD THRU N599-EXIT
(See #9)
                 N500-WRITE-OUT-SORT-RECORD THRU N599-EXIT --> (4 Performs)
                  N410-TEST-CAT-SEQ-IN-IPT-RANGE THRU N499-EXIT -->
(See #7)
A-56
                    Marble Computer, Inc. – The Software Maintenance Company
```

Special Notes when using ISPF

- 1. In this version of Control/SE, when one or more ENTRY verbs are used, Forward Tracing may in some instances not include the performed routines accessed from PERFORMs right after an ENTRY verb, but where there is no direct link to the ENTRY via forward tracing from the beginning of the Procedure Division.
 - **a.** Marble will work with any users wishing to report instances where they are not handled correctly.

Control/DCD – One Program Documentation

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JCL Examples using CSE PROC

Minimum JCL to execute Control/SE

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE, PROGRAM=UserProg
```

In this example VERSION defaults to ENTERPRISE COBOL.

The COBOLIN for input program DSN and needed COPYLIB DSNs are set in the CSE PROC.

Also, in this example, FORMAT 3 Narrative and other defaults are in place.

Modifying VERSION of COBOL & specifying INPUT & COPYLIBs

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE,PROGRAM=UserProg
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.cobolPDS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.COPYLIB,DISP=SHR
//CSE.VERSION DD *
VS-COBOL-II
```

In this example VERSION is set to VS-COBOL-II and the user is responsible for specifying the correct COBOL Program DSN and appropriate COPYLIBs Also, in this example, FORMAT 3 Narrative and other defaults are in place.

Modifying FORMAT from default Format 3 to FORMAT 1

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE,PROGRAM=UserProg
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.cobolPDS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.COPYLIB,DISP=SHR
//CSE.USERSEL DD *
FORMAT 1
```

In this example VERSION defaults to ENTERPRISE COBOL.

Also, in this example, FORMAT 1 Narrative is used with Narrative in Verb Sequence and with NO included Performed Routine Names.

Bringing in ALL COPY members, except member MAINMAST

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE,PROGRAM=UserProg
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.cobolPDS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.COPYLIB,DISP=SHR
//CSE.USERSEL DD *
ADD COPY=ALL
OMIT COPY=MAINMAST
```

In this example ALL copy members are brought in for viewing, except member MAINMAST.

(continued next page)

Bringing in COPY member TRAN101 and MAST100

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE,PROGRAM=UserProg
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.cobolPDS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.COPYLIB,DISP=SHR
//CSE.USERSEL DD *
ADD COPY=TRAN101
ADD COPY=MAST100
```

In this example TWO selected copy members are brought in for viewing.

Including Code not used

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE,PROGRAM=UserProg
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.cobolPDS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.COPYLIB,DISP=SHR
//CSE.USERSEL DD *
ADD CODE-NOT-USED
```

In this example Data Division Unused Records, Unused (non-COPY) data fields and Unused Procedure Division code report are included.

Using FORMAT 2 Narrative and modifying how it is presented

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE,PROGRAM=UserProg
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.cobolPDS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.COPYLIB,DISP=SHR
//CSE.USERSEL DD *
FORMAT 2
OMIT DD-ATTRIBUTES
ADD INDEXED
ADD INDIRECT
```

In this example Narrative is presented in Procedure Division sequence **without** including Performed Routine name ahead of the Procedure Division verb. Additionally, DD-ATTRIBUTES are turned off, but INDEXED BY clause and INDIRECT references are added.

(continued next page)

Using FORMAT 3 Narrative and modifying how it is presented

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE,PROGRAM=UserProg
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.cobolPDS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.COPYLIB,DISP=SHR
//CSE.USERSEL DD *
ADD @
```

In this example FORMAT 3 Narrative is defaulted to and presented in Procedure Division sequence **with** included Performed Routine name ahead of the Procedure Division yerb.

Additionally, within the Narrative generated, other names in the narrative will have an @number clause (see below @573) added after the name to allow doing a (FIND &number FIRST)

to find to the other name in the verb. An example of **@number** is shown below: MOVE THIS-NAME TO OTHER-NAME **@573** (1102,1364)

Using FORMAT 1 Narrative and modifying how it is presented

```
//CSESTEP EXEC CSE,PROGRAM=UserProg
//CSE.COBOLIN DD DSN=userid.cobolPDS(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//CSE.COPYLIB DD DSN=userid.COPYLIB,DISP=SHR
//CSE.USERSEL DD *
FORMAT 1
ADD DD-ATTRIBUTES
OMIT NAME
```

In this example FORMAT 1 Narrative is used to present narrative in Verb sequence **without** including Performed Routine name ahead of the Procedure Division verb.

Additionally, within the Narrative generated, DD-ATTRIBUTES are added.

Also, with the use of OMIT NAME, the # character will be used to replace the data name this narrative is for in all the Procedure Division verbs present in the narrative. See example below where # replaces name TR-ACCT-NAME in two MOVEs and an IF:

```
(0134) &TR-ACCT-NAME

MOVE # TO MAST-ACCT-NAME (581)

MOVE # TO WS-ACCT-NAME-HOLD (682)

IF WS-ACCT-NAME-HOLD = # (719)
```

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Control/DCD

Isolate Just the COBOL program

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Control/DCD

Isolate Just the COBOL Program

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Control/DCD – Isolate Just the COBOL Program

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Introduction to the Isolate Just the COBOL Program

CSE is designed to allow editing of a COBOL file that has additional analysis information added to the source file to assist the COBOL technician in doing the maintenance.

After the editing is finished, the Control/SE COBOL file is complete, with the addition of additional analysis information that needs to be removed to complete the process of maintaining a COBOL program for compiling and permanent saving.

The ISOLATE facility here provides JCL and an optional PROC for isolating the COBOL program from the expanded source COBOL file with added analysis information.

The input to this step must be the COBOL file with analysis information created using the 'Build Alternate Source File' facility feature of CSE. This is found in the //EDITFILE DD in the CSE PROC.

The output from this step should be the COBOL library (Production or other) where the technician goes to access the COBOL program.

The JCL necessary to execute this step follows next in this section of the manual.

Control/DCD – Isolate Just the COBOL Program

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JCL needed to run ISOLATE program

The following JCL is needed to run the ISOLATE program. This JCL and program it invokes should only be run after running STEP 1 to build an editable COBOL file with analysis information and then ISPF editing changes made to that file is completed, requiring a need to run this JCL to isolate the COBOL source for compiling and permanent saving.

Provide a correct userid in the JCL as needed.

Change the names of the LOADLIB, CSE.COBOL, and PROD.COBOL as needed for your installation.

Change progname, used twice, to the name of the COBOL program being accessed.

PROC provided with the Isolate Only COBOL program

This PROC is available if the user prefers to use this rather than the JCL on the previous page.

The file names in EDITFILE and OUTCOBOL DD's needed to be appropriately modified.

```
//ISOLATE
          PROC
                 PROGRAM=''
//STEP1
                PGM=ISOLATE, REGION=2048K
          EXEC
//* STEPLIB DD DSN=USERID.CSE.LOAD,DISP=SHR
//SYSOUT
            DD
                 SYSOUT=*
//EDITFILE
            DD DSN=USERID.CSE.EDITFILE(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//*
       USER MAY NEED TO SPECIFY
                                    //STEP1.OUTCOBOL
//*
       SIMILAR TO FOLLOWING WITH CORRECT DSN=XX(&PROGRAM)
//*
    OUTCOBOL DD DSN=USERID.USER.COBOL(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//
```

To execute this PROC, use the JCL, similar to the following:

```
//JOBNAME JOB ...
//STEP1 EXEC ISOLATE,PROGRAM=progname
//OUTCOBOL DD DSN=USERID.PROD.COBOL(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
```

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Control/DCD

Alternate Compile Listing Description

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Alternate Compile Listing Description

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Introduction to the Alternate Compile Listing Description

The Alternate Compile Listing Facility of CSE is in the same format as the Alternate Compile Listing of Control/DCD. Control/DCD provides additional information to Control/SE for Management Summary Reports while Control/SE's primary function is to create an editable COBOL file with analysis information for editing. During this process, the Alternate Compile Listing is generated and may be used as separate documentation or for viewing by the user. This listing is described in this section of the manual and provides an alternative listing from the one produced by the COBOL compiler with information provided in a way, which will reduce substantially the time spent in maintaining a COBOL program.

For changes in turning reports on or off or changing options that affect this report, see the first section in this manual, <u>One Program Documentation</u>.

The following CSE reports are available through the Alternate Compile Listing Facility of CSE for replacing significant parts of the COBOL compiler listings:

- 1. Source Listing (Replaces compiler source listing)
- 2. Condensed VERB Report
- 3. CALL Statements
- 4. COPY Statements
- 5. Figurative Constants
- 6. Literals
- 7. Special Registers
- 8. Data Division Condensed Cross Reference (Replaces compiler data name cross reference)
- 9. Procedure Division Condensed Cross Reference (Replaces compiler procedure name cross reference)
- 10. Unused Paragraphs and Sections
- 11. Unused 01 Records
- 12. Unused Data Names
- 13. Overflow report for Indirect References
 (Only exists for fields with multiple lines of Indirect References Most Indirect References are shown in the Data Divisions)

Samples of the reports produced by the Alternate Compile Listing Facility along with a description of each are provided in this section. See "Overview of Alternate Compile Listing Reports".

The output reports for the Alternate Compile Listing Facility are reported on the PRINTACL DD in the CSE PROC.

Control/DCD - Alternate Compile Listing Description

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Overview of Alternate Compile Listing Reports

1. Source Listing

The Alternate Compile Listing Source Listing is the main report. While other CSE and compiler cross reference reports center around the Source Listing Report, most maintenance of the COBOL program in CSE is done without consulting cross-reference reports.

Besides holding a listing of the COBOL program, the CSE Source Listing Report also contains uniquely formatted cross-reference information. The formation of this information is done in one format for the Data Division and is done in another format for the Procedure Division.

DATA DIVISION

In the Data Division part of the listing, formatting is done as follows:

- 1. A Procedure Division look-alike statement is generated.
- 2. The data name from the left-hand side of the listing is represented by an # on the right hand side of the listing.
- 3. The compiler sequence number of the Procedure Division Statement(s) is put in parentheses.

For example, the statement:

```
05 WS-NEXT-COLUMN PIC S9 (4) COMP VALUE ZERO. > Add 1 to # (1019)
```

indicates that a Procedure Division statement ADD 1 TO WS-NEXT-COLUMN will be found at compiler line number 1019 within the program.

If another data name is involved in the associated Procedure Division statement, then the compiler (or Control/SE) sequence number of that data name is given following an @ character.

For example:

```
05 WS-NEXT-COLUMN PIC S9(4) COMP VALUE ZERO. > If # = WS-MAX-COLUMN @321 (1005)
```

If the same Procedure Division statement is used more than once, then multiply sequence numbers are provided. For example:

```
05 WS-NUMBER-TIMES PIC S9(3) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO. > Move WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS @322 to # (939,962,1017)
```

In some instances, only a part of the Procedure Division statement is provided. For example:

```
05 WS-NUMBER-TIMES PIC S9(3) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO. > Perform-Until # = ZERO (951,974,1031)
```

Most instances, however, have the entire COBOL statement from the Procedure Division shown. For example:

05 WS-NUMBER-TIMES PIC S9 (3) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO. > Subtract 1 from # (1040)

In many cases, where the Procedure Division statements are similar, but relate to different operands, the narrative will not reprint the left most part of the Procedure Division statement that is unchanged between the similar statements. For example:

```
05 WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS PIC S9 (3) COMP-3 VALUE +5. > If # = 3 (942,965,1022,1050), 4 (945, 968,1025, 1064) Move 03 to # (497), 04 to # (501)
```

When no narrative appears along side a Data Division name, this indicates that the data name is unreferenced.

When narrative is present, Indirect References will also be shown for procedure division Activity that is present for redefined fields of this field and other group field and any field that has overlapping field positions of this field. See bolded line just below.

* * *

SQ-NBR 16 PROGRAM-ID DCDLOGIC 01/0	01/01 14:56 PAGE 09 7380 # REFERS TO DATA-NAME AT THIS SQ-NBR
320 014000 05 WS-NEXT-COLUMN	PIC S9 (4) COMP VALUE ZERO. > Add 1 to # (1019) If # > WS-MAX-COLUMN @321 (1005) Move 02 to # (1008) Set # to W34-INDEX @276 (1041) Set W34-INDEX @276 TO # (1020) Indirectly Changed @ 318
321 014100 05 WS-MAX-COLUMN	PIC S9 (4) COMP VALUE +34 > If WS-NEXT-COLUMN @320 > # (1005) If WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS @322 > # (1007) Move 34 to # (893) Indirectly Changed @ 318
322 014200 05 WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS	PIC S9 (3) COMP-3 VALUE +5. If #= 3 (942,965,1022,1050), 4 (945,968, 1025,1064) > If #> WS-MAX COLUMN @321 (1007) Move # to WS-NUMBER-TIMES @324 (939, 962, 1017) Indirectly Changed @ 318
323 014300 05 WS-NARR-CODE-INC	PIC S9 (3) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO. > Compute S-WORK-NARRATIVE-CODE @299 = # (682, 694, 705) Move 03 to # (674), 06 to # (678), ZERO to # (670) Indirectly Changed @ 318
324 014400 05 WS-NUMBER-TIMES	PIC S9 (3) COMP-3 VALUE ZERO. > Move WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS @322 to # (939, 962, 1017) Perform-Until # = ZERO (951, 974, 1031) Subtract 1 from # (1040) Indirectly Changed @ 318
325 014500 05 WS-RECORDS-TO-SORT	PIC S9 (9) COMP VALUE ZERO.

Exhibit 1

Source Listing Report - Data Division

PROCEDURE DIVISION

The cross-reference information for the Procedure Division accommodates two types of information.

a. **SQ-NBR=S**

The first type references back to the Data Division (Procedure Division statements such as MOVE or ADD referencing a data name which resides in the Data Division). For these, CSE provides a sequence number referencing the line where the data name resides in the Data Division. For example:

```
1017 MOVE WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS TO WS-NUMBER-TIMES. 322 324
```

The first data name, WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS, is documented by the first number on the right, 322, which points to the Data Division sequence number where WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS resides. The second number, 324, references the Data Division sequence number where WS-NUMBER-TIMES resides. See Exhibit 8.

b. LOGIC FLOW

The second type, references transfer of control statements such as GO TO or PERFORM, with references to or from another area of the program or statements, which reference an external program. CSE handles these by providing appropriate narrative on the right and (if not external to the program) by providing a sequence number of where the transfer of control is going to or coming from. An example of a GO TO is provided here:

1028 GO TO B999-EXIT. GO TO 1044

1044 B999-EXIT. COMES FROM GO TO 1028

If the transfer of control statement is conditional on the action of an IF, AT END, or other conditional statement, then the four letters COND will precede the generated narrative. See the GO TO in Exhibit 8.

PERFORMS are handled in the following manner:

1030	PERFORM B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN THRU B599-EXIT.	PERFORM 1036 THRU 1042
	•	
	· ·	
1036	B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN.	PERFORMED BY 1030
	•	
1042	B599-EXIT. EXIT.	RETURN TO PERFORM AT 1030

Statements that transfer control to or from another program are documented accordingly with statements such as:

PR	OCEDURE DIVISION.	BEGIN OF PROGRAM
	CALL 'DCDPRINT'.	CALL TO EXTERNAL PROGRAM
	GOBACK.	GOBACK

* * *

SQ-NBR 1
1018 033500 1019 033500 ADD 1 TO WS-NEXT-COLUMN. 320 3276 320 3270 32800 IF WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS
1019
1020
1021 033800
1022
1023
1024
1025 034200 IF WS-MAX-PD-DIGITS = 4 322 1026 034300 SET FL2-INDEX TO 2 292 1027 034400 ELSE
1026
1027 034400 ELSE 1028 034500 GO TO B999-EXIT. COND GO TO 1044 1029 034600 1030 034700 PERFORM B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN THRU B599-EXIT PERFORM 1036 THRU 1042 1031 034800 UNTIL WS-NUMBER-TIMES = ZERO. 324 1032 034900 1033 035000 B299-EXIT. EXIT. RETURN TO PERFORM AT 880 1034 035100 1035 035200 1035 035200 1035 035200 1035 035200 1036 035300 B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 276 1038 276 276 1038 276 1038 276 276 276 276 276 276 276 276 276
1028 034500 GO TO B999-EXIT. COND GO TO 1044 1029 034600 PERFORM B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN THRU B599-EXIT PERFORM 1036 THRU 1042 1031 034800 UNTIL WS-NUMBER-TIMES ZERO. 324 1032 034900 PERFORM S00-FLOAT-FL2-IN THRU B599-EXIT 1033 035000 B299-EXIT. EXIT. RETURN TO PERFORM AT 880 1034 035100 RETURN S00-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1035 035200 PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276 1038 276 PERFORMED BY 950 P73 1030 1037 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038 1038
1029 034600 1030 034700 PERFORM B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN THRU B599-EXIT PERFORM 1036 THRU 1042 1031 034800 UNTIL WS-NUMBER-TIMES = ZERO. 324 1032 034900 1033 035000 B299-EXIT. EXIT. RETURN TO PERFORM AT 880 1034 035100 1035 035200 1036 035300 B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276
1030 034700 PERFORM B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN THRU B599-EXIT PERFORM 1036 THRU 1042 1031 034800 UNTIL WS-NUMBER-TIMES = ZERO. 324 1032 034900 1033 035000 B299-EXIT. EXIT. RETURN TO PERFORM AT 880 1034 035100 1035 035200 1036 035300 B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276
1031 034800 UNTIL WS-NUMBER-TIMES = ZERO. 324 1032 034900 1033 035000 B299-EXIT. EXIT. RETURN TO PERFORM AT 880 1034 035100 1035 035200 1036 035300 B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276
1032 034900 1033 035000 B299-EXIT. EXIT. RETURN TO PERFORM AT 880 1034 035100 1035 035200 1036 035200 1036 035300 B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 292
1033 035000 B299-EXIT. EXIT. RETURN TO PERFORM AT 880 1034 035100 1035 035200 1036 035200 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 292
1034 035100 1035 035200 1036 035300 B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 292
1035 035200 1036 035300 B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276
1036 035300 B500-FLOAT-FL2-IN. PERFORMED BY 950 973 1030 1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276
1037 035400 MOVE FL2-ALPHA-POS (FL2-INDEX) TO W34-POS (W34-INDEX). 291 292 275 276 1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276
1038 035500 SET FL2-INDEX UP BY 1. 292 1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276
1039 035600 SET W34-INDEX UP BY 1. 276
1041 035800 SET WS-NEXT-COLUMN TO W3-INDIMENS. 320 276
1042 035900 B599-EXIT. EXIT. RETURN TO PERFORM AT 973 1030
1042 036000 1043 036000 REFORM AT 9/3 1030
1044 036100 B999-EXIT. COMES FROM GO TO 1028
1045 036200 EXIT. END OF OUTPUT PROCEDURE FROM 511

Exhibit 2

Source Listing Report - Procedure Division

2. Condensed VERB Report

The Condensed VERB Report shows all references for each VERB in the Procedure Division. Some verbs such as PERFORM are broken up into two categories (e.g. PERFORM & PERFORM THRU)

The Verb sequence numbers are listed in a string of numbers at the right of VERB.

The following sequence is used for this report:

- 1. VERB
- 2. Sequence Number

See Exhibit 9 below for an example of the Condensed VERB Report.

VERB REPORT FOR PROG103										
ACCEPT ADD	1203 982	1569 995	2045 1256	1290	1337	1498	1499	1503	1602	
CLOSE COMPUTE DISPLAY	1572 1545 2041	1547 2042	1549 2043	1551 2163	1623	1625	1627	1629	1660	1783
STRING SUBTRACT WRITE	1802 961 1337	984 1924	1927	2011	2013					

Exhibit 3
Condensed VERB Report

3. CALL Statements

The CALL Statement Report shows all ENTRYs into a program and CALLs out of a program in a concise report provided for quick and easy analysis of CALL activity.

For Dynamic CALL names, up to two extra lines may precede the documentation for this line show any Data Division literal and any immediate 'MOVE literal to Dynamic-Call-Name'.

Each ENTRY or CALL is listed on one line. The number of parameters associated with that ENTRY or CALL is also listed on the same line along with a sequence number for finding the ENTRY or CALL within the program.

The following sequence is used for this report:

- 1. CALL name (or ENTRY name)
- 2. Sequence number in the Procedure Division of where the CALL or ENTRY is found.

4. COPY Statements

The COPY Statements Report gives a listing of all COPY members used within the program and for CICS, DL1 & DB2 programs fives a listing of all INCLUDE members.

Each COPY statement is listed on one line. Additional information associated with the COPY statement such as SUPPRESS, the REPLACING clause and the clause OF LIBRARY-NAME have their presence indicated as shown in Exhibit 10. The division where the COPY statement resides is also shown, as is the sequence number of where the COPY statement may be found.

The following sequences are used for this report:

- 1. COPY text-name
- 2. Sequence number of where the COPY statement resides

See Exhibit 10 below for an example of CALL & COPY statement formatting.

CALL STATEMENTS	S						
482 CA 653 CA 702 CA	ALL I ALL I ALL I	DCDLOGIC DCDPRINT DCDPRINT DCDPRINT DCDSTAMP	USING USING USING	1 2 2	PARAMETER PARAMETERS PARAMETERS		
COPY STATEMENTS DATA DIVISION DATA DIVISION DATA DIVISION INCLUDE STATEME	N 344 N 105 N 204	COPY COPY COPY	DCDLINK PARATYP2 PDNARTBL		SUPPRESS I	REPLACING	OF LIBRNAME
DATA DIVISION DATA DIVISION	N 356 I	NCLUDE PDI					

Exhibit 4 CALL and COPY Statements Reports

5. Figurative Constants

The Figurative Constants Report lists occurrences of each Figurative Constant by sequence

number of where they occur in the program.

Figurative Constants include the following:ZERO(S) (ES), SPACE(S), HIGH-VALUE(S), LOW-VALUE(S), QUOTE(S) and ALL literal.

For purposes of listing the Figurative Constants, the plural and single form of the word are

treated and listed as one. For example, ZERO, ZEROS and ZEROES are listed as ZERO(S) on the report.

ALL literals are listed in the Literals Report, not in the Figurative Constants Report. The

Literals Report directly follows the Figurative Constants Report. Any occurrences of the ALL

literal are listed first within the Literals Report. See Exhibit 12.

The following sequence is used for this report:

- 1. Figurative Constants in alphabetic order
- 2. Sequence number of where the Figurative Constant is used.

See Exhibit 11 for an example of formatting of the Figurative Constants Report.

~ ~ ~

FIGURATIVE CONSTANTS

LOW-VALUE(S) SPACE(S)	095 098	0,7	486 328	.,,	322	334	336	394	487	494	568	633	645	662
STREE(S)	0,0								1018		200	033	0.15	002
ZERO(S)	101 667	171 671	172 681						320 776					
	00/	0/1	081	/04	/08	/13	/19	/04	//0	780	191	030	943	902

Exhibit 5

Figurative Constants Report

6. Literals

The literals Report lists all occurrences of ALL literal, nonnumeric literals within quotes and numeric literals by sequence number of where they occur in the program.

ALL literal items are listed first, putting them closer to the Figurative Constants Report just above or ahead of this report.

Thirty characters are provided for listing the non-numeric literal including the quotes that surround them. If the literal is not over 28 characters, then the entire non-numeric literal is shown. If the literal is over 28 characters, then only the first 26 characters are shown, followed by two periods and the ending quote. See Exhibit 12 for two examples of a literal over 28 characters long.

The following sequence is used for this report:

- 1. ALL literals are placed ahead of other literals
- 2. Literal value (for non-numeric literals, the surrounding quotes also figure in the sorting sequence)
- 3. Sequence number of where the literal is used

See Exhibit 12 for an example of the Literals Report.

		7	• • •	r							
LITERALS											
ALL'9'	849	850	858	864	1007						
+34	321										
+5	322										
'PF2'	486										
'PF3'	493										
'000 UNUSED'	254	256									
'0726 ALTER NNNN TO PROCED'	1082										
'1'	369	397									
'2'	370										
'3'	371										
'A'	398										
'COND'	1098										
'DCDLOGIC END WS DCDLOGIC'	340										
'E'	457										
'1'	424										
'N'	383	502	871	888	892						
' 0'	460										
'Y'	144	147	329	331	333	335	337	353	356	358	361
	375	378	382	386	389	393	404	407	410	419	426
	442	445	472	537	619	742	851	859	893	906	932
01	178	627	896								
1	959	982	1030	1039	1049	1050	1051				
2	957	980	1037								
	953	954	976	977	1033	1034	1061				

Exhibit 6

Literals Report

7. Special Registers

The Special Registers Report lists all occurrences of Special Registers.

Special Registers refer to compiler generated areas that may be used in conjunction with specific COBOL features. The following are examples of Special Registers:

- 1. CURRENT-DATE
- 2. DATE
- 3. DEBUG-ITEM
- 4. DEBUG-SUB-1
- 5. LINAGE-COUNTER
- 6. RETURN-CODE
- 7. SORT-RETURN
- 8. TALLY
- 9. TIME

Only those Special Registers found within the program will be listed in this report. If no Special Registers are used, the report will not appear.

The following sequence is used for this report:

- 1. Special Registers
- 2. Sequence number of where the Special Register is used.

See Exhibit 13 for an example of the Special Registers Report.

* * *

SPECIAL REGISTERS

CURRENT-DATE 744
RETURN-CODE 604 843 849 1283
TIME-OF-DAY 746

Exhibit 7

Special Registers Report

8. Data Division Condensed Cross Reference

The Data Division Condensed Cross Reference Report provides an alphabetic listing of the data names within the Data Division.

What is unique about this report is that no references are given to the Procedure Division statements that reference the data name. The only sequence number given points to the field's location within the Data Division. The cross reference given at that location within the Source

Listing Report gives in COBOL everything that happens to this field.

Besides listing the data name and the sequence number of its location, four characters are reserved alongside the listing to provide the following information about the data field:

- 1. The level number (01-49, etc.) associated with this field
- 2. The letter G for those fields which are GROUP items
- 3. The letter's INDX for index items
- 4. The letter's FILE for file names

It is recommended that this report be used in place of the compiler cross reference when using the CSE Source Listing Report for the following reasons:

- 1. The Cross Reference Report is a much less used report when using the CSE Source Listing Report.
- 2. The narrative alongside each field in the Data Division provides a complete cross reference for that field.
- 3. The Condensed Cross Reference saves approximately 70% of the paper generated by a compiler cross reference.

The following sequence is used for this report:

- 1. Data name
- 2. Sequence number of the data name

See Exhibit 8 for an example of this report.

01/01/	2001	15:26	DATA DIVISION	CO	NDEN	SED CROSS REFERENCE FOR I	OCD	LO	GIC	PAGE	E 27	7
05	0316	AL-ALTER-CMPLR-NBR	:	88	0370	LINK-PRINT-JCL-DSNAME	:	88	0120	PAR-2-LAST-TOKEN	-IN-	
PROG												
05	0317	AL-ALTER-COLUMN-NE	3R :	88	0375	LINK-PRINT-LAYOUTS	:	88	0147	PAR-2-MULTIPLE-O	PER	
05	0318	AL-GO-TO-CMPLR-NBR	:	20	0374	LINK-PRINT-LAYOUTS-SW	:	05	0146	PAR-2-MULTIPLE-O	PERAN	D
05	0319	AL-PARA-CMPLR-NBR	:	88	0378	LINK-PRINT-LAYOUTS-SW LINK-PRINT-RECORDS05	:	05	0150	PAR-2-NAME-COLU	MN-NU	ſ
G 01	0092	CAFE-DATA-ENVIRON-NA	AME :	20	0377	LINK-PRINT-RECORDS-SW	:	05	0149	PAR-2-NAME-EXP-L	INE-	
NUME	BR											
01	0089	DCDLOGIC-BEGINS-HEI	RE :	88	0382	LINK-PRINT-SOURCE-LISTING	:	88	0129	PAR-2-OUTPUT-PRO	CEDUF	RE
01	0339	DCDLOGIC-ENDS-HERE	:	20	0381	LINK-PRINT-SOURCE-LISTING-SW	7:	88	0130	PAR-2-OUTPUT-		
PROCI	EDUR!	DCDLOGIC-ENDS-HERE E-TH FL-ALPHA-POS FL-INDEX FL-NUMBER-ALPHA FL-NUMBER-NUMERIC										
10	0282	FL-ALPHA-POS	:			LINK-PRINT-SYS-REC-ANAL				PAR-2-PARA-OR-SE		
INDX	0283	FL-INDEX	:	20	0385	LINK-PRINT-SYS-REC-ANAL-SW	:	88	0117	PARA-2-PARAGRAP	H-NAM	ſΕ
G 05	0281	FL-NUMBER-ALPHA	:			LINK-PRINT-UNREF	:			PAR-2-PERFORM		
05	0280	FL-NUMBER-NUMERIC	:	88	0389	LINK-PRINT-VERB-ANALYSIS	:	88	0126	PAR-2-PERFORM-TH	₽RU	
G 01	0279	FL2-NUMBER-RECORD	:	20	0388	LINK-PRINT-VERB-ANALYSIS-SW	:	88	0119	PAR-2-PRIOR-TOKE	N-OF-	
PARA-												
		FL2-ALPHA-POS	:			LINK-PROGRAM-NAME	:			PAR-2-PROGRAM-E		
		FL2-INDEX	:			LINK-QUOTE-VALUE	: G			PAR-2-RANGES-FOR		
		FL2-NUMBER-ALPHA	: (i 01	0345	LINK-RECORD	:	05	0114	PAR-2-RELEVANT-S	ECTIO	N
		FL2-NUMBER-NUMERIO	: (3 O5	0438	LINK-RELEASE-DATE	:	88	0118	PAR-2-SECTION-NA	ME	
G 01	0286	FL2-NUMBER-RECORD	:	10	0439	LINK-RECORD LINK-RELEASE-DATE LINK-RELEASE-MONTH	:	05	0152	PAR-2-SOURCE-BEG	iIN-NBI	R
05	0288	FL2-NUMBER-RECORD FL2-NUMBER-ZZ-999	:	10	0441	LINK-RELEASE-YEAR	:	05	0155	PAR-2-SOURCE-ENI)-NBR	
10	0348	LINK-100	: (3 15	0350	LINK-REPORT-OPTIONS-1-25`	:	05	0108	PAR-2-SOURCE-LIN	E-	
NUME												
		LINK-100-R1	:			LINK-RETURN-CODE	:			PAR-2-STOP-RUN		
	0404	LINK-100-R2	:	05	0427	LINK-SORT-REGION	:	05	0110	PAR-2-TOKEN-COLU	JMN-	
NBR												
		LINK-ADDR-OF-DCDPR		88			:			PAR-2-VERB-CODE		
		LINK-BASIS	:	88	0400	LINK-SYS-REC-ANAL-DIR-INDIR	:	05	0162	PAR-3-EXPANDED-I	LINE-	
NUME												
		LINK-BASIS-SW	:				:			PAR-3-FILLER		
		LINK-COMPILE-MODE	:			LINK-SYS-REC-ANAL-ONLY-DIR				PAR-3-NARRATIVE		
	0413	LINK-COMPILE-MODE-S	SW :	20	0396	LINK-SYS-REC-ANAL-SW	: G	01	0160	PAR-3-NARRATIVE	FOR-SI	R-
LST												
		LINK-COPY-REPLACE-F		88	0430	LINK-SYSTEM-EXPIRED LINK-SYSTEM-EXPIRED-SW LINK-TIME-OF-DAY		LE		PARA-FILE-2		
		LINK-COPY-REPLACE-F		05	0429	LINK-SYSTEM-EXPIRED-SW				PARA-FILE-3		
		LINK-DO-NOT-PRINT-SI					:			PARA2-NAME		
88	0394	LINK-DO-NOT-PRINT-U	NREF :	88	0433	LINK-TRIAL-TAPE-EXPIRED	:	01	0099	PARA3-NAME		

Exhibit 8

Data Division Condensed Cross Reference

9. Procedure Division Condensed Cross Reference

The Procedure Division Condensed Cross Reference Report provides an alphabetic listing of the paragraph/section names within the Procedure Division. If sections are also used, a separate report shows just SECTIONs and is shown at the end of the Paragraph/Section report.

This report is similar in nature to the Data Division Condensed Cross Reference Report in that no references are given to Procedure Division statements which reference the paragraph or section. The only sequence number given points to its location within the Procedure Division. If the paragraph or section is referenced by other Procedure Division statements such as GO TO or PERFORM, narrative will appear alongside the line in the Source Listing Report where the paragraph or section resides. See Exhibit 8 examples of the narrative that appears alongside the Procedure Division lines that contain a paragraph or section (i.e., lines 1033, 1036, 1042, and 1044).

The format of this report, like the Data Division report, has four characters to provide additional information as follows:

- 1. For paragraph names, these four characters are blank
- 2. For section names, these four characters contain the letters- SECT

Like the previous report, it is recommended that this report be used over the compiler procedure name report for the same reasons given there, among them a 70% savings in paper.

The following sequence is used for this report:

- 1. Paragraph/section name
- 2. Sequence number of the procedure name

See Exhibit 9 for an example of this report.

Control/DCD – Alternate Compile Listing Description

01/01/2001	15:26 PROCEDURE	DIVISIO	N CO	NDENSED CROSS REFERENCE FOR	DCDLOGIC		PAGE 29
0470 FLOAT	003-BUILD-ASSIGN-NAMES	:	0640	A300-GO-TO-DEPENDING	:	0930	B140-TEST-FOR-NUM-1-
0494	010-REBUILD-PDNARTBL-COPY	:	0666	A399-EXIT	:	0953	B150-TEST-FOR-NUM-2-
	020-SORT-DATA-NAMES	:	0668	A400-PERFORM-TYPE	:	0976	B170-MOVE-IN-
NARRATIVE							
	090-GOBACK	:	0714	A499-EXIT	:	0983	B180-WRITE-NARR-
RECORD	A DIW D WORK DECORDS		0515	ACCOUNTED BARA		0005	DIGGO DETUDA ANEXE
SECT 0517 RECD	A-BUILD-WORK-RECORDS	:	0/17	A500-ALTER-PARA	:	0987	B1980-RETURN-NEXT-
	B A 010-OPEN-PARA-FILE-2		0775	A599-EXIT		0000	B199-EXIT
	2 A020-READ-FIRST-RECORD	:		A600-CANCEL-PROGRAM			B200-FLOAT-IN-NEXT-
NUMB	THOSE REPORT THE THEORE	•	0770	1000 CHIVELE I ROGICEM	•	1005	B200 I EOMI II (IVEXI
	A030-BUILD-WORK-RECORDS	:	0792	A699-EXIT	:	1011	B210-SET-UP-FOR-FLOAT
0533	3 A040-CLOSE-PARA-FILE-2	:	0794	A700-ALL-OTHERS	:	1033	B299-EXIT
0537	A050-END-OF-INPUT-PROCEDURE	:	0825	A799-EXIT	:	1036	500-FLOAT-FL2-IN
	3 A100-BUILD-WORK-RECORDS	:		A999-EXIT	:		B599-EXIT
	A110-GO-TO	:SECT		B-BUILD-NARRATIVE-RECORDS	:		B999-EXIT
	A120-GO-TO-DEPENDING-ON	:	0830	B010-OPEN-FILE-A	: SECT	1047	C-REBUILD-PDNARTBL-
COPY							
056	A130-PERFORM-TYPE	:	0834	B020-RETURN-FIRST-SORT-REC	:	1048	C010-TEST-MAX-OF-3
057	8 A140-ALTER-PARA		0850	B030-PROCESS-ALL-RECORDS		1062	C020-TEST-MAX-OF-4
	A160-CANCEL-PROGRAM			B030-RETURN-SECOND-SORT-REC			C999-EXIT
	A170-ALL-OTHERS			B040-CLOSE-FILE-3	: SECT		D-CHECK-FOR-INSERT-
COND							
060	A190-READ-NEXT-RECORD	:	0866	B050-END-OUTPUT-PROCEDURE	:	1079	D010-CHECK-LENGTH
0610	A199-EXIT	:	0870	B100-PROCESS-ALL-RECS	:	1084	D020-INSERT-COND
	3 A200-GO-TO	:		B120-CHECK-MATCH-TO-PREV-REC	:	1097	D999-EXIT
063	A299-EXIT	:	0926	B130-SET-UP-EXP-LINE-NBR			
01/01/2001	15:26	SECTI	ONS C	ONLY REPORT FOR DCDLOGIC			PAGE 30
SECT 0517	A-BUILD-WORK-RECORDS	·SECT	1047	C-REBUILD-PDNARTBL-COPY			
	B-BUILD-NARRATIVE-RECORDS			D-CHECK-FOR-INSERT-COND			

Exhibit 9

Procedure Division Condensed Cross Reference

01/01/2001 15:26	INDIRECT REFERE	ICES (See ACL Report for fields not sl	hown here) PAGE 31	
DATA-NAME	SEQ-#	INDIRECT ACCESS FOR THIS FIELD		
LINE-28	00025	ndirectly changed@40,60,80,102,103,104,106	5,107,108,109,111,117,121,125,129,13,133,134,	

Exhibit 10

Overflow Report to Indirect References

Unused 01 Records Report

01 Records that are <u>completely unused</u> are listed in this report along with unused 77 level entries.

Redefined 01 records are shown independently from the 01 record that it redefines.

Sometimes a beginning 01 record is not referenced and is used for setting up VALUEs for a redefined 01 record that follows it. If the first 01 record is not referenced and the next redefined 01 record is referenced, the first 01 record is shown as not referenced and than a CAUTION line is printed showing that the <u>next 01 record is used!</u> Conversely, it is possible to have unused 01 records <u>follow</u> to add space to a previous table. These records should normally not be deleted.

If the first FD 01 record is not unused, including having no OPEN, READ, CLOSE, etc. to the associated FILE name with the FD, than the 01 record is shown as unused, otherwise it will be treated as used. A second, third or more FD 01 record for the same FD will be shown as unused if none of the fields in the respective record including that 01 are unused.

01 records are shown as unused whether or not they reside in a COPY member.

09/01/2012	Unu	sed 01	Records	and 7	77	Entries	for	Prog:	ANAR	PAGE	31
Prog#	Edit#	Lvl	Field	Name							
00092 00216	00092 COPY		WS-BEGIN PRINT-PA			CORD					

Exhibit 11

Unused 01 Records Report

Note – These 3 new Unused reports are also available on a separate //CLEANUP DD with a LRECL of 80 characters and a BLKSIZE of 3120.

Unused Data Names

Only unused 02-49 level entries are shown in this report. 01 record names, 77 level entries, and 88 level entries are not shown. FILLERs are not shown as unused. 02-49 level entries underneath a 66 level RENAMES clause are shown. If the entire 01 record was shown above as unused, then individual 02-49 entries are not shown.

Also, 02-49 level entries within a COPY member are not shown as unused, as it is expected that most names in a COPY are not necessarily used in any one program. To clean up COPY book records use the SRA report in the Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs Section.

When all of the fields within a GROUP field are unused, then the GROUP field will be shown as unused and the individual fields will not be listed. The only time the group field will not be shown is when a larger group field containing this group field is unused.

Caution must be used before removing a field that is shown as unused. The field may be named for documentation where a FILLER could be used and the field could be necessary to proper running of the program. To prevent against removing a field that should be left in place, Indirect References are shown after each field that is shown as unused. The line numbers of where the other fields are that have overlapping field positions to this field are listed. If no Indirect References are listed than the field may be removed. If Indirect References are shown, then they must be examined carefully before removing the listed field.

The 01 record associated for each field shows its line number to assist in examining a field.

09/01/2012				Unused Data Names for Prog: A	NAR		PAGE	32
Prog#	Edit#		Lvl	Field Name				
00054***		01		RECORD****************	contains u	ınused	fields	**
00058	00058		10	NR-REST-OF-NARR Indirectly Changed @54 Used	@ 5 4			<
00060	00060		05	NR-COUNT-OF-INDIRECTS	001			
				Indirectly Changed @54 Used	@54			<
00068***	00068	01	N4-	RECORD**************	contains u	ınused	fields	**
00069	00069		05	N4-CMPLR-NBR				
				Indirectly Changed @68				<
00070	00070		05	N4-NARRATIVE				
00074	00074		05	Indirectly Changed @68 N4-INDIRECTS-FIELD-NOT-USED				<
00074	00074		0.5	Indirectly Changed @68				<
00082***	00082	01	WK-	RECORD****************	contains u	ınused	fields	**
00086	00086		10	WK-REST-OF-NARR				
				Indirectly Changed @82 Used	@82			<
00113**** 00115	00113 00115	01	WS- 05	COUNTS************************************	contains u	unused	fields	**

Exhibit 12 Unused Data Names Report

Note – These 3 new Unused reports are also available on a separate //CLEANUP DD with a LRECL of 80 characters and a BLKSIZE of 3120.

Unused Paragraphs and Sections

Un-referenced Paragraphs and Sections are shown for the entire program, except for those within a DECLARATIVES SECTION. All paragraphs and sections that are present in any Declaratives code are accepted as used and will never be reported as being unused.

The first tag (beyond any Declaratives Section, if present) whether it is a SECTION or a PARAGRAPH name is treated as an implied fall through and is never treated as un-referenced. If the first tag in the program is a SECTION than all paragraphs in that SECTION are treated as a fall through up until the first found STOP RUN, GOBACK, or EXIT, following a coded period within that section. If the first tag in the program is a paragraph name, then all paragraphs are treated as a fall through up until the first found STOP RUN, GOBACK, or EXIT following a coded period or the first found SECTION.

When option UPI (the default) is used to print this report, all paragraphs or sections <u>within a PERFORM range</u> whether it is a perform of a section or a range of paragraphs or sections will not be listed as unused, but will be treated as being used in the range of the PERFORM. To show these paragraphs or sections, use the option NOUPI.

SECTIONS if present and found to be not used, are listed in their own report ahead of PARAGRAPHS.

When a section is shown as being un-referenced, all paragraphs within this section will also be shown as un-referenced within the Paragraph report.

If a SECTION is otherwise un-referenced, but there is either an ENTRY verb into the section or there is a reference to a paragraph within the SECTION, then the SECTION will be listed as un-referenced and an additional line will immediately follow to show the presence of one or more ENTRY verbs and/or the presence of paragraphs being referenced.

If a PARAGRAPH is un-referenced, but there are one or more ENTRY verbs within the paragraph, that the paragraph will be shown as un-referenced, and an additional line will immediately follow to show the presence or one or more ENTRY verbs being present.

Before removing any SECTIONS or PARAGRAPHS, it is up to the user <u>to insure that a fall</u> through does not exist or perhaps the routine's access is commented out and needs to be kept.

If a fall through exists:

If it is intended, then it is recommended that this logic be well documented as to why. If it was not intended, there is the possibility of an existing PERFORM Error and the code should be looked at closely. If the user is unsure whether or not a fall through may exist within the logic, one suggestion is to test for it by adding an additional un-referenced paragraph with a single DISPLAY just ahead of the paragraph or section that shows as being un-referenced. If the DISPLAY is invoked, during any test or production running of the program, then that is proof that a fall through exists and the user is cautioned to look more seriously at why this exists.

If a fall through does not exist, then the paragraph or section with all code may be removed!

09/01/2012 14:27 Unreferenced PARAGRAPHs and SECTIONs for DEMOPGM Page 25
Before removing any routine, check to be sure that FALL THRUs are not intended

Unused SECTIONS

Prog# Edit# Section/Paragraph Name Message or Warning

00560 00506 H-ROUTINE-TO-TEST-BACKUP SECTION not externally referenced

09/01/2012 14:27 Unreferenced PARAGRAPHs and SECTIONs for DEMOPGM Page 26

Before removing any routine, check to be sure that FALL THRUs are not intended

Unused PARAGRAPHS

Prog# Edit# Section/Paragraph Name Message or Warning

00561 00507 H010-ROUTINE-TO-SHOW-CURRENT PARAGRAPH not externally referenced

00567 00513 H999-EXIT PARAGRAPH not externally referenced

09/01/2012 Unused 01 Records and 77 Entries for Prog: DEMOPGM PAGE 27

Exhibit 13

Unused Paragraphs and Sections Report

Note – These 3 new Unused reports are also available on a separate //CLEANUP DD with a LRECL of 80 characters and a BLKSIZE of 3120.

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Release 2.3

Control/DCD

Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs

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CONTROL/DCD

Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

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Use of This Section

This section is designed for Abend Analysis and use in producing other COBOL reports from one or more COBOL programs at one time. Topics that are initially necessary when first starting to use the CONTROL/DCD software package are shown below and will be in the middle of this section or in another section. Topics that are designed to be referenced quickly in everyday use are found in the beginning of this section for quick reference.

When using this manual for the first time, read the following topics first:

- 1. Overview of CONTROL/DCD COBOL Reports
- 2. Use of CONTROL/DCD PARM Options (in Section A)
- 3. Use of CONTROL/DCD PROCs and Symbolics (in Section A)

The second and third topics are covered in the section "Alternate Compile Listing Facility". These topics were also topics necessary for using the Alternate Compile Listing Facility part of the CONTROL/DCD software system.

After reading and reviewing the above topics, continue using this section starting at the top of the Table of Contents.

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Choice of CONTROL/DCD Reports

The following is a list and brief description of the COBOL reports and one file which are available by using the PROCs and PARM options shown in this section. All of the reports listed below are available for one or multiple COBOL programs. A more detailed description with sample reports is available in the "Overview of All Reports", later in this section.

- 1. **CALL** Analysis Report a listing of CALLs and ENTRYs in two report sequences.
- 2. **CALL Hierarchy** Report shows the organization of CALLs in a system.
- 3. **CALL PARAMETERS Analysis** Analyzes Call Parameters from program to program looking for errors in parameter sequence & parameter length.
- 4. **COPY** Analysis Report a listing of COPY member usage in two report sequences.
- 5. System **Data Name Cross-Reference** an expanded cross reference of Data Division names.
- 6. **Data Dictionary** Interface File a file containing useful information for interfacing with a Dictionary or other engineering projects. See the heading, "**Data Dictionary Interface File**".
- 7. System Cross Reference for **Figurative Constants** a listing of the use of figurative constants.
- 8. Layout Report automatic generation of layouts with several options for custom building.
- 9. System Cross Reference for Literals (Also, see "Tracing of Possible Literals" below.)
- 10. System **Paragraph** Cross Reference a cross reference listing of paragraph names.
- 11. **01 Record** Report a cross reference of 01 records with their computed record length in two report sequences.
- 12. System Cross Reference for **Special Registers** a listing of the use of Special Registers.
- 13. **System Record Analysis** Report a listing on one or more selected records with flags showing direct or indirect data movement or comparison on every name within the record.
- 14. **Tracing of Possible Literals by Field** three different reports showing possible literals and paths used to move a literal to one field Limited to **one program** at a time.
- 15. Abend **Analysis** does tracing to find every involved name for selected names. A report is produced showing the original field selected, all overlapping fields which REDEFINE the field, all traced fields (infinite levels), and all Procedure Division references for all fields shown in DCD narrative format. Limited to **one program** at a time.
- 16. **Verb Analysis** Report a listing of the use of Procedure Division verbs with a summary page.

Choice of CONTROL/DCD PROCs

The three PROCs listed below are available to choose from when invoking Other COBOL Reports. A brief description is given on this page of using these 3 PROCs along with the DCDFETCH PROC. More examples are given on the next two pages and under the heading "JCL Examples", in this section.

- 1. LIBCOBOL
- 2. PANCOBOL
- 3. DCDCOBOL

LIBCOBOL & PANCOBOL

The first and second PROC may be used when the COBOL source code resides on Librarian or Panvalet files respectively.

DCDCOBOL

The third PROC is to be used when the COBOL source code resides as member (or members) on a partitioned data set (PDS) or other non-Librarian or non-Panvalet file.

An example is given here using the DCDCOBOL PROC:

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDCOBOL,COPY=,DATA=,PARA=
//COBOLIN DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIB(PROG01),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIB(PROG02),DISP=SHR
//COPYLIB DD DSN=USER.COPY.LIB,DISP=SHR
```

The COBOL source code is brought in through the COBOLIN DD statement. Note that two programs were brought in. A different way of bringing in COBOL programs is through the member fetcher procedure DCDFETCH which is explained below.

COPY members are resolved by pointing the COPYLIB DD statement to the PDS(s) that contain the COPY members. The PDS(s) specified here should be the same PDS(s) specified in the SYSLIB DD in your installation's COBOL compile PROC.

Symbolic parameters are used to specify options, such as specifying the reports desired.

DCDFETCH

A fourth PROC is available for bringing in multiple programs at once from partitioned data sets. This PROC is:

4. DCDFETCH

When this PROC is used, the DCDCOBOL PROC is also used and follows the DCDFETCH PROC.

Inputting COBOL Programs and COPY Records

Several methods may be used for providing input into CONTROL/DCD. These methods are described below.

The main input to CONTROL/DCD when producing the reports mentioned in this section is provided through the COBOLIN DD statement. An example follows:

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDCOBOL,DATA=,RESOLVE=NO
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=USER.COBOL.PDS(PROGRAM1),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=USER.COBOL.PDS(PROGRAM2),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=USER.COBOL.PDS(PROGRAM3),DISP=SHR
```

In the above example, three COBOL programs are entered through the use of the COBOLIN DD.

When Layout Reports are being produced on just COPY records through the use of the CONTROL/DCD PARM option (LOR), then the COBOLIN DD statement is used to enter the COPY records. An example follows:

```
//STEP2 EXEC DCDCOBOL,LAYOUT=,OTHER=LOR
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=USER.COPY.LIBRARY(RECORD1),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=USER.COPY.LIBRARY(RECORD2),DISP=SHR
```

If COPY members are present when handling COBOL programs, they are resolved by pointing CONTROL/DCD to user's COBOL COPY libraries. These are the same library (or libraries) pointed to in the SYSLIB DD statement of the user's COBOL compile PROCs. An example follows:

```
//STEP3 EXEC DCDCOBOL, DATA=
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=USER.COBOL.PDS(PROGRAM1), DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=USER.COBOL.PDS(PROGRAM2), DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=USER.COBOL.PDS(PROGRAM3), DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=USER.COPY.LIBRARY, DISP=SHR
```

When the COBOL input is coming from Librarian or Panvalet, then the PROCs LIBCOBOL or PANCOBOL should be used and the COBOLIN DD should be omitted. An example follows:

```
//STEP4     EXEC     PANCOBOL,DATA=
//PAN.SYSIN     DD *
++WRITE     WORK,PROGRAM1
++WRITE     WORK,PROGRAM2
++WRITE     WORK,PROGRAM3
/*
//DCD.COPYLIB DD     DSN=USER.COPY.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

The previous example assumes that there are COBOL COPY members in addition to, or in place of Panvalet (or Librarian) INCLUDEs present in the COBOL source by the use of the COPYLIB statement.

When multiple COBOL programs (or in a separate run, multiple COBOL COPY records) are brought into CONTROL/DCD from partitioned data sets, a CONTROL/DCD partitioned data set member fetcher utility may be used ahead of the DCDCOBOL PROC to simplify the process of entering the COBOL programs. Two examples follow:

The above example pulls off all members that are specifically COBOL programs and specifically whose member name starts with the two characters (MR) and passes these COBOL programs to the DCDCOBOL PROC.

```
//STEP6 EXEC DCDFETCH
//PDS.OUTPUT DD DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERNAME=COBRECS=TER
//PDS.USERNAME DD DSN=USER.COPY.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
//STEP6A EXEC DCDCOBOL,LAYOUT=,OTHER=LOR
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=&&PASSFILE,DISP=(OLD,PASS)
```

The above example pulls off all members that are specifically COBOL records that begin with a valid COBOL level number and specifically whose member name starts with the three characters (TER) and passes these COBOL records into CONTROL/DCD for producing Layout Reports on these records.

Further information on the member fetcher PROC is provided under the heading, "DCDFETCH - Newer Software to replace MBRFETCH".

Other Features Supported

This heading provides a list of support for those other features both inside and outside of the standard support for the COBOL compiler that the user may have a need for. Those features supported by CONTROL/DCD in this section are:

- 1. CICS
- 2. COBOL 68 and earlier
- 3. COBOL 74
- 4. COBOL 85
- 5. COBOL 370, COBOL for MVS & VM, COBOL 390, ENTERPRISE & Z/OS
- 6. DB2 / SQL
- 7. DL1
- 8. Librarian
- 9. Panyalet

1. <u>CICS</u>

CICS is fully supported by CONTROL/DCD. Ideally, the CICS program should be run through the CICS pre-processor before being brought into CONTROL/DCD. If the pre-processor step is done, both CICS commands and the CALL statements generated by CICS are documented. If the CICS program is not run through the pre-processor, then generated CALL statements are not documented by CONTROL/DCD.

2. COBOL 68 and earlier

PARM option C68 is recommended when all programs being processed are COBOL 68.

3. COBOL 74

Include PARM option NOVS2 for COBOL 74.

4. COBOL 85

Include default PARM option VS2 to indicate the handling of VS COBOL II.

5. COBOL 370, COBOL for MVS & VM, COBOL 390, ENTERPRISE & Z/OS

Include default PARM option VS2, the same as for COBOL 85. When using the ISPF ignore 2. thru 5. here and simply specify the version of COBOL within an ISPF panel.

6. DB2

DB2 programs contain SQL statements. Ideally, the DB2 program should be run through the DB2 pre-processor before being brought into CONTROL/DCD. If the pre-processor step is done, the CALL statements generated by SQL are documented. Narrative created by the use of Host variables in SQL statements are listed in the System Data Name Cross Reference and the Layout Reports when the LNR option is used.

7. DL1

DL1 is fully supported by CONTROL/DCD. Ideally the DL1 program should be run through the DL1 pre-processor before being brought into CONTROL/DCD. If the pre-processor step is done, both DL1 commands and the CALL statements generated by DL1 are documented. If the DL1 program is not run through the pre-processor, then generated CALL statements are not documented by CONTROL/DCD.

8. Librarian

When INCLUDEs are used (as opposed to COPY statements), they are resolved when the COBOL source code is brought from Librarian. They are *not* listed within the COPY Analysis Report.

The PROC LIBCOBOL, which contains a Librarian step ahead of the CONTROL/DCD step for pulling the COBOL programs off of the Librarian Data File, should be used. See Example 2 under the heading, "Examples", in this section for assistance in using the LIBCOBOL PROC.

9. Panvalet

When INCLUDEs are used (as opposed to COPY statements), they are resolved when the COBOL source code is brought from Panvalet. They are *not* listed within the COPY Analysis Report.

The PROC PANCOBOL, which contains a Panvalet step ahead of the CONTROL/DCD step for pulling the COBOL programs off of the Panvalet Data File, should be used. See Example 1 under the heading "Examples", in this section for assistance in using the PANCOBOL PROC.

Specifying PARM Options

CONTROL/DCD is controlled by the use of PARM options included within the PARM field. However, when using CONTROL/DCD PROCs, the entering of PARM fields is done by the means of PROC Symbolics.

The heading, "PARM Options", on the next page lists the PARM options along with a description of the use of each option. Also, in the following heading is a list showing corresponding PROC Symbolics for PARM options.

How these PROC Symbolics are entered into the JCL is shown in many ways within the "Examples" heading.

A more detailed explanation on the use of options is found in the two headings shown below within the Alternate Compile Listing Facility section.

- 1. Use of CONTROL/DCD PARM Options
- 2. Use of CONTROL/DCD PROCs and Symbolics

PARM Options

BEGIN CONT	Options used in conjunction with WRITPDS & READPDS options. CONT option will not initialize internal work files and is used for the 2^{nd} , 3^{rd} , or later runs using WRITPDS option.
CAHIER <u>NOCAHIER</u>	Produce the CALL Hierarchy Report. See the heading "Control Statements for CALL Hierarchy" within this section.
CALL <u>NOCALL</u> CAP / CAC	Produce the CALL Analysis Report. Two sequences will be produced. The first sequence is Program/CALL sequence. The second is CALL/Program sequence. Use CAP to produce only Program/CALL sequence. Use CAC to produce only CALL/Program sequence.
CICS	This option is always turned on. However, for CICS COBOL programs, the CICS program should be run through the CICS pre-processor prior to being run through CONTROL/DCD.
COPY NOCOPY COQ / COR	Produce the COPY Analysis Report. Two sequences are produced. The first is Program sequence. The second is Member sequence. Use COQ to produce only Program sequence. Use COR to produce only Member sequence.
COF NOCOF	Forces an older compiler standard where COPY statements on the same line with an 01 record with A different 01 record name in the COPY member will use the 01 name within the COPY rather than the 01 record name preceding it.
CPA NOCPA	Produce a CALL Parameter Analysis report to show errors in parameter sequence and parameter length.
C68	Use when COBOL 68 is used. Ignore if using ISPF panels.
DATA <u>NODATA</u>	Produce the System Data Name Cross Reference. Individual options shown below may be used to enhance the DATA report.
DASELECT	When invoked, the control statements used for the System Record Analysis will also be used to limit the DATA Analysis Report. (See Control Statements for System Record Analysis). When used without producing the System Record Analysis Report, record names in the control statements may instead be just a group or elementary name.
<u>D88</u> NOD88	This option may be used to individually list out all of the multiple 88 values for each 88 level, when multiple values (e.g. VALUES ARE) are used.
DA1 to DA5	When used, any numeric digits (up to the number specified in this option) which immediately precedes a Data Division name will not be sorted when producing the Data Analysis Report. (As an example, 20ACCT-NAME and 32ACCT-NAME will sort together when option DA2, DA3, DA4 or DA5 is used.) Use only 1 of these options during one run.
<u>DAL</u> NODAL	This option is only effective when one of the options (DA1 to DA5) is used. NODAL removes the leading NODAL selected digits from the data name in the report, while DAL leaves the digits in front of the data name.
DICT	Produce an Interface File for any desired use- including interfacing with a commercial Data Dictionary. (This option has the same effect as invoking the SRA option, i.e. – control statements are required). The output file is on DD DCDDICT and at job end has a record length of 120 and a block size of 3120. See both "Data Dictionary Interface File" and "Control Statements for System Record Analysis" in this section.
DDF CDD	Option DDF is default and OPENs the DCDDICT file as OUTPUT to clear the file for each run. Option CDD does not clear the file for each run.
DIT DRL, DRF or <u>DRC</u>	Produce Direct Tracing of Literals. See "Control Statements for Literal Tracing" in this section for overview of report and for individual reports. Three reports are available. Sub-option <u>DRC</u> is the default and is for printing all three reports.

Control/DCD – Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

DL1 This option is always turned on. However, for DL1 COBOL programs, the DL1 programs should be run through the DL1 pre-processor prior to being run through CONTROL/DCD. **DNB** Flag a warning message for //BYPASS DD entered names used that do not match to a data name **NODNB** in the COBOL program during running the 'Abend Analysis' report. DNF Print a warning message for data names not found in the Data Division when resolving **NODNF** Procedure Division statements. **EIB** This option may be used to insert COPY member DFHEIBLK into the COBOL program for cross referencing CICS names EIBDATE, EIBTIME and other EIB fields from that COPY. **ERRORS** NOERRORS may be used to omit the printing of all errors. **NOERRORS FGCONSTS** Produce the System Cross Reference for Figurative Constants. **NOFGCONSTS** LAYOUTS Produce Layout Reports on Data Division records. See the several options that follow for user **NOLAYOUTS** customizing Layout Reports and see the heading "Control Statements for Layouts". The following options affect the LAYOUT reports: LFD Using this option ensures that Layout Reports will be produced on all records within the File Section. This option overrides the default option NOLS1 for records in the File Section. Using this option will automatically invoke or turn on the LAYOUTS option. LHX Using this option indicates that in addition to decimal from and to record positions, that hexadecimal from and to record positions will be produced underneath the decimal positions. Using this option automatically turns on the LAYOUTS option. LHR Using this option turns on the LHX option. However, the hexadecimal locations will be printed on the right hand side of the Layout Report rather than underneath the decimal locations. If LNR is used as an option, this option will be treated as LHX. LK1 Using this option will keep 01 records on the same page. No page break will occur when a new 01 is encountered. LLA On the printing of the Layout Reports, a plus (+) character is normally used to intersect lines. Use of this option will substitute an asterisk (*) for the plus character. LNR This option indicates that COBOL narrative is to be printed on the right-hand side of the Layout Report. This option is only valid for single COBOL programs. If LOR is used as an option, this option is turned off. If multiple COBOL programs are inputted, narrative will only appear alongside the first one if this option is used. LOR This option indicates that just 01 records are being brought into CONTROL/DCD for producing Layout Reports. COBOL programs are not present. When this option is used, the LAYOUTS option is turned on automatically and other report options for producing reports other than Layout Reports are not allowed. When using this option, the COBOL records are brought into the CONTROL/DCD system by using the COBOLIN DD. When using this option, place a ceiling limit between 10,000 and 12,000 lines per run. (If the Member Fetcher is used with the LOR option, the associated member name will be printed on the Layout Report.) Do not use this option for COPY MEMBERs where pseudo-text is present and the pseudo-text is not in a valid COBOL format. LSQ This option works in conjunction with the LOR option ONLY. This option generates a sequential number in the left margin for each data name found on the Layout Reports.

Otherwise, these numbers are suppressed.

Control/DCD – Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

LPP This option indicates that a PICTURE clause which is designed as NE (Numeric Edited) will

NOLPP be printed below the data name in the Layout Reports. This option is turned on

automatically when the LAYOUTS option is turned on. It may be turned off by using NOLPP.

LPV This option indicates that a VALUE clause when present will be printed below **NOLPV**

the data name in The Layout Reports. This option is turned on automatically when the LAYOUTS option is Turned on. It may be turned off by using NOLPV. Notice - VALUE clauses for 88 level entries are inserted automatically on the

same line of the 88, regardless of the option used here.

LS1 This option (if turned on) indicates that Layout Reports should be produced for records that have NOLS1

no elementary fields (levels 02-49) underneath them. If not turned on, (which is the default) they

will be omitted. This option will be turned on automatically if option L77 is used.

LTC This option is turned on automatically if the LAYOUTS option is turned on. It indicates that a **NOLTC** Table of Contents for the Layout Reports by record name will be produced ahead of the Layout

Reports. Unless the LTS option is used, the Table of Contents will be sorted in alphabetic

sequence by record name.

LTS This option when used turns the LTC option on. However, the records in the Table of Contents

will not be sorted. They will be left in sequence as they were inputted into CONTROL/DCD or

as they appear in the COBOL program.

L77 This option when used indicates that Layout Reports should also be produced for 77 level entries.

Produce the System Cross Reference for Literals. **LITERALS**

NOLITERALS

Set the maximum lines per page for all CONTROL/DCD reports. LNCNT=nn LNCNT=60

NIS Re-arrange the SORT sequence of the COBOL narrative produced by DCD into primary

sequence by compiler sequence number, then verb name. Without this option, the primary

sequence is verb name.

NUC Convert all NARRATIVE produced by CONTROL/DCD to UPPER Case Characters.

PARAGRAPH Produce the System Cross Reference for Paragraph Names.

NOPARAGRAPH

Produce a set of ranges of beginning and ending expanded (after Copy-members have been **PRANGES**

NOPRANGES resolved) sequence numbers for paragraphs and sections within a COBOL program.

QUOTE Use the double quote rather than the single apostrophe as a delimiter for alphanumeric literals.

NOQUOTE The DETERMINE option allows using the first quote or apostrophe encountered to determine

DETERMINE whether to use option QUOTE or NOQUOTE as a delimiter.

RECORDS Produce the 01 Records Report.

This option indicates CONTROL/DCD will resolve COPY members by accessing the members RESOLVE **NORESOLVE**

on the data set specified on the COPYLIB DD. IF NORESOLVE is used, the COPYLIB DD is not necessary. (COPY members within COPY members are not currently resolved in this

section.)

NORECORDS

Control/DCD – Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

SORTREG=nnnnnn SORTREG=0810000 Indicates the SORT region size in bytes. Do not specify a SORTREG larger

than 1,000,000.

SPREGS NOSPREGS Produce the System Cross Reference for Special Registers Report.

STOP NOSTOP

This option causes CONTROL/DCD to immediately stop processing and issue a Condition Code of zero. This option may be used when the CONTROL/DCD step is embedded with other

steps in a PROC and is not wanted.

SRANAL NOSRANAL Produce the System Record Analysis Report. When this option is used, control statements must also be used. This option is turned on automatically when the DICT option is used. When using this option, also see "Control Statements for System Record Analysis".

The following options affect the System Record Analysis Report: Limit System Record Analysis Report as follows:

RA1

RA1 - Print only as 01 summary report.

<u>RAA</u>

RAA - The default - no limiting.

RAB RAD RAB - Select records that have any flags turned on.
RAD - Select records that have any direct flags turned on.
RAS - Select records if the direct (S)et flag is turned on.

RAS RAT

RAT - Select records if any (S)et flag is turned on.

S03 S15 S50 S3H S1T Use one of these options to correct error messages DCDUF010-D or DCDUFA02-D where an OCCURS clause in one or more 01 records causes the combined table space needed for this report to be exceeded. (S03) limits all OCCURS to a maximum of 3 TIMES. (S15), a maximum of 15 TIMES. (S50), 50 TIMES. (S3H), 300 TIMES. (S1T), 1000 TIMES. Warning: The smaller the OCCURS (e.g. S03 or S15), the more likely that an existing REDEFINES overlapping the OCCURS will assist in either producing incorrect results and/or

causing DCD error messages for invalid DATA DIVISION structures.

SRCOPY NOSRCOPY Produce the System Record Analysis Report using COPY member names to select which 01 records are selected. (Include option SRDELCOPY if the COPY report is not desired.)

TRACE NOTRACE Produce the 'Abend Analysis' report. See 'Abend Analysis Supporting Options' on the next

page. Also, see 'Control Statements for Abend Analysis' in this section.

UNREF NOUNREF Print or suppress un-referenced names in the System Data Name Cross Reference and System Paragraph Cross Reference. Note - when NOUNREF (the default) is used and PARM option D88 is also used, all 88 level names with either multiple 88's or the THRU clause will be listed whether or not they are referenced.

VERB NOVERB Produce the Verb Analysis Report.

VR3 NOVR3 Causes CONTROL/DCD to emulate Version 3 and earlier versions of 1974 and 1968 COBOL in which sequence numbers are not generated for SKIPs and EJECTs. Ignore this is using ISPF

panels.

<u>VS2</u>

NOVS2

Use NOVS2 for older programs prior to the 1985 COBOL standard. When VS2 is used, RESERVED WORDS for the latest release of COBOL (ENTERPRISE COBOL) are checked for. To force using a different release, such as IBM-COBOL, insert a //DCD.VERSION DD to check for a different version of COBOL. See Install Section for instructions on use of the VERSION DD. Ignore this option is using ISPF panels.

(Continued..)

WRITPDS READPDS

Used to store information over time and/or several runs on an internal CONTROL/DCD Data Dictionary using the WRITPDS option and then retrieving the information for reporting during on run using a READPDS option. Do not use this feature when using the 'Abend Analysis' Report. See the heading 'WRITPDS and READPDS Options' in this section for more information.

Abend Analysis Supporting Options

These options are available providing the **TRACE** option is on. See 'Control Statements for Abend Analysis' in this section for SELECTing and also for BYPASSing of Names.

Utility Options

YOP Print a separate page showing all related TRACE options on the PRINT report.
NOYOP

Directly Selected Name Options

YDNARR Produce Procedure Division Narrative for each directly selected field and list the narrative right underneath this field.

Y2PROG Sort Direct Names by PROGRAM name so one program's names are done ahead of the next. NOY2P The secondary sort is Alphabetic by data name. To reverse sequence, use NOY2P option.

Overlapping Option

(Applies to REDEFINES, GROUP fields or otherwise Overlapping fields)

<u>Y2INDIR</u> For each Direct Name selected, this option selects names for every associated REDEFINES, NOY2INDIR GROUP field, or otherwise Overlapping field.

Trace Options

(Traces infinite levels deep [up to 999 times] to get all possible fields; see TAC=)

YAP Traces names selected and using overlapping fields and their record positions also traces through NOYAP these fields to find all possible names that may be affected.

TAC=nnn Limits the number of Traces to a specific number such as 010 or 025.

Supporting Options for Overlapping (Y2INDIR) and Trace (YAP) Options

<u>YINARR</u> Produce Procedure Division Narrative for every overlapping name selected here and list the NOYINARR narrative right underneath this field.

YIPROG
Within each Directly Selected Name, overlapping names are sorted in program sequence or the order in which they are listed within the COBOL program. To sort in alphabetic sequence, use YIALPHA option.

YAI Show the existence of overlapping names even if there are no Procedure Division references to NOYAI this name. To omit names with no Procedure Division references, use NOYAI option.

Corresponding PROC Symbolics

PARM	Corresponding	PARM	Corresponding
<u>Option</u>	PROC Symbolic	<u>Option</u>	PROC Symbolic
CAHIER NOCAHIER	OTHER='CAH,' default	LNCNT=nnn	LINECNT=nnn,
		NIS	OTHER='NIS,'
CALL NOCALL	CALL=, default		
CAC / CAP	OTHER='CAx,'	NUC	OTHER='NUC,'
CDD	OTHER='CDD,'	PARAGRAPH	OTHER = 'PAR'
CDD	OTHER CDD,	QUOTE	OTHER='QUO,'
COPY	COPY=,	NOQUOTE	default
COQ / COR	OTHER='COx,'	DETERMINE	OTHER='DET,'
CPA	CPA=,	RECORDS	OTHER='REC'
C68	OTHER='C68,'	RESOLVE	default
		NORESOLVE	RESOLVE=NO,
DATA	DATA=,	TORESOLVE	RESOLVE NO,
NODATA	default	SORTREG=n	SORTREG=nnnnnn,
D88 / DAn / DAL	OTHER='Dxx,'	annua	0.000
DASELECT	OTHER='DAS,'	SPREGS	OTHER='SPR,'
		NOSPREGS	default
DICT	OTHER='DIC,'	SRANAL	SRA=,
		NOSRANAL	default
DIT	OTHER='DIT=	RA1 / RAA / RAB	OTHER='RAx,'
DRL / DRF / DRC	OTHER='DRx,'	RAD / RAS / RAT	
DNB	default	S03 / S15 / S50 / S3H	
NODNB	OTHER='NODNB'		OTHER='Snx,'
TODITO	OTHER TOPTOM	note: n=numeric	e digit, x=letter or number
DNF	default	SRCOPY	OTHER='SRC,'
NODNF	OTHER='NODNF'		2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -
		TRACE	TRACE=,
EIB	OTHER='EIB,'	NOTRACE	default
NOERRORS	OTHER='NOERR,'	TAC=nnn	TRLIMIT=nnn
FGCONSTS	OTHER='FGC,'	LINDEE	OTHED_HAD ;
NOFGCONSTS	default	UNREF	OTHER='UNR'
1101 00011010		VERB	OTHER='VER'
LAYOUTS	LAYOUT=,		
NOLAYOUTS	default	VR3	OTHER='VR3'
LFD / LHR / LHX	OTHER='Lxx,'	NOVS2	OTHER='NOVS2'
LK1 / LLA / LLI	OTHER='Lxx,'		
LNR / LOR / LTC	OTHER='Lxx,'		ions for TRACE follow:
LTS	OTHER='Lxx,'	YIA, YOP	OTHER='Yxx,'
L77 NOLPP / NOLPV / NO	OTHER='L77,'	NOYDN / NOY2P	OTHER='NOYxx,'
MODIT / MODITY / M	OTHER='NOLxx	NOY2I / NOYIN	OTHER='NOYxx,'
note: x=letter or n		NOYAI / NOYAP note: x=letter or	OTHER='NOYxx,'
		noue, a-icuel oi	number
LITERALS	OTHER='LIT,'	WRITPDS	OTHER='WRI,'
NOLITERALS	default	READPDS	OTHER='REA'

<u>Note</u>: The PROC symbolic **OTHER** is used to enter one or multiple PARM options for which there are no corresponding symbolics. For example: **OTHER='LNR,NOLPV,NOVS2'**

Control Statements for System Record Analysis

The System Record Analysis Report (& Data Dictionary Interface file) requires control statements to select records to report on. The DD for these control cards is CTLCDSRA. The maximum number of control statements must not exceed 775 in the entire file.

More than one set of reports may be run through during one run of CONTROL/DCD. Each set of reports should be run on like records which ideally have the same record length and format. The data names do not need the same spelling since fields are matched up by field positions.

To break apart sets of control statements, each set of control statements must begin with a header control statement of the following format:

```
Column 1 - An asterisk (*) Columns 2 through 72 - Documentation for the user
```

Within each set of control statements, records must be selected which make up that set. Selecting records requires specifying both program name and record name. Each control statement has two fields: program-id and record name. This control statement uses the following format:

```
Starting in column 1 - Program-id, followed by at least one space
In next available column - Record Name
```

The field for program-id must contain either a (name) which matches to a COBOL program-id from an Identification Division or the constant -ALL-. If -ALL- is used, the record that follows will be pulled for selection from all programs that were entered.

The field for record name must contain either a record name which matches to an 01 record name within the COBOL program or it must be a numeric number for matching to the length of one or more records within a COBOL program. Also, See 'Selecting by COPY Name...'.

<u>Note</u> - When a number is used, it may be followed by a second number to form a selection range. For example, the control statement (-ALL- 1 7500) without the enclosing parentheses may be used to select all records with an overall record length not greater than 7500 bytes. While the SRA report produced using this range may not be very meaningful, the Data Dictionary file produced may be used for several purposes such as loading data dictionaries or repositories.

An example of control statements follows:

```
//DCD.CTLCDSRA DD *
*THIS IS THE TITLE FOR THE FIRST SET
-ALL- 184
*THIS IS THE TITLE FOR THE SECOND SET
-ALL- MS-RECORD-A
-ALL- MR-RECORD
*SELECTION FOR CERTAIN RECORDS
PAYR001 RECORD-1
PAYR001 RECORD-2
PAYR002 RECORD-1
PAYR003 224
/*
```

In the example shown, the first set of statements selects all records from all programs which have a record length of 184. In case of variable length records, the largest record length applies.

In the second set, the records MS-RECORD-A and MR-RECORD are selected from all programs.

In the last set, various records were individually selected from programs PAYR001 and PAYR002. In program PAYR003, all records are selected that have an overall record length of 224.

A listing of the control statements used will be printed at the beginning of the REPORTS DD print file ahead of all other reports. The System Record Analysis report <u>may</u> not immediately follow these control statements.

Further limiting of the records documented in this report may be accomplished through the use of RAx options. See the heading, "PARM Options".

Limiting DATA Analysis Report when using with SRA Report

The above control statements are also used for limiting the DATA Analysis Report, providing PARM option (DASELECT) is also used. When used without the System Record Analysis Report, the control statement field for the record name may be used to select just a group name or an elementary data name. See the UNREF PARM option for further limiting of the Data Analysis Report. Use caution when also using OPTION SRCOPY shown below. When option SRCOPY is also used, include at least one non SRCOPY= control statement for each set used before any SRCOPY= control statements. If problems still occur, contact Marble Computer, Inc.

Selecting by COPY Name for System Record Analysis

Selecting 01 records for use in the System Record Analysis report may be done by using COPY member name. Simply specify the COPY member name and those COPYs which begin in the COPY immediately with an 01 will be selected. (Caution, if the COPY begins with other than an 01, such as an FD, it will be selected.) The result is a full report on all SET, USED and TESTED activity (direct or indirect) on each field within COPY used through a system of COBOL programs.

The PARM option needed to invoke this feature is SRCOPY. The control statements have the following format:

Columns 1-7 - The constant SRCOPY= Columns

Columns 8-15 - The **COPY member name**

The DDNAME for inputting these control statements is the same CTLCDSRA used for other System Record Analysis control statements. It is possible to combine other control statements for these SRCOPY control statements. Caution - When this is done, other control statements must come before the SRCOPY control statements. Within each SET, include a control statement for all programs (-ALL-) for program name and then with RECORD NAME following on same control statement matching the 01 RECORD NAME within the COPY member. See previous page example.

When the SRCOPY option is used, both the COPY Analysis Report and System Record Analysis Report will be printed. The COPY Analysis Report will list all COPY members found in all programs. The System Record Analysis Report will list only those records selected by the control statements submitted with the CTLCDSRA DDNAME.

See Examples for 'System Record Analysis Reports' on next page

Example 1:

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDCOBOL,OTHER='SRCOPY'
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=user.cobol(prog1),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=user.cobol(prog2),DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copylib,DISP=SHR
//DCD.CTLCDSRA DD *
SRCOPY=MEMBER1
SRCOPY=MEMB333
/*
```

This example does not combine statement formats. This example selects all 01 records which have a COPY MEMBER1 or a COPY MEMB333 at the beginning of the record. The 01 record name may come immediately before the COPY or after the first (non-comment) entry within the COPY.

Example 2:

```
//STEP2 EXEC DCDCOBOL,OTHER=`SRCOPY'
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=user.cobol(prog1),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=user.cobol(prog2),DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copylib,DISP=SHR
//DCD.CTLCDSRA DD *
-ALL- USER-RECORD-25
SRCOPY=MEMB5
/*
```

This example combines control statement formats by selecting all 01 records for USER-RECORD-25 and also all 01 records which have a COPY MEMB5.

Note - SRCOPY= control statements will be ignored by CONTROL/DCD if the PARM option SRCOPY is not turned on.

Control Statements for Literal Tracing

The Tracing of Literals reports (3 individual reports are listed at bottom of page) require control statements specifying which COBOL data fields are to be traced. Additionally, options DRL, DRF or DRC must be specified stating which reports are to be run. See 'PARM options' in this section or at the bottom of this page for specifying one of these options. Also, this report is formatted for, and limited to only one program at a time. Extra programs will be ignored.

Control statements are specified with the DD name CTLCDDLT. COBOL fields to be traced are entered starting in column 1. Multiple statements must be provided for multiple COBOL fields. If qualification is necessary to clarify a field, enter a Q, one space, then a group or record name as a qualifier control statement ahead of the COBOL field being selected. For instance, if duplicate names ACCT exist in group or record names FIELD-1 and FIELD-2, then qualification control statements for FIELD-1 or FIELD-2 must be used ahead of the field to be selected. To select ACCT OF FIELD-1 enter control statements as follows:

```
//DCD.CTLCDDLT DD *
Q FIELD-1
ACCT
/*
```

If more than one level of qualification is required, enter multiple qualification statements (statements beginning with a Q) ahead of the COBOL field name control statement. Put the 01 Record Name or Group Name having the lowest level number first (01 being lowest) when specifying qualification control statements.

Up to 17 levels of tracing are accomplished by tracking literals through MOVEs and SET 88-level-name TO TRUE statements. To limit the number of tracing levels to less than 17, modify the PARM field within the DCD step of the DCDSYSTM PROC to include 'DLT=nn' where nn is a number from 01 to 17.

A maximum of 1000 control statements are allowed. Much less are recommended. One COBOL program at a time may be processed.

PARM options are specified with the OTHER PROC symbolic. A sample is shown: OTHER='DRC,DLT=06'

Three reports are available:

1.	Possible literals for each field traced	(Use option DRF for just report 1)
2.	Possible literals showing owner fields	(Use option DRL for reports 1 & 2)
3.	Possible literals showing possible paths	(Use option DRC for all 3 reports)

Control Statements for Layouts

The running of Layout Reports does not specifically require the use of control statements. However, control statements may be used to limit the selection of records for Layout Reports to selected record names or selected sizes.

Two types of control statements are available, but only one type (not both) may be used within one run. The DD name for these control statements is CTLCDLAY.

One way that control statements may be used is to specify by record name (or group name within an 01 record) the records or groups that Layout Reports are to be run for. (In the case of group names, the field positions in the Layout Reports will be relative to the start of the 01 record as opposed to the start of the group field, however the first field position in the group field may be reset to one by specifying an asterisk (*) after the group field in the control statement.)

The format of this type of control statement is as follows:

```
Column 1 through? - 01 record name (or 02-48 level group name)

Column ?+1 - SPACE

Column ?+2 - Optional Asterisk for group names that need to be reset
```

An example follows:

```
//DCD.CTLCDLAY DD 3
MR-RECORD-1
MR-RECORD-2
MR-GROUP-FIELD-3 *
/*
```

In the above example, the first two control statements indicate selection of two 01 record names. The third control statement indicates the selection of a group field within an 01 record and the from-to positions within the group field will be reset starting at 1 for this group.

Another type of control statement allows selection to be limited by not printing Layout Reports for records smaller than a given record length and/or larger than a given record length. Within these control statements is the ability to print just records which have a specific record length. In the case of variable length records for determining size, the largest record length applies.

The format of this type of control statement is as follows:

```
Columns 1 through 6 - The constant (SELECT)

Column 7 - The character >, < or =

Column 8 through x - A numeric number with no punctuation
```

Only two control statements are allowed. One with SELECT< and one with SELECT>. Both are not required if one is used. If SELECT= is used, then only that control statement is allowed.

An example follows:

```
//DCD.CTLCDLAY DD *
SELECT>25
SELECT<1000
/*
```

In the above example, Layout Reports will not be produced for small records that are 25 characters or under in length. They will also not be printed for records that are 1000 characters or over in length.

Control Statements for Verb Analysis

The running of the Verb Analysis report does not require the use of control statements. However, control statement(s) may be used to allow printing of selected verbs. Up to 10 control statements are allowed. The field in the control statement is also limited to 10 characters.

An example follows:

```
//DCD.CTLCDVER DD *
ALTER
CASE GO TO
EXIT PROGM
GO TO
PERFORM
STOP RUN
/*
```

Most verbs should be coded with one verb with no spaces. Those which require spaces like 'CASE GO TO' are shown above.

Control Statements for Using the (OLDER) MBRFETCH PROC

(Please see NEW DCDFETCH PROC at end of this section)

The older PDS Member Fetcher PROC MBRFETCH is available for pulling one or several members from a partitioned data set (PDS) and creating one sequential data set. This data set originally was used as input to the DCDCOBOL PROC. (This PROC was also embedded as one step in the DCDJCL PROC which is covered in the section on JCL PROC Analysis Reports Facility.) If older PROCS in use, reference this PROC, we recommend converting to newer DCDFETCH PROC for increased flexibility and speed of processing.

The DD name for these control statements is CTLCDMBR.

Control statements are used to indicate which members are to be selected. The format of these control statements is as follows:

Columns 1 through 4 -The constant (INDD)

Column 5 - An equal sign (=)

Columns 6 through a -The mame of a made-up DDNAME

Column a+1 - An equal sign (=) with no spaces before or after it.

Columns b through c - One of the following words:

ALL
 COBOL
 COBRECS
 MEMBER
 PREFIX

The remaining two fields are required if PREFIX was used as the last operand and are optional if COBOL or COBRECS was used as the last operand. They are not permitted if either ALL or MEMBER is used as an operand.

Columnc+1 -An equal sign (=) with no spaces before or after it. Columns d through e -A 1 to 7 characters prefix which will be used to limit selection

An illustration of the possible combinations is listed below:

- 1. INDD=ddname=ALL
- 2. INDD=ddname=COBOL
- 3. INDD=ddname=COBRECS
- 4. INDD=ddname=MEMBER
- 5. INDD=ddname=PREFIX=prefix
- 6. INDD=ddname=COBOL=prefix
- 7. INDD=ddname=COBRECS=prefix

An example showing the use of these control statements is listed below:

```
//STEP1    EXEC    MBRFETCH
//MBR.OUTSET    DD    DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//MBR.CTLCDMBR    DD    *
INDD=USERDD=COBOL
//MBR.USERDD    DD    DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

The above example will pull off all COBOL programs from the library specified by the DD name USERDD and pass them out to a sequential data set.

If members are wanted from more than one library, then multiple DD names may be used. An example is listed below:

```
//STEP2 EXEC MBRFETCH
//MBR.OUTSET DD DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//MBR.CTLCDMBR DD *
INDD=USERDD=COBOL
INDD=OTHERDD=COBOL
//MBR.USERDD DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
//MBR.OTHERDD DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

The use of the following words for selection is described here:

ALL COBRECS MEMBER
COBOL COBRECS=PREFIX PREFIX
COBOL=PREFIX

ALL

ALL indicates that all members will be selected from the partitioned data set. This option should not be used here. Instead, the options COBOL or COBRECS should be used. An exception to this rule occurs when using the READPDS option, in which case, ALL may be used and COBOL and COBRECS <u>may not</u> be used.

COBOL

COBOL indicates that all COBOL programs are to be pulled off of the partitioned data set. If non-COBOL programs are found, then they are discarded.

COBRECS

COBRECS indicates that all COPY members which are 01 records or record groups beginning with a level number (02-48) are to be pulled off of the PDS. Those members that do not conform to this selection are bypassed for selection. COBRECS may be used when the LOR option is used.

MEMBER

MEMBER indicates that the user wants to make further selection with member name control statements. These control statements immediately follow the control statement which contains the word MEMBER. An example is listed below:

```
//STEP3 EXEC MBRFETCH
//MBR.CTLCDMBR DD *
INDD=USERDD=MEMBER
MEMBER1
MEMBER2
MEMB03
MEMBER04
//MBR.USERDD DD DSN=USER.PDS,DISP=SHR
```

PREFIX

PREFIX indicates that selection is to be done strictly on the basis of a 1 to 7 character prefix that follows the (=) sign after the word PREFIX. It is recommended that this option not be used here and that **COBOL=prefix** or **COBRECS=prefix** be used in its place. Prefix is described more on the next page.

Three ways to use PREFIX follow:

COBOL=prefix pulls off all COBOL programs from the PDS specified that begins with the

same letters that are specified in the prefix. The prefix may not exceed

seven characters in length.

COBRECS=prefix pulls off all COPY members that have as their first COBOL record, a level

number from (01-48) that have a matching prefix. This is used when using

PARM option LOR for LAYOUTS.

PREFIX=prefix pulls off all members that have a matching prefix.

An example follows:

```
//STEP4 EXEC MBRFETCH
//MBR.OUTSET DD DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//MBR.CTLCDMBR DD *
INDD=USERDD=COBOL=M4
//MBR.USERDD DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

In the above example, all COBOL programs whose member name begins with the prefix M4 will be selected for passing on to the next step.

Further notes on the member fetcher:

- 1. Compressing the PDS before using the data set will eliminate the possibility of pulling in older unwanted members from the PDS.
- 2. Multiple control statements may be used for any of the above formats.
- 3. To prevent obtaining duplicate members, do not mix formats in the same run, or more preferably use new PROC DCDFETCH.

Control Statements for CALL Hierarchy Report

Read this page completely before setting up to use the CALL Hierarchy Report.

This report produces one or several reports showing top down the CALL Hierarchy for those COBOL programs processed. Within each program the order of CALLs is shown in alphabetical order. These reports may be modified by ADD or DELETE controls statements. The ADD and DELETE commands must be entered one per line. Columns 73-80 are not used. Use spaces to separate the operands. Do not use the single apostrophes or double quotes. Up to 500 control statements may be used.

To add a CALL to the Hierarchy Report, use the following format:

ADD program-a CALLS program-b

To delete a CALL from the Hierarchy Report, use the following format:

```
DELETE program-b

DELETE pr* (where * indicates that only the characters before the asterisk will be used in making the comparison, and those not compared are considered to be equal for matching)
```

An example of the use of these control statements is shown below:

```
//DCD.CTLCDCAH DD *
ADD SUB1P003 CALLS SUB3P091
DELETE SUB6P*
DELETE SUB9P*
/*
```

These counts are valid for all STATIC CALLs and for those DYNAMIC CALLs which use the 'CALL literal' format. When the 'CALL identifier' format is used, multiple CALLs are counted as one call. CALL identifier specifies a dataname, which contains a literal. CONTROL/DCD builds one CALL for each literal contained in an elementary VALUE clause and/or with the MOVEs of a literal to this name. In cases where the identifier is built over several MOVEs or VALUE clauses of a group field, then an ADD control statement must be used for each CALL that is missing.

This report works with all the CALLs (and ENTRYs) found within the programs submitted to CONTROL/DCD. The ENTRY verb (when present) plays a part in determining the CALL Hierarchy only when the program that CALLs a secondary program with the ENTRY verb was not submitted for processing to CONTROL/DCD. For example, if PROG-A calls an Assembler program PROG-B, which in turn calls PROG-C where PROG-C contains an ENTRY 'PROG-B', then the CALL 'PROG-B' within PROG-A and the ENTRY 'PROG-B' within PROG-C provides all the information to complete the CALL from PROG-A to PROG-C even though Assembler program PROG-B could not be processed by CONTROL/DCD. In cases where the ENTRY verb is not used (i.e. - the entry is done via PROCEDURE DIVISION USING ... within the sub-program) and the calling program is missing or cannot be processed by CONTROL/DCD because it is non-COBOL, then ADD control statements must be used to complete the Hierarchy Report. (i.e. ADD PROG-B CALLS PROG-C)

Control Statements for Abend Analysis for Data Errors

Two types of control statements are available for Abend Analysis using //DCD.SELECT DD. The first type is SELECTion control statements and these are mandatory to state which fields are to be selected for the report. The second type is BYPASSing and is optional and may be used to break a trace invoked by tracing option YAP.

This report is applicable to any maintenance work done in COBOL for the purpose of tracing how any one data field is used in a COBOL program. There is a limit of one program at a time for this report. Extra programs will be ignored.

SELECT Control Statements

The <u>DDNAME</u> for these SELECT (or BYPASS) statements is <u>SELECT</u>. There is a limit of 250 SELECTs, which may be used in any one run. See TRACE and 'Abend Analysis Supporting Options' in the PARM section. Also see 'Abend Analysis Report' under 'Overview of All Reports including Abend Analysis'.

There are two formats for SELECTs. Use the first format if you know the name or names to be selected. Use the second format to select by different criteria. If both formats are used together, then all Format#2 SELECTs *must come before* any Format#1 SELECTs. The following rules apply to both SELECT formats. The word SELECT must start in columns 1 to 12. Columns 73-80 are not used. Leave one or more spaces between each entry.

Format#1

user-supplied-name OR SELECT IF NAME = user-supplied-name

In case of duplicate names where only 1 name is wanted then use the following format, and fill in the appropriate 01 record name where shown. Using a **GROUP name will NOT substitute** for the 01 record name. If further qualification is required, then invoke **Format#2** by adding an AND in the SELECT using START-POSITION (or other) keyword to complete the selection with or without the **OF 01-record-name** shown below.

SELECT IF NAME = user-supplied-name **OF 01-record-name**

Format#2

SELECT IF	keyword	operator	selection-field		
		[OR	selection-field]	
[AND	keyword	operator	selection-field		
		[OR	selection-field]]

The following rules apply to this SELECT format. The brackets [] and ellipses ... in the above format are not to be coded however are there to show the allowance of **multiple ORs** and **multiple ANDs** with multiple ORs within the ANDs. The SELECT statement may be continued on to several lines. **Lower case** entries within the SELECT must be replaced with a **user entry** as follows:

keyword replace with one of the keywords shown on the KEYWORD list. Within ANY one

SELECT, the same keyword may be used once unless operators < and > are used. Use

AND as a separator to start a new keyword.

operatorUse = unless the KEYWORD chosen allows the operators < and >. **selection-field**Do not use quotes or apostrophes. Enter the selection field as

Do not use quotes or apostrophes. Enter the selection field as one entry with no embedded spaces. An asterisk (*) may be used as a wild string if the KEYWORD chosen allows them. The size of the selection-field must not exceed the maximum size allowed for that KEYWORD. Multiple selection-fields may be used by separating them

with the word **OR**.

If the user wants to select a field, which has certain characteristics, the following 18 KEYWORDs are provided for finding field which have the selection criteria provided:

	operators maximum for				
#	keyword	allowed	length	selecting on	Comments
1.	PREFIX	=	20	Data-Name	For selecting by begin of Name
2.	SUFFIX	=	20	Data-Name	For selecting by end of Name
3.	BEGIN-NODE	=	20	Data-Name	For selecting by begin of Node*
4.	END-NODE	=	20	Data-Name	For selection by end of Node*
5.	NODE-1	=	20	Data-Name	Wild Strings Allowed, selects from any Node*
6.	NODE-2	=	20	Data-Name	Wild Strings Allowed, selects from any Node*
7.	PICTURE	=	20	PICTURE	Use ORs to select different combinations
8.	LEVEL-NUMBER	=	02	Level Numbers	Use ORs to select different level numbers
9.	WHOLE-DIGITS	=	02	Coded Numeric Size	Selects by # of digits on left of decimal place
10.	DECIMAL-DIGITS	=	02	Coded Numeric Size	Selects by # of digits on right of decimal place
11.	START-POSITION	=,>,<	07	Position in record	May use two START-POSITION keywords
					separated by AND, 1 using > and 1 using <
12.	END-POSITION	=,>,<	07	Position in record	May use two keywords; one >, and one <
	FIELD-SIZE	=,>,<	07	Actual Size of Field	May use two keywords, one >, and one <
14.	GROUP-ONLY	=	01	GROUP fields	Use Y to select only GROUP fields
15.	ELEMENTARY-ON	VLY =	01	ELEMENTARY fields	Use Y to select only ELEMENTARY fields
16.	SECTION	=	01	SECTION	Use first letter of SECTION as follows:
		(F=FILI			KAGE, R =REPORT, C =COMMUNICATION)
17.	USAGE	=	02	USAGE	Use two letters for USAGE as follows:
	*	SPLAY-1,			2, C3 =COMP-3, C4 =COMP-4, IX =INDEX)
18.	CLASS	=	01	CLASS	Use one letter for CLASS as follows:
	*	Alphabetic	-	imeric, E =Numeric Edite	ed)
19.	NAME	=	30	NAME	(OF 01-record-name) optional after data-name

Table of KEYWORDs for use with free-format SELECT

The most commonly used keywords are those which SELECT on some part of the data-name. Consider using more than one of the first six KEYWORDs in one SELECT separated by ANDs to develop a very powerful selection capability for finding data-names. Four of these six keywords start selection at the **beginning** of a node or data-name and the other two SUFFIX and END-NODE start selection at the **end** of a node or data-name). For NODE-1 and NODE-2, an * may be used after one or more letters in the selection field as a wild string, providing another letter or letters are used following the *. When used, the * indicates that any number from 0 to 18 characters (non-dashes) may be present before picking up selection with the next character. Consider using NODE-1 and NODE-2 together with Wild Strings in one or both PREFIXs. Consider completing selection with one or more non-data-name keywords being ANDed to those used for selecting by data-name.

When selecting by field size, there is a difference, which may be used to an advantage when doing selection. WHOLE-DIGITS and DECIMAL-DIGITS work with NUMERIC fields and work with the size coded in the PICTURE clause, while FIELD-SIZE works with the actual number of bytes that the field occupies within a record. (e.g - 05 TEST-FLD S9(9) COMP-3. takes up 5 bytes in FIELD-SIZE, but has 9 WHOLE-DIGITS in the field)

See Example 10 under 'JCL Examples' in this section, for an example of JCL to use this feature.

^{*} Node is defined as a cluster of characters in name separated by dashes.

BYPASS Control Statements

After the first run of Selecting Names, it is possible to have TRACED names (names traced with the use of PARM option YAP) which may not actually be in a valid functioning program path. For example, a date in an 01 record HEADING-1 may accurately trace to a related 01 record PRINT-RECORD, but can inaccurately trace to other 01 records HEADING-2 and DETAIL-RECORD. As a simple means of stopping the trace into and through HEADING-2 and DETAIL-RECORD, bypass control statements should be provided using Format#1 (01-record-name) or in other cases using Format#2 below.

The DD name of the control file for BYPASS statements is BYPASS. Only columns 1-30 may be in BYPASS control statements. **RANGE control statements only use columns 1-17.**

There are three formats for BYPASS control statements. They follow:

Format#1

Columns 1-30

01-record-name Specifies an 01 record <u>WHICH IS NOT</u> implicitly or

explicitly **REDEFINE**d. When used, all names belonging to this record AND it's redefined (implicit or

explicit) 01 records will be BYPASSed.

Format#2

Columns 1-30

data-name Specifies a COBOL elementary, group, 88 name, or other

data division name, which is to by BYPASSed.

Format#3

Columns 1-17

RANGE=nnnn-nnnn Specific

Specifies a range of sequence number. Each nnnnn MUST BE 5 digits. The first nnnnn specifies a BEGIN program sequence number. The second nnnnn specified an END program sequence number. These sequence numbers are determined AFTER COPY members are expanded. To be safe, use sequence numbers from the 'Alternate Compile Listing' for the program submitted.

<u>Warning</u> - Do not use **RANGE**= when multiple programs are used. If RANGE is used and the program is modified, then the RANGE will change and need to be modified.

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JCL Examples

The examples within this heading use one of three CONTROL/DCD PROCs. These three PROCs are:

- 1. **PANCOBOL**
- 3. **DCDCOBOL**
- 2. **LIBCOBOL**

Within each of the examples, capitalized letters should be left coded as shown, and non-capitalized letters require the user to enter in the names or entries required to complete the JCL.

Some of the examples using the DCDCOBOL PROC also use the **DCDFETCH** PROC for fetching members from a partitioned data set. If extensive fetching members is done from multiple partitioned data sets or with multiple sets of control statements, consider using the newer **DCDFETCH** PROC to save computer time. See 'DCDFETCH - Newer Software to replace MBRFETCH' in this section.

For WRITPDS and READPDS options, see the heading for "WRITPDS and READPDS Options".

Example 1

Print the System Paragraph Cross Reference and System Data Name Cross Reference Reports from three programs residing on a Panvalet library.

```
//STEP1 EXEC PANCOBOL,SRCLIB='panvalet.library',
// DATA=,OTHER='PAR'
//PAN.SYSIN DD *
++WRITE WORK,prog1
++WRITE WORK,prog2
++WRITE WORK,prog3
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copy.library,DISP=SHR
```

Note: The COPYLIB DD is added assuming that there may be COPY members on some of the Panvalet stored programs.

Example 2

Print the CALL Analysis, COPY Analysis and CALL PARAMETER Analysis Reports from two programs residing on a Librarian library.

```
//STEP2 EXEC LIBCOBOL, SRCLIB='librarian.lib',
// CALL=,COPY=,CPA=
//LIB.SYSIN DD *
-OPT EXEC
-SEL prog1,pswd
-EMOD
-SEL prog2,pswd
-EMOD
-END
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copy.library,DISP=SHR
```

Note: The COPYLIB DD is added assuming there may be COPY members on some of the Librarian stored programs.

Example 3

Print the System Cross Reference for Literals, 01 Record Report and Layout Report from four programs residing on a partitioned data set.

```
//STEP3 EXEC DCDCOBOL,OTHER='LIT,REC',LAYOUT=
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog1),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog2),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog3),DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog4),DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copy.library,DISP=SHR
```

Example 4

Print the 01 Record and Layout Reports from all COBOL programs residing on a partitioned data set whose member names begin with the prefix PAYR or PAYM.

```
//STEP4A EXEC DCDFETCH
//PDS.OUTPUT DD DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=COBOL=PAYR
PDS=USERDD=COBOL=PAYM
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=user.cobol.library,DISP=SHR
//*
//STEP4B EXEC DCDCOBOL,OTHER=REC,LAYOUT=
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=&&PASSFILE,DISP=(OLD,PASS)
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copy.library,DISP=SHR
```

Note: The PDS Member Fetcher PROC is discussed under the headings, "PROCs Provided for Use in this Section" and "DCDFETCH - Newer Software to replace MBRFETCH", both in this section.

Example 5

Print the System Record Analysis Report on two sets of records.

```
//STEP5 EXEC DCDCOBOL, SRA=
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog1), DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog2), DISP=SHR
// DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog3), DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copy.library, DISP=SHR
//DCD.CTLCDSRA DD *
*title for report 1
-ALL- mr-record-1
-ALL- ms-record-1
prog3 ms-record-4
*title for the second report
prog2 184
/*
```

Notes:

- In the first report, 2 records are selected from ALL programs along with a record from prog3.
- In the second report, all records in prog2 which have an overall length of 184 will be used.

Example 6

Produce a Data Dictionary Interface File on all records 240 characters in length.

Example 7

Print Layout Reports for selected records from a given program.

```
//STEP7 EXEC DCDCOBOL,LAYOUT=
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog1),DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copy.library,DISP=SHR
//DCD.CTLCDLAY DD *
ms-record-1
ms-record-2
/*
```

Example 8

Print Layout Reports for all records which have a record size from 220 to 240 characters in length.

Example 9

Bring just 01 records into CONTROL/DCD (not a COBOL program) and print Layout Reports.

```
//STEP9A EXEC DCDFETCH
//PDS.OUTPUT DD DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=COBRECS
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=user.copy.library,DISP=SHR
//*
//STEP9B EXEC DCDCOBOL,LAYOUT=,OTHER=LOR
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=&&PASSFILE,DISP=(OLD,PASS)
```

Notes

- See "DCDFETCH Newer Software to replace MBRFETCH" in this section of the manual.
- All COPY members that do not begin an 01 record or (02-48) level group are bypassed.
- With option LOR option indicating records (not COBOL programs), no other reports are allowed.

For Examples 10 and 11, see AAbend Analysis Report@ under AOverview of All Reports including Abend Analysis@ in this section.

Example 10

Produce a report using the Abend Analysis feature.

```
//STEP10 EXEC DCDCOBOL, TRACE=, OTHER=NOYIN
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog1), DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copy.library, DISP=SHR
//DCD.SELECT DD *
    SELECT IF NODE-1 = P*R
    AND NODE-2 = Y*R OR YE
    AND FIELD-SIZE = 2
//DCD.BYPASS DD *
HEADING-1-RECORD
DETAIL-RECORD
```

Notes:

- X The SELECT looks for a node with PAYROLL, PR or other combinations and then looks for another node with YEAR, YR, YE or other combinations, and then looks for a field which is two bytes long.
- X The optional BYPASS DD is used to stop the TRACE for 01 records HEADING-1-RECORD and DETAIL-RECORD
- X The option to also produce PROCEDURE DIVISION Narrative is turned off

Example 11

Produce a report using the Abend Analysis feature.

```
//STEP11 EXEC DCDCOBOL, TRACE=

//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=user.cobol.library(prog1), DISP=SHR

//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=user.copy.library, DISP=SHR

//DCD.SELECT DD

PAYROLL-MONTH
```

Notes:

X The SELECT simply looks for the name shown (PAYROLL-MONTH)

JCL to Execute CONTROL/DCD without Using PROCs

The JCL necessary to execute the DCDSYSTM program for use with the features in this section is listed here and is informational. It is recommended however, that PROCs be used for the actual execution of CONTROL/DCD. The rest of this section is designed for use of the PROCs shown in this section.

```
//DCD
                   PGM=DCDSYSTM, REGION=8192K,
//
        PARM=(options)
//*
//STEPLIB DD DSN=user.loadlib,DISP=SHR
//DCDWK01
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK02
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK03
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK04
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK05
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK06
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK07
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK08
           DD
//DCDWK09
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK10
           DD
//DCDWK11
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWK12
           DD
//DCDWKS1
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKS2
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=5
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKS3
           DD
//DCDWKS4
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKS5
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKS6
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKS7
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=5
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKS8
           DD
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKT1
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKT2
           DD
//DCDWKT3
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//DCDWKT4
           DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=5
//PRINT
           DD
                SYSOUT=*, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
                SYSOUT=*, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//CALPARAM DD
               SYSOUT=*, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//REPORTS DD
//SYSOUT
           DD
               SYSOUT=*, DCB=BLKSIZE=121
               SYSOUT=*, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SORTMESS DD
//SORTLIB DD
               DSN=SYS1.SORTLIB, DISP=SHR
//SORTWK01 DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
//SORTWK02 DD
//SORTWK03 DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
//CONTROL DD
               DSN=user.pds(DCDCNTRL),DISP=SHR
```

See the next page for additional DD statements.

Extra DD statements may be required in addition to those shown on the previous page. These additional DD statements are listed below:

BYPASS - optionally used to stop tracing levels by BYPASSing a record or field in the Abend Analysis report. See the heading 'Control Statements for Abend Analysis'.

COBOLIN - required unless PARM option READPDS is used without using WRITPDS at the same time. Points to a COBOL program, several COBOL programs or one or more COBOL records when producing only Layout Reports using the LOR option.

COPYLIB - required if COPY members are present in the COBOL program

CTLCDCAH- optionally used to modify the CALL Hierarchy Report.

CTLCDDLT - used to provide data names for use in the Tracing Literals Report.

CTLCDLAY - optionally used if the LAYOUTS PARM option is used and further selection is wanted through control statements. See the heading, 'Control Statements for Layouts'.

CTLINFO- see 'DCDFETCH Extra DD Statements ...' below.

CTLCDSRA - required when either the SRA or DICT PARM option is used. See the heading, 'Control Statements for System Record Analysis'.

CTLCDVER - optionally used to select by verb in the VERB Analysis Report.

DCDPDS - required if the WRITPDS option is used. See the heading, 'WRITPDS and READPDS Options'.

DCDREPDS - required if the READPDS option is used. See the heading, 'WRITPDS and READPDS Options'.

SELECT - required to select fields for the Abend Analysis report. See the heading 'Control Statements for Abend Analysis'.

The REGION is set to 8192K. Consult the Installation Instructions for Guidelines on REGION size.

The DCB=BUFNO is set to 5 for MVS.

See Installation Instructions for information on the CONTROL DD.

JCL for the PDS member fetcher PROC is shown below:

```
//PDS     EXEC     PGM=DCDFETCH,REGION=2048K
//PRINT     DD     SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT     DD     SYSOUT=*
//WORKFIL1     DD     UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(2,4))
//WORKFIL2     DD     UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(1,3))
//OUTPUT     DD     DSN=&&PASSFILE,DISP=(,PASS),UNIT=SYSDA
//     SPACE=(CYL,(5,10)),DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
```

DCDFETCH Extra DD statements are listed here:

CTLINFO - required and used to input control to this PROC.

See the heading 'DCDFETCH - Newer Software to replace MBRFETCH'.

- one or more DDnames that are user specified are required if the above **CTLINFO** DD is used.

PROCs Provided for Use in This Section

Four PROCs are provided. They are listed here and are shown on the next pages. If Panvalet or Librarian are not used in your shop, then PROCs PANCOBOL or LIBCOBOL may be ignored.

- 1. **PANCOBOL** Running CONTROL/DCD with input from Panvalet
- 2. **LIBCOBOL** Running CONTROL/DCD with input from Librarian
- 3. **DCDCOBOL** Running CONTROL/DCD without Panvalet or Librarian
- 4. **DCDFETCH** Used with PROC DCDCOBOL for selecting COBOL programs or COPY records by means of control statements from partitioned data sets.

```
//PANCOBOL PROC CALL=NO,
                                 * CALL ANALYSIS REPORT
                                * COPY ANALYSIS REPORT
              COPY=NO,
                              * CALL PARAMETER ANALYSIS
              CPA=NO,
                           * DATA ANALYSIS REPORT
* LAYOUTS
              DATA=NO,
              LAYOUT=NO,
                              * SYSTEM RECORD ANALYSIS
//
              SRA=NO.
                                * ABEND ANALYSIS
//
              TRACE=NO,
                               * RESOLVE COPY MEMBERS
              RESOLVE=,
    USE XXXX= ABOVE TO TURN ON A REPORT OR OPTION
             OTHER=',', * USED TO ENTER OTHER PARM OPTIONS
LINECNT=60, * NUMBER OF LINES PER PAGE
TRLIMIT=999, * MAX NBR OF TRACES
//
//
//
              SRCLIB='PANVALET.SOURCE',
                        * USE TO CHANGE NUMBER OF BUFFERS
, * SEND PRINT OUTPUT TO MSGCLASS
K, * REGION SIZE
              PRINT='*'
              REG=08192K,
              SORTREG=0810000, * SORT REGION
                                * UNIT=SYSDA, DISK OR OTHER
              WORK=SYSDA
   PROC TO RUN THE SYSTEM REPORTS WITHIN CONTROL/DCD
//* MARBLE COMPUTER, INC. 1-800-252-1400 PROC=PANCOBOL REL 2.2
                                                            LM080117
           EXEC PGM=PAN#1
    INSERT STEPLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=&PRINT
//PANDD1
            DD DSN=&SRCLIB, DISP=SHR
//PANDD2
            DD DSN=&&TEMP, DCB=BLKSIZE=6160, UNIT=&WORK,
//
             DISP=(,PASS),SPACE=(CYL,(2,20))
        EXEC PGM=DCDSYSTM, REGION=&REG,
//DCD
     PARM=(&CALL.CAL,&COPY.COP,&CPA.CPA
//
           &DATA.DAT,&LAYOUT.LAY,
//
            &SRA.SRA, &TRACE.TRA, &RESOLVE.RES,
11
            &OTHER,
// 'TAC=&TRLIMIT','SOR=&SORTREG','LNC=&LINECNT')
//* INSERT STEPLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//* * * * * DD DSN=SYS1.CEE.SCEERUN,DISP=SHR
//CONTROL
           DD DSN=USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL),DISP=SHR
//COBOLIN DD DSN=&&TEMP, DISP=(OLD, DELETE)
//* INSERT COPYLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//DCDWK01 DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)),DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK02
           DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK03
           DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
           DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK04
//DCDWK05 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK06
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK07
//DCDWK08
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK09
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK10
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK11
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK12
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS1
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS2
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS3
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS4
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS5
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS6
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS7
            DD
//DCDWKS8
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT1
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT2
            ממ
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT3
            DD
//DCDWKT4
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//PRINT
            DD SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//REPORTS
            DD SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
            DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=121 (SORT & OTHER MESSAGES)
//SYSOUT
//SORTMESS DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
                DSN=SYS1.SORTLIB,DISP=SHR
//SORTLIB
            DD
//SORTWK01 DD
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
//SORTWK02 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK,(100),,CONTIG)
//SORTWK03 DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
//* VERSION DD DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.VERSION,DISP=SHR
```

Exhibit 1 PANCOBOL PROC

```
//LIBCOBOL PROC CALL=NO,
                                * CALL ANALYSIS REPORT
                                * COPY ANALYSIS REPORT
              COPY=NO,
                                * CALL PARAMETER ANALYSIS
              CPA=NO,
                                * DATA ANALYSIS REPORT
              DATA=NO,
                               * LAYOUTS
              LAYOUT=NO,
                               * SYSTEM RECORD ANALYSIS
              SRA=NO,
                           * ABEND ANALYSIS
* RESOLVE COPY MEMBERS
              TRACE=NO,
              RESOLVE=,
    USE XXXX= ABOVE TO TURN ON A REPORT OR OPTION
              OTHER=',', * USED TO ENTER OTHER PARM OPTIONS
              LINECNT=60,
                                * NUMBER OF LINES PER PAGE
                             * MAX NBR OF TRACES
              TRLIMIT=999,
              SRCLIB='LIBRARAN.SOURCE',
              LIBPGM='LIBRARAN',

* USE TO CHANGE NUMBER OF BUFFERS
              PRINT='*'
                                * SEND PRINT OUTPUT TO MSGCLASS
                                * REGION SIZE
              REG=08192K,
              SORTREG=0810000, * SORT REGION
WORK=SYSDA * UNIT=SYSDA, DISK OR OTHER
//* PROC TO RUN THE SYSTEM REPORTS WITHIN CONTROL/DCD
//* MARBLE COMPUTER, INC. 1-800-252-1400 PROC=LIBCOBOL
                                                            REL 2.2
//*
                                                            LM080117
//LIB EXEC PGM=&LIBPGM,PARM='NJTA,NRJS' CHECK LIBRARIAN PARMS
//* INSERT STEPLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=&PRINT
//LIST
            DD SYSOUT=&PRINT
          DD DSN=&SRCLIB,DISP=SHR
//MASTER
//OSJOB DD DSN=&&TEMP, DCB=BLKSIZE=6160, UNIT=&WORK,
         DISP=(,PASS),SPACE=(CYL,(2,20))
          EXEC PGM=DCDSYSTM, REGION=&REG,
//
     PARM=(&CALL.CAL,&COPY.COP,&CPA.CPA,
//
            &DATA.DAT,LAYOUT.LAY,
//
            &SRA.SRA, &TRACE.TRA, &RESOLVE.RES,
11
            &OTHER,
    'TAC=&TRLIMIT','SOR=&SORTREG','LNC=&LINECNT')
INSERT STEPLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//* * * * * DD DSN=SYS1.CEE.SCEERUN,DISP=SHR
//CONTROL DD DSN=USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL),DISP=SHR
//COBOLIN
           DD DSN=&&TEMP, DISP=(OLD, DELETE)
//* INSERT COPYLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//DCDWK01 DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)),DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK02 DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)),DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK03 DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)),DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK04
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK05
            DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)),DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK06
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK07
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK08
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK09
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK10
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK11
//DCDWK12
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS1
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS2
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS3
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS4
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS5
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS6
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS7
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS8
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT1
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT2
//DCDWKT3
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT4
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//PRINT
            DD
                SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//REPORTS
           DD SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
            DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=121
                                          (SORT & OTHER MESSAGES)
//SYSOUT
//SORTMESS DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SORTLIB
            DD DSN=SYS1.SORTLIB, DISP=SHR
//SORTWK01
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
//SORTWK02 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
//SORTWK03 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK,(100),,CONTIG)
//* VERSION DD DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.VERSION.DISP=SHR
```

Exhibit 2 LIBCOBOL PROC

```
* CALL ANALYSIS REPORT
//DCDCOBOL PROC CALL=NO,
     COPY=NO,
                               * COPY ANALYSIS REPORT
                               * CALL PARAMETER ANALYSIS
              CPA=NO,
                          * DATA ANALYSIS REPORT
* LAYOUTS
* SYSTEM RECORD ANALYSIS
//
             DATA=NO.
              LAYOUT=NO.
              SRA=NO,
                              * ABEND ANALYSIS
              TRACE=NO,
                               * RESOLVE COPY MEMBERS
             RESOLVE=,
    USE XXXX= ABOVE TO TURN ON A REPORT OR OPTION
             OTHER=',', * USED TO ENTER OTHER PARM OPTIONS
                               * NUMBER OF LINES PER PAGE
//
              LINECNT=60,
//
                            * MAX NBR OF TRACES
* USE TO CHANGE NUMBER OF BUFFERS
              TRLIMIT=999,
             BUF=5,
                           * USE TO CHANGE NUMBER OF BUFFE

* SEND PRINT OUTPUT TO MSGCLASS
              PRINT='*'
                               * REGION SIZE
              REG=08192K,
              SORTREG=0810000, * SORT REGION
//
                               * UNIT=SYSDA, DISK OR OTHER
              WORK=SYSDA
    PROC TO RUN THE SYSTEM REPORTS WITHIN CONTROL/DCD
//* MARBLE COMPUTER, INC. 1-800-252-1400 PROC=DCDCOBOL REL 2.2
//*
                                                           LM080117
//DCD
           EXEC PGM=DCDSYSTM, REGION=&REG,
//
     PARM=(&CALL.CAL,&COPY.COP,&CPA.CPA,
//
            &DATA.DAT, &LAYOUT.LAY,
//
            &SRA.SRA, &TRACE.TRA, &RESOLVE.RES,
            &OTHER.
11
11
            'TAC=&TRLIMIT', 'SOR=&SORTREG', 'LNC=&LINECNT')
//*
     INSERT STEPLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//* * * * * DD DSN=SYS1.CEE.SCEERUN,DISP=SHR
//CONTROL DD DSN=USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL),DISP=SHR
//* INSERT COPYLIB HERE IF NECESSARY
//DCDWK01 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
          DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK02
//DCDWK03 DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)),DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK04
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
          DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK05
//DCDWK06
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK07
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK08
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK09
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK10
//DCDWK11
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWK12
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS1
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2, 20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS2
//DCDWKS3
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS4
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD
//DCDWKS5
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS6
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
            DD
//DCDWKS7
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKS8
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,20)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT1
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT2
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT3
            DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//DCDWKT4
          DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (2,2)), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
//PRINT
            DD SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//CALPARAM DD SYSOUT=&PRINT,DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//REPORTS
            DD SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SYSOUT
            DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=121
                                        (SORT & OTHER MESSAGES)
//SORTMESS DD DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SORTLIB DD DSN=SYS1.SORTLIB,DISP=SHR
//SORTWK01
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
            DD
               UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
//SORTWK02 DD
//SORTWK03 DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (100),, CONTIG)
//* VERSION DD DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.VERSION,DISP=SHR
```

Exhibit 3 DCDCOBOL PROC

```
//DCDFETCH PROC PRINT='*',WORK=SYSDA
//PDS EXEC PGM=DCDFETCH,REGION=2048K
//OUTPUT DD DSN=&&PASSFILE,DISP=(,PASS),UNIT=&WORK,
// SPACE=(CYL,(5,10))
//PRINT DD SYSOUT=&PRINT
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=&PRINT
//WORKFIL1 DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(TRK,(2,4))
//WORKFIL2 DD UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(CYL,(1,3))
```

Exhibit 4 DCDFETCH PROC

Notes on DCDFETCH PROC

There are two uses for the DCDFETCH PROC within this section.

The first is for inputting COBOL programs. See 'PROCs Provided for Use in this Section'. The user needs to add the following DCB to the OUTPUT DD as shown below:

The second is for using Control/DCD's internal Data Dictionary. See "WRITPDS and READPDS' options in this section. When used here, the record size if specified must be 3120 as shown on the JCL example in the write-up on "WRITPDS and READPDS' options.

Efficient Use of Work Space

When large systems are put through the CONTROL/DCD system, questions may arise over the use of work file space. This heading tries to answer these questions.

CONTROL/DCD work files DCDWK01 through DCDWK07 are used for one program at a time and do not hold cumulative files from several programs at any one time. For this reason, the SPACE allocation for these files may be kept small (both primary and secondary allocation). The only exception to this rule occurs when a user attempts to run Layout Reports on several programs at once, in which case, DCDWK01 will hold all the Layout Reports produced prior to printing them.

CONTROL/DCD work files DCDWK08 through DCDWK12 are used mostly by the Abend Analysis Feature and may typically be kept small.

CONTROL/DCD work files DCDWKS1 through DCDWKS8 hold cumulative information in a condensed format for all programs run through CONTROL/DCD at any one time. The files, besides being in a condensed format where three or more occurrences of spaces or zeros are reduced to two characters, are further reduced by only holding the fields that are needed for the particular reports wanted. Further, most of the work files DCDWKS1 through DCDWKS8 are not used when just one or two reports are selected.

Because of the file structure used for files DCDWKS1 through DCDWKS8, the SPACE in the PROCs for these files have very small primary increments and very large secondary increments.

DCDWKT1 through DCDWKT4 are used for Direct Tracing of Literals invoked by PARM option DIT.

The following chart shows which options use which work files:

PARM field	WS1 WS2	WS3	WS4	WS5	WS6	WS7	WS8
CAHIER					YES		
CALL					YES		
COPY		YES		VEC		VEC	
DATA		VEC		YES		YES	
FGCONSTS LAYOUTS		YES				ŢĒS	
LITERALS		YES				IES	
PARAGRAPH	<u>-</u>	1123					
RECORDS	YES						
SPREGS	TES	YES					
SRANAL		T E.S	YES				
VERB	YES				YES		
CALL PARAMETERS							ŸĒS

The DDNAME DCDPDS which is used when the WRITPDS option is used, will contain condensed information from all the above eight condensed files depending on which options are specified during the WRITPDS run.

Control/DCD - Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

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Overview of All Reports

The COBOL reports that are made available through this section are listed below:

1.	CALL Analysis Report	D-46
2.	CALL Hierarchy Report	D-47
3.	CALL PARAMETER Analysis	D-48
4.	COPY Analysis Report	D-49
5.	System Data Name Cross-Reference	D-50
6.	System Cross-Reference for Figurative Constants	D-52
7.	Table of Contents for Layouts	D-53
8.	Layout Report	D-54
9.	System Cross-Reference for Literals	D-56
10.	System Paragraph Cross-Reference	D-57
11.	01 Record Report	D-58
12.	System Cross-Reference for Special Registers	D-61
13.	System Record Analysis Report	D-62
14.	Tracing Literal Paths Reports	D-64
15.	Verb Analysis Report	D-67
16.	Abend Analysis Report	D-68

The PARM options that are required to run these reports are listed under the heading, "PARM OPTIONS". For most reports, the PARM options require just one option per report (e.g. use option CALL for the CALL Analysis Report, COPY for COPY Analysis Report, DATA for System Data Name Cross-Reference). The following options are applicable to all reports:

C68	LNCNT=	RESOLVE=	VR3
EIB	QUOTE	SORTREG=	VS2
ERRORS	READPDS	STOP	WRITPDS

The Layout Report is affected by many options and optional control statements.

The System Record Analysis Report requires the use of control statements. Also, the RA1, RAA, RAB, RAD, RAS and RAT options are applicable to the System Record Analysis Report.

The System Data Name Cross-Reference and the System Paragraph Cross-Reference have the UNREF option available for including or omitting unreferenced names. The Data Name Cross-Reference report may be limited to control statement use by using the DAS parm option.

The CALL Hierarchy Report allows control statements for Adding and Deleting CALLs.

The Direct Literal Tracing Report requires control statements for specifying data names used for tracing the possible values of literals and the paths used to get a literal to a particular field.

The Verb Analysis Report allows the use of control statements to limit VERBs selected.

The Abend Analysis Report (**TRACE Option**) is available for finding data fields by their name (or by a very powerful selection capability), then bringing in all REDEFINES, GROUP fields, and overlapping fields for the name selected, doing Tracing through infinite levels to find all related fields and finally showing all Procedure Division references for all names selected or brought in. Two separate types of control statements are available for SELECTing and BYPASSing.

CALL ANALY	SIS PROGRAM-ID / CALL-NAME	SEQUEN	CE	01/01/2001	PAGE 1
PROGRAM-ID	PARAGRAPH-NAME	SEQ-#	CALL / ENTRY STATE	EMENT	PARAMETERS
PAYMONTH	A070-COMPUTE-DEDUCTIONS	0169	CALL 'PAYDEDUC'	USING	PN-RECORD PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION-1 PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION-2
		0126	PROCEDURE DIVISION ENTRY (PAYMONTE		
PAYROLL	A010-VERIFY-EMPLOYEE-NUMBER	0146	CALL 'EMPVERFY'	USING	WS-SYSTEM-DATE PT-EMPLOYEE-NBR WS-VERIFY-CODE
	B010-COMPUTE-FEDERAL-TAX	0026	CALL 'FEDTAX'	USING	WS-SYSTEM-DATE PN-RECORD
	A070-COMPUTE-DEDUCTIONS	0184	CALL 'PAYDEDUC'	USING	PN-RECORD PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION-1 PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION-2
		0124	PROCEDURE DIVISION ENTRY (PAYROLL)	ON	
A	В	C	D		${f E}$

CALL Analysis Report - Program-Id / CALL-Name Sequence

\mathbf{A}	В	C	D		${f E}$
PAYROLL		0124	PROCEDURE DIVISIO ENTRY (PAYROLL)	N	
PAYMONTH		0126	PROCEDURE DIVISIO ENTRY (PAYMONTH		
PAYROLL	A070-COMPUTE-DEDUCTIONS	0184	CALL 'PAYDEDUC'	USING	PN-RECORD PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION-1 PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION-2
PAYMONTH	A070-COMPUTE-DEDUCTIONS	0169	CALL 'PAYDEDUC'	USING	PN-RECORD PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION-1 PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION-2
PAYROLL	B010-COMPUTE-FEDERAL-TAX	0226	CALL 'FEDTAX'	USING	WS-SYSTEM-DATE PN-RECORD
PAYROLL	A010-VERIFY-EMPLOYEE-NUMBER	0146	CALL 'EMPVERFY'	USING	WS-SYSTEM-DATE PT-EMPLOYEE-NBR WS-VERIFY-CODE
PROGRAM-ID	PARAGRAPH-NAME	SEQ-#	CALL / ENTRY STATE	MENT	PARAMETERS
CALL ANALYS	IS CALL-NAME / PROGRAM-ID	SEQUEN	CES	01/01/20	01 PAGE 1

CALL Analysis Report - CALL-Name / Program-Id Sequence Exhibit 5 - (Both Sequences)

A - COBOL Program-Id

B - Paragraph name where the CALL or ENTRY resides

C - Sequence number of the CALL, ENTRY or Procedure Division statement

D - CALL or ENTRY statement

E - Parameters used

01/01/2001	CALL HIERARCHY REPORT	PAGE 1
COUNT	HIERARCHY OF CALLS	
12	DCDMAIN + DCDCOBOL + + DCD12CMP + + DCD14IND + + ST + DCDCOPY + + DCDMCOPY + + READCOPY + + + READREPL	
12	+ + + + + READCOPY + + DCDMREPL + + ST + DCDHSKPG + + BANNER	
19	+ + DCD07PRM + + + ER + + DCD08OPT	
24	+ + DCDTR + + + ER + + ER + + GETNM	
7	+ + PW + + + ER + DCDPRHP1 + DCDPXREF + + DCDDDCCR + + DCDOTHER + + DCDPDCCR	
18	+ + DCDSETRF + + ST + DCDSCAN1 + + DCDCICS + + SCANTOK	
6	+ + SCANTOK + + + + PASSTOK + + + + LASTIME	
125	+ + + + NEXTTOK	
A	ВС	

Exhibit 6 CALL Hierarchy Report

- A Count of times program is called from above program (Blank for 1 time)

 Plus (+) algorithm program id is followed unbill to find calling module.
- B Plus (+) closest to program-id is followed uphill to find calling module
- C COBOL Program-id

CALL	Parameter	reporting	for	Program	(DCDENTR1)	
------	-----------	-----------	-----	---------	---	----------	---	--

Procedure Division USING for program DCDENTR1 1 WS-FIELD-3 2 WS-EIGHT-2	Length 134 8	@00023 @00013					
From: "TSTCALLN" ENTRY at compile nbr 000046							
ENTRY DCDENTR1 USING	Length						
1 WS-FIELD-3	134	@00023					
** ERROR ** LENGTH does not match P-D USING # 2							
2 WS-FIELD-4	402	@00024					
** ERROR ** PARAMETER # 00003 NOT USED in P-D USING	ļ						
3 WS-DCDSCAN2	8	@00015					
From: "TSTCALLN" ENTRY at compile nbr 000050							
ENTRY DCDENTR1 USING	Length						
1 WS-FIELD-3	134	@00023					
2 (parameter missing)							

ABCDEFG

Parameter MISSING for corresponding USING #

Exhibit 7

CALL PARAMETER ANALYSIS

A - Line with Procedure Division... or From:...

B - ENTRY or CALL with that name

C - ** ERROR ** message line

D - Parameter number

E - Parameter name

F - Length of parameter

G - Sequence of this field

A	В	C	D	E	\mathbf{F}
TOGO2	DCDLOGIC	0008		SOURCE-COMPUTER	ENVIRONMENT DIVISION
	PAYMONT	Н 0036	01	TEST-COPY-REC-2	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
TESTCOPY	PAYMONT	H 0024	01	TEST-COPY-REC	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
INFOTYP7	DCDLOGIC	0012	FD	FILE-1	FILE SECTION
H02IF	DCDLOGIC	0134		030-COPY-HERE	PROCEDURE DIVISION
CPYREC	DCDLOGIC	0079	01	COB-REC	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
CORRECT	DCDLOGIC	0110	01	COB-REC	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
BANKCOPY	DCDLOGIC	0061	01	BC-BANNER-FIELDS	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
MEMBER	PROGRAM	SEQ-#	LEVEL	IDENTIFIER	SECTION
COPY ANAI	LYSIS	MEMBE	R SEQUE	NCE 01/01/2001	PAGE 1

COPY Analysis Report - Member Sequence

Α	-	COPY member name
В	-	COBOL Program-id
C	-	Sequence number where the COPY is used in the program
D	-	Level number associated with the COPY (if applicable)
E	-	DATA name associated with the COPY (if applicable)
F	-	DIVISION or SECTION where the COPY member resides

COPY ANALYSIS	PROGRA	M SEQUE	ENCE	01/01/2001 PAGE 1
PROGRAM MEMBER	SEQ-#	LEVEL	IDENTIFIER	SECTION
DCDLOGIC BANKCOPY	0061	01	BC-BANNER-FIELI	OS WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
COBREC1	0110	01	COB1-REC	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
CPYREC	0079	01	COB-REC	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
H021F	0134		030-COPY-HERE	PROCEDURE DIVISION
INFOTYP7	0012	FD	FILE-1	FILE SECTION
TOGO2	8000		SOURCE-COMPUT	ER ENVIRONMENT DIVISION
PAYMONTH TESTCOPY	0024	01	TEST-COPY-REC	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
TESTCOPY	0036	01	TEST-COPY-REC-2	WORKING-STORAGE SECTION
A B	C	D	E	${f F}$

Exhibit 9

COPY Analysis Report - Program Sequence

A - COBOL

B - COPY member name

C - Sequence number where the COPY is used in the program
 D - Level number associated with the COPY when applicable

E - Data name associated with the COPY when applicable

F - Division or section where the COPY member resides

Control/DCD - Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

SYSTEM DATA-NAME CROSS REFERENCE

PROGRAM	SECTION	SEQ-# LV	DATA-NAME	NARRATIVE	01/01/2001	PAGE	05
(CONTI	NUED) WS-ALL DEDU	CTIONS		PN-WEEKLY-STATE-T COMPUTE PN-WEEKLY-IF # > PN-WEEKLY-GRO SUBTRACT PN-WEEKLY	PAY-AMOUNT @102 = # OSS @96 (195,199)	(203) FROM # (200),)),
PAYROLL	WORKING-STORAGE	0118 88	WS-EMPLOY	EE-NBR-INVALID IF # (150)	VALUE (M	ULTIPLE VALUE	S)
PAYROLL	WORKING-STORAGE	0116 88	WS-EMPLOY	EE-NBR-VALID	VALUE (M	ULTIPLE VALUE	S)
PAYMONTH	WORKING-STORAGE	0116 88	WS-END-OF-	FILE PERFORM-UNTIL # (138)	VALUE 'Y'	
PAYROLL	WORKING-STORAGE	0114 88	WS-END-OF-	FILE PERFORM-UNTIL # (137)	VALUE 'Y'	
PAYMONTH	WORKING-STORAGE	0115 05	WS-END-OF-	FILE-SW MOVE 'Y' TO # (135,20	PIC X 2)	VALUE SPACE	Ξ
PAYROLL	WORKING-STORAGE	0113 05	WS-END-OF-	FILE-SW MOVE 'Y' TO # (134,22	PIC X 0)	VALUE SPAC	Е
PAYMONTH	WORKING-STORAGE	0110 05	WS-FICA-AM	OUNT COMPUTE # = .0715 (17 PN-WEEKLY-GROSS (WS-FICA-YTD-TOTAL COMPUTE WS-FICA-YTI MOVE # TO PN-WEEKL	@89 (173), @109 (179) O-TOTAL @111 = # (160)	VALUE +0	
PAYROLL	WORKING-STORAGE	0108 05	WS-FICA-AM	OUNT COMPUTE # = .0715 (17 PN-WEEKLY-GROSS (WS-FICA-YTD-TOTAL COMPUTE WS-FICA-YT MOVE # TO PN-WEEKL MOVE ZEROS TO # (17	@96 (173), @109 (179) D-TOTAL @109 = # (175 Y-FICA @89 (181)	VALUE +0	
PAYROLL	WORKING-STORAGE	0109 05	WS-FICA-YTI	D-TOTAL COMPUTE # = PN-YTD-FI WS-FICA-AMOUNT @ COMPUTE WS-FICA-AM IF # > 3131.70 (178)	0108 (175)	VALUE +0	
PAYMONTH	WORKING-STORAGE	0110 05	WS-FICA-AM	OUNT COMPUTE # = .0715 (15 PN-WEEKLY-GROSS (WS-FICA-YTD-TOTAL COMPUTE WS-FICA-YT MOVE # TO PN-WEEKL MOVE ZEROS TO # (15	@89 (158), @111 (164) D-TOTAL @111 = # (16 YFICA @101 (166)	VALUE +0	
PAYMONTH	WORKING-STORAGE	0111 05	WS-FICA-YTI	D-TOTAL COMPUTE # = PN-YTD- WS-FICA-AMOUNT @ COMPUTE WS-FICA-AM IF # > 3131.70 (163)	110 (160)	VALUE +0	
A	В	C D	E	F	G H	I	

Exhibit 10

System Data Name Cross Reference

Control/DCD – Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

- A COBOL program-id
- B Section
- C Sequence number of the data name
- D Level number of the data name
- E Data name
- F All related Procedure Division narrative
- G PICTURE clause
- H USAGE clause
- I VALUE clause

Control/DCD - Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

A		В		C						
		PAYROLL	115	121	130	171	197			
ZERO (S)		PAYMONTH	117	123	156	182	186			
(-)		PAYROLL	113							
SPACE (S)		PAYMONTH	115							
FIGURATIVE (CONSTANTS	PROGRAM	REFER	ENCES						
01/01/2001	11:30	SYSTEM CROSS	REFERE	NCE FOR	FIGURA	ATIVE (CONSTANTS	}	PAGE	01

Exhibit 11 System Cross Reference for Figurative Constants

A - Figurative constantB - COBOL program-id

C - Sequence numbers where the figurative constant is used

01/01/2001			
PAYMONTH	FILE	PAYROLL-TIME-FILE	6
PAYROLL	FILE	PAYROLL-TIME-FILE	
PAYMONTH	FILE	PAYROLL-UPDATED-FILE	8
PAYROLL	FILE	PAYROLL-UPDATED-FILE	3
PAYMONTH	FILE	PN-RECORD	8
PAYROLL	FILE	PN-RECORD	3
PAYMONTH	FILE	PT-RECORD	6
PAYROLL	FILE	PT-RECORD	1
PAYMONTH	WORK-ST	WS-AMOUNTS	10
PAYROLL	WORK-ST	WS-AMOUNTS	5
A	В	\mathbf{C}	D

Exhibit 12

Table of Contents for Layouts

- A COBOL program-id
- B Section where record name is located
- C Record name
- D Page number where record layout starts

_	FILE SE	CTION LAYOUT	REPORT			PAGE 1	+
		FD (FILE NAME)	PAYROLL-UP	DATED-FILE	3		
	 	LABEL RECORDS ARE RECORD CONTAINS BLOCK CONTAINS	STANDARD 170 CHARAC 0 RECORDS	CTERS			 -
-	+ 	DATA RECORD IS	PN-RECORD +			1	†
	LEVEL		LENGTH	TYPE	FROM	TO TO	<u> </u>
72	01	PN-RECORD	170	GROUP	1	170	CALL 'PAYDEDUC' USING # (169) MOVE PT-RECORD @28 TO # (148) WRITE # (197)
73	05	+ PN-EMPLOYEE-NBR	5	+ + N	1	5	+
74	05	+ PN-EMPLOYEE-LAST-NAME	20	+ + X	6	25	.*
75	05	+ PN-EMPLOYEE-FIRST-NAME	15	+ + X	26	+ 40	+
76	05	+ PN-ENDING-DATE	+ 6	+ + GROUP	41	46	.
77	05	+ PN-ENDING-YEAR	+ 2	+ + N	41	+ 42	+
78	05	+ PN-ENDING-MONTH	2	+ + N	43	+ 44	.*
79	05	+ PN-ENDING-DAY	+ 2	+ + N	45	+ 46	+
80	+ 05	+ PN-CUMULATIVE-YTD-AMOUNTS	+ 44	+ + GROUP	47	+ 90	+
81	+ 10 	+ PN-YTD-GROSS PIC S9(6)V99	8	+ + + SNE 	47 	+ 54 	+ ADD PN-WEEKLY-GROSS @98 TO # (192)
82	 10 	+ PN-YTD-FED-TAX PIC S9(6)V99 +	8	SNE 	55	+ 62 +	*
83	10	PN-YTD-STATE-TAX PIC S9(6)V99	8	SNE	63	70	 -
84	·	PN-YTD-FICA PIC S9(4)V99	6	SNE	71	İ	ADD PN-WEEKLY-FICA @101 TO # (193) COMPUTE WS-FICA-YTD-TOTAL @111 = # (160) + IF # > 4380.00 (155)
85	10	PN-YTD-DEDUCTION-1 PIC S9(5)V99	7	SNE	77 -	83	1
86	10	PN-YTD-DEDUCTION-2 PIC S9(5)V99	7	SNE	84	90	
87	10	PN-CURRENT-EMPL-DATA	31	GROUP	91	121	
-	PAYMON	NTH	T	T 1		01/01/2001	T
A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н

Exhibit 13 Layout Report

- A Sequence number of the data name
- B Level number of the data name
- C Data name
- D Length in bytes of this field for computational or packed comp-3 fields, two lengths will be shown in this field. The first one will be in parentheses, and represents what is coded in the PICTURE clause.
- E TYPE code indicating how the field is used (see chart below)
- F From position of this field
- G To position of this field
- H Corresponding COBOL narrative (requires use of LNR option to produce this narrative)

Layout TYPE Chart

<u>TYPE</u>	Meaning
C	COMP or COMPUTATIONAL
C1	COMP-1
C2	COMP-2
C3	COMP-3
C4	COMP-4
N	NUMERIC (DISPLAY USAGE)
NE	NUMERIC EDITED
PR	USAGE IS POINTER
UI	USAGE IS INDEX
X	ALPHANUMERIC or ALPHABETIC
GROUP	GROUP FIELD

Note: The first seven fields (through NE above) will have an S preceding them if the PICTURE clause is signed.

01/01/2001 11:30	SYSTEM C	PAGE	01						
LITERALS	PROGRAM	REFE	RENCES	S					
+0	PAYMONTH	110	111	112					
'Y'	PAYROLL PAYMONTH	108 047	109 091	110 116	135	202			
.0715	PAYROLL PAYMONTH PAYROLL	047 158 173	089	114	134	220			
00	PAYROLL PAYMONTH PAYROLL	118 116							
04	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	120 118							
2.75	PAYROLL	201							
3131.70	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	163 178	164 179						
43800.00	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	155 170	1//						
A	В	C							

System Cross Reference for Literals

A - Literal

B - COBOL program-id

C - Sequence numbers where literal is used

\mathbf{A}	В	\mathbf{C}	D	E	\mathbf{F}	G	ī	
PAYROLL	231	C-COMPUTE-STATE-TAX00	SECTION	166	PERFORM	A050-COMPUTE-	STATE-TA	ΑX
PAYROLL	224	B-COMPUTE-FEDERAL-TAX	SECTION	159	PERFORM	A040-COMPUTE-I	FEDERAL-	-TAX
PAYROLL	217	A800-READ-NEXT-RECORD	A-PROCESS-PAYROLL-RECORDS	151	GO TO	A010-VERIFY-EM	PLOYEE-	NBR
PAYROLL	168	A060-COMPUTE-FICA	A-PROCESS-PAYROLL-RECORDS	164	GO TO	A050-COMPUTE-	STATE-TA	ΑX
PAYROLL	144	A-PROCESS-PAYROLL-RECORDS	SECTION	136 138	PERFORM PERFORM	040-PROCESS-AL 040-PROCESS-AL		
PAYMONTH	145	A-PROCESS-PAYROLL-RECORDS	SECTION	137	PERFORM	040-PROCESS-AL	L-RECOR	.DS
PROGRAM	SEQ-#	PARAGRAPH	SECTION	SEQ-#	TYPE TRANSFER	PARAGRAPH O	F TRANSF	ER
			SYSTEM PARAGRAPH CROSS REFE	RENCE		01/01/2001	PAGE	01

System Paragraph Cross Reference

- A COBOL program-id
- B Sequence number of the paragraph
- C Paragraph or section name
- D Section name that paragraph name belongs to
- E Sequence number of COBOL verb referencing this paragraph or section
- F COBOL verb referencing this paragraph or section
- G Paragraph name that contains the COBOL verb

A	В	C	D	E		
03	PAYROLL	00112	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-SWITCHES		
03	PAYMONTH	00114	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-SWITCHES		
06	PAYROLL	00121	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-SYSTEM-DATE		
06	PAYMONTH	00123	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-SYSTEM-DATE		
09	PAYROLL	00107	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-AMOUNTS		
09	PAYMONTH	00109	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-AMOUNTS		
170	PAYROLL	00070	FILE	PN-RECORD		
170	PAYROLL	00028	FILE	PT-RECORD		
170	PAYMONTH	00072	FILE	PN-RECORD		
170	PAYMONTH	00028	FILE	PT-RECORD		
LENGTH	PROGRAM	SEQ-#	SECTION	RECORD-NAME		
01 RECOR	D REPORT	LENGTH	SEQUENCE	01/01/2001	PAGE	1

01 Record Report - Length Sequence

A - Length in bytes of the 01 record

B - COBOL program-id for this record

C - Sequence number where the record resides

D - Data Division section that contains the record

E - 01 record name

01 RECORD R	EPORT	ENTRY SEQUENCE	01/01/2001	PAGE	1
PROGRAM	SEQ-#	SECTION	RECORD-NAME	LENGTH	
PAYMONTH	0028	FILE	PT-RECORD	170	
PAYMONTH	00072	FILE	PN-RECORD	170	
PAYMONTH	00109	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-AMOUNTS	09	
PAYMONTH	00114	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-SWITCHES	03	
PAYMONTH	00123	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-SYSTEM-DATE	06	
PAYROLL	00028	FILE	PT-RECORD	170	
PAYROLL	00070	FILE	PN-RECORD	170	
PAYROLL	00107	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-AMOUNTS	09	
PAYROLL	00112	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-SWITCHES	03	
PAYROLL	00121	WORKING-STORAGE	WS-SYSTEM-DATE	06	
A	В	C	D	\mathbf{E}	

01 Record Report - Entry Sequence

A - Length in bytes of the 01 record

B - COBOL program-id for this record

C - Sequence number where the record resides

D - Data Division section that contains the record

E - 01 record name

Control/DCD - Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

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01/01/2001 11:30	SYSTEM	I CROSS REFERENCE FOR THE SPECIAL REGISTERS	PAGE	01
SPECIAL REGISTERS	PROGRAM	REFERENCES		
DATE	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	131 129		
RETURN-CODE	PAYROLL	130		
SORT-RETURN	PAYROLL	156 173		
\mathbf{A}	В	C		

System Cross Reference for Special Registers

A - Special register

B - COBOL program-id

C - Sequence number where special register is used

A		В	C	D E	\mathbf{F}	\mathbf{G}	Н	I
		PAYROLL	PN-RECORD	0070 01	PN-RECORD		S U	SI UI TI
1-7		PAYMONTH PAYMONTH	PN-RECORD PT-RECORD	0072 01 0028 01	PN-RECORD PT-RECORD		S U U	SI UI TI
FRO	M-TO	PROGRAM	01 RECORD NAME	SEQ-# LV	DATA NAME	PICTURE	DIRECT-FLAGS SET/USE/TEST	INDIRECT FLAGS
01/	01/200	1 11:30	SYSTEM RECORD	ANALYSIS	- 01 RECO	RD SUMM	ARY	PAGE 1

System Record Analysis Report - 01 Record Summary

- A Beginning and ending record positions for the data name(s) listed
- B COBOL program-id where record resides
- C 01 record name
- D Sequence number where the field resides
- E Level of the data name
- F Data name
- G PICTURE of the data name
- H Direct flags indicating Procedure Division involvement with this field
- I Indirect flags indicating Procedure Division involvement with other fields that are a part of this field

Explanation of S (Set), U (Used) and T (Tested) flags:

- S Data was moved out of this field or the field was in some way modified
- U Data was moved out of this field or the field was used in some way to modify another field
- T The field was tested or compared to another field

A	В	C	D	E	\mathbf{F}	G	Н		I	
	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	PT-RECORD PN-RECORD	0055 0097	10 10	PT-WEEKLY-FED-TAX PN-WEEKLY-FED-TAX	PIC S9(4)V99 PIC S9(4)V99	S U		UI UI	
132-137	PAYMONTH		0099	10	PN-WEEKLY-FED-TAX	PIC S9(4)V99	S		UI	
	PAYROLL	PN-RECORD	0096	10	PN-WEEKLY-GROSS	PIC S9(4)V99	S U T		UI	
126-131	PAYMONTH PAYMONTH		0098 0054	10 10	PN-WEEKLY-GROSS PT-WEEKLY-GROSS	PIC S9(4)V99 PIC S9(4)V99	S U T		UI UI	
		PN-RECORD				*** **********************************				11
	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	PT-RECORD	0053 0095	05 05	PT-COMPUTED-HOURS PN-COMPUTED-HOURS				UI UI	TI
126-165	PAYMONTH		0097	05	PN-COMPUTED-HOURS				UI	TI
	FAIRULL	TIN-RECURD		US	1 IV- W EEKL I -HOURS	110 37(3) 877	ی			
	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	PT-RECORD PN-RECORD	0052 0094	05 05	PT-WEEKLY-HOURS PN-WEEKLY-HOURS	PIC S9(3)V99 PIC S9(3)V99	S		UI UI	
122-125	PAYMONTH		0096	05	PN-WEEKLY-HOURS	PIC S9(3)V99	S		UI	
	PAYROLL	PN-RECORD	0093	10	PN-CURR-DEDUCTION-AMT2	PIC S9(3)V99		51	UI	
	PAYMONTH		0051 0093	10 10	PT-CURR-DEDUCTION-AMT2	PIC S9(3)V99		SI	UI	
117-121	PAYMONTH		0095	10	PN-CURR-DEDUCTION-AMT2	PIC S9(3)V99			UI	
	TATROLL	IN-RECORD	0092	10	1 N-CORK-DEDUCTION-CODE2	110 99		31	UI	
	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	PT-RECORD PN-RECORD	0050 0092	10 10	PT-CURR-DEDUCTION-CODE2 PN-CURR-DEDUCTION-CODE2	PIC 99 PIC 99			UI UI	
115-116	PAYMONTH		0094	10	PN-CURR-DEDUCTION-CODE2	PIC 99			UI	
	ra i KULL	PN-RECORD	0091	10	PN-CURR-DEDUCTION-AMT1	PIC S9(3)V99		51	UI	
	PAYMONTH PAYROLL		0049 0091	10 10	PT-CURR-DEDUCTION-AMT1	PIC S9(3)V99			UI UI	
110-114	PAYMONTH	PN-RECORD	0093	10	PN-CURR-DEDUCTION-AMT1	PIC S9(3)V99			UI	
	PAYROLL	PN-RECORD	0090	10	PN-CURR-DEDUCTION-CODE1	PIC 99		SI	UI	
	PAYMONTH		0048	10	PT-CURR-DEDUCTION-CODE1	PIC 99			UI	
108-109	PAYMONTH		0092	10	PN-CURR-DEDUCTION-CODE1	PIC 99			UI	
	TATROLL	TIV-RECORD	0000	10	IN-NO-STATE-TAA-TEAU	IIC A	1	51	ΟI	
	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	PT-RECORD PN-RECORD	0046 0088	10 10	PT-NO-STATE-TAX-FLAG PN-NO-STATE-TAX-FLAG	PIC X PIC X	Т		UI UI	
107-107	PAYMONTH		0090	10	PN-NO-STATE-TAX-FLAG	PIC X			UI	
						, ,				
	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	PT-RECORD PN-RECORD	0045 0087	10 10	PT-EMP-TAX-CODES PN-EMP-TAX-CODES	PIC X (10) PIC X (10)			UI UI	
97-106	PAYMONTH		0089	10	PN-EMP-TAX-CODES	PIC X (10)			UI	
	FAIRULL	114-RECURD	0000	10	IN-CURRENT-HOUR-RATE	110 37(4) 777	ی	31	UI	
	PAYMONTH PAYROLL	PT-RECORD PN-RECORD	0044 0086	10 10	PT-CURRENT-HOUR-RATE PN-CURRENT-HOUR-RATE	PIC S9(4) V99 PIC S9(4) V99	S		UI UI	
91-96	PAYMONTH		0088	10	PN-CURRENT-HOUR-RATE	PIC S9(4) V99	S		UI	
	PAYROLL	PN-RECORD	0085	05	PN-CURRENT-EMPL-DATA			SI	UI	11
	PAYMONTH		0043	05 05	PT-CURRENT-EMPL-DATA				UI UI	TI
91-121	PAYMONTH		0087	05	PN-CURRENT-EMPL-DATA				UI	
	PAYROLL	PN-RECORD	0084	10	PN-YTD-DEDUCTION-2	PIC S9(5) V99		SI	UI	
	PAYMONTH		0042	10	PT-YTD-DEDUCTION-2	PIC S9(5) V99	S		UI	
84-90	PAYMONTH	PN-RECORD	0086	10	PN-YTD-DEDUCTION-2	PIC S9(5) V99		SI	UI	
FROM-TO	PROGRAM	01 RECORD NAME	SEQ-#	LV	DATA NAME	PICTURE	SET/USE/TEST	FLAGS	5	
							DIRECT FLAGS			
01/01/2001	11:30		SYSTEM	REC	ORD ANALYSIS - DATA NAM	E SUMMARY		PAGE 3		

Exhibit 20 System Record Analysis Report - Data Name Summary

01/01/2001	POSSIBLE LITERAL	S FOR EACH FIELD TRACED	PAGE	1
SEQ-#	FIELD BEING TRACED	LITERAL		
816	HIST-2ND-ACCOUNT	VALUE UNKNOWN 'A142165513' 'BB1235' 'CUST-E3E' 'HIST-LD-2G' 'TKY' 'TY1236RTY6' ALL '4' CURRENT-DATE SPACES ZEROS		
\mathbf{A}	В	C		

Possible Literals for Each Field Report

A - Sequence Number for the field being traced

B - Field Name

C - Possible Ending Literals available for this field

01/01/2001	POSSIBLE LITERALS	SHOWING OWNER FIELDS	PAGE	2
TRACED F	FIELD & RELATED FIELDS	LITERAL	HOW FORMED	HOW FORMED FLAGS
816 HIST-2	ND-ACCOUNT			
A	B			
1134	C3-IDENT-ACCT C3-IDENT-ACCT	VALUE UNKNOWN ALL '4'	UNKNOWN VALUE MOVE LITERAL	UNK ML
1116	C3-SUB-ID-1A C3-SUB-ID-1A	VALUE UNKNOWN SPACES	UNKNOWN VALUE MOVE FIG CONST	UNK
	C3-SUB-ID-1A	ZEROS	MOVE FIG CONST	
	CUST-IDNT-ALPHA-1	'A142165513'	INITIAL VALUE	INI
512	CUST-MAIN-ACCOUNT-3RD-ID CUST-MAIN-ACCOUNT-3RD-ID	'CUST-E3E' SPACES	INITIAL VALUE MOVE FIG CONST	INI
431	CUST-STORAGE-IDENT	'BB1235'	INITIAL VALUE	INI
816	HIST-2ND-ACCOUNT	'HIST-LD-2G'	INITIAL VALUE	INI
1125	S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	'TY1236RTY6'	INITIAL VALUE	INI
	S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	'TKY'	MOVE LITERAL	ML
	S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	CURRENT-DATE	MOVE SPEC REG	
C	D	E	${f F}$	${f G}$

Possible Literals Showing Owner Fields Report

- A Traced Field COBOL Sequence Number
- **B** Traced Field
- C Related Field COBOL Sequence Number
- **D** Related Field
- E Possible Literal tied to Related Field
- F How the Literal might be Formed
- **G** FLAGs for easy reference

01/01/2001	POSSIBLE LITERALS	WITH P	OSSIBLE PATHS PAGE	3
LITERAL	HOW FORMED	SEQ-#	FIELD-NAMES BY TRACING LEVELS	
'HIST-LD-2G'	INITIAL VALUE	816	HIST-2ND-ACCOUNT	
'CUST-E3E'	INITIAL VALUE	512	- CUST-MAIN-ACCOUNT-3RD-ID	
VALUE UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN VALUE	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
'A142165513'	INITIAL VALUE	411	- CUST-IDNT-ALPHA-1	
SPACES	MOVE FIG CONST	512	- CUST-MAIN-ACCOUNT-3RD-ID	
'BB1235'	INITIAL VALUE	431	- CUST-STORAGE-IDENT	
VALUE UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN VALUE	1134	- C3-IDENT-ACCT	
VALUE UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN VALUE	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
SPACES	MOVE FIG CONST	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
ZEROS	MOVE FIG CONST	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
'A142165513'	INITIAL VALUE	411	- CUST-IDNT-ALPHA-1	
'TK1236RTY6'	INITIAL VALUE	1125	- S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	
VALUE UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN VALUE	1134	- C3-IDENT-ACCT	
ALL '4'	MOVE LITERAL	1134	- C3-IDENT-ACCT	
VALUE UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN VALUE	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
SPACES	MOVE FIG CONST	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
ZEROS	MOVE FIG CONST	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
'TY1236RTY6'	INITIAL VALUE	1125	- S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	
'TKY'	MOVE LITERAL	1125	- S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	
CURRENT-DATE	MOVE SPEC REG	1125	- S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	
ALL '4'	MOVE LITERAL	1134	- C3-IDENT-ACCT	
SPACES	MOVE FIG CONST	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
ZEROS	MOVE FIG CONST	1116	- C3-SUB-ID-1A	
'TKY'	MOVE LITERAL	1125	- S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	A
CURRENT-DATE	MOVE SPEC REG	1125	- S2-CUST-ACCOUNT-TA	A
A	В	\mathbf{C}	D	

Possible Literals with Possible Paths Report

- A Possible Literal
- B How the Literal might be formed
- C Sequence Number of the Related COBOL Field
- D Tracing Path Levels (Follow dash up page to next shorter indentation)

Control/DCD – Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

VERB ANAL VERB	YSIS REPORT PROGRAM	SEQ-#	PARAGRAPH	SEQ-1	FIELD-1	01/01/2001 SEQ-2	PAGE 1 FIELD-2
MOVE MOVE OPEN OPEN OPEN OPEN PERFORM	PAYROLL PAYROLL PAYMONTH PAYROLL PAYROLL PAYMONTH	00128 00126 00126	A080-COMPUTE-WEEKLY-PAY A800-READ-NEXT-RECORD 010-OPEN-FILES 010-OPEN-FILES 010-OPEN-FILES 010-OPEN-FILES 040-PROCESS-ALL-RECORDS	00020 00064 00020 00064 00145	2.75 'Y' PAYROLL-TIME-FILE PAYROLL-UPDATED-FIL PAYROLL-TIME-FILE PAYROLL-UPDATED-FIL A-PROCESS-PAYROLL-R	Œ	PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCT WS-END-OF-FILE-SW
SUBTRACT SUBTRACT	PAYMONTH PAYMONTH B		A080-COMPUTE-WEEKLY-PAY A080-COMPUTE-WEEKLY-PAY	00103 00102	PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION PN-WEEKLY-DEDUCTION F		WS-ALL-DEDUCTIONS WS-ALL DEDUCTIONS

Exhibit 24

Verb Analysis Report

A - COBOL verb

B - COBOL program-id

C - Sequence number where the verb resides

D - Paragraph name that contains the verb

E - Sequence number in Data Division where first operand resides

F - Data name of first operand

G - Sequence number in Data Division where second operand resides

H - Data name of second operand

COUNT	VERB	PERCEN	NT	VERB ANALY	SIS REPORT	(SUMMARY	PAGE)
15	MOVE	13.8	%				
10	IF	9.2	%				
04	READ	3.7	%				
02	WRITE	1.8	%				
02	ACCEPT	1.8	%				
30	COMPUTE	27.5	%				
	•						
	•						
0.4		2.5	0./				
04	PERFORM	3.7	%				
02	GO TO	1.8	%				
109	* TOTAL *	100.0	%				
\mathbf{A}	В	\mathbf{C}					

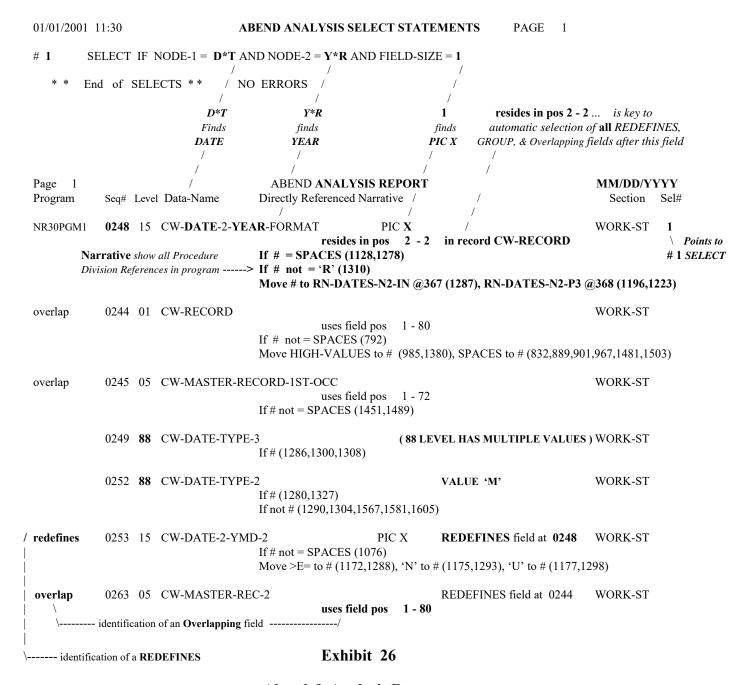
Exhibit 25

Verb Analysis Report - Summary Page

A - Count of COBOL verbs

B - COBOL verb

C - Percent of verb usage compared to all verbs within the program(s)



Abend & Analysis Report

Notes:

- Everything that can happen to CW-DATE-2-YEAR-FORMAT is shown on this page
- One field CW-DATE-2-YEAR-FORMAT is selected, and every other possible field is listed that is a REDEFINES, a GROUP field for this field, or in any way Overlaps this field
- Narrative All Procedure Division References for every field identified is listed underneath each field
- See next page for infinite levels of TRACING

TRACE # 00001 ABEND ANALYSIS REPORT 01/01/2001 Page 2 Program Seq# Level Data-Name Directly Referenced Narrative Section

Tracing 1st Pass isolated the following affected fields

traced 0353 01 RN-RECORD WORK-ST

used field pos 1-80

Move SPACES to # (1409)

Move # to **MT-FORMAT-RECORD** @471 (1923) [TRACED to Page 3 below]

0367 05 RN-DATES-N2-IN WORK-ST traced PIC X

> uses field pos 2 - 2 If # = ZEROS(1623)

Move SPACES to # (1508,1627)

Move **CW-DATE-2-YEAR-FORMAT** to # (1287) [TRACED from Page 1 on left]

WORK-ST 0367 05 RN-DATES-N2-P3 PIC X traced

> uses field pos 3 - 3 If # = ZEROS(1624)Move SPACES to # (1629)

Move CW-DATE-2-YEAR-FORMAT to # (1196,1223)

TRACE # 00002 ABEND ANALYSIS REPORT 01/01/2001 Page 3 Program Seq# Level Data-Name Directly Referenced Narrative Section

Tracing 2nd Pass isolated the following affected fields

0471 01 MT-FORMAT-RECORD WORK-ST traced

> used field pos 1-68 Move SPACES to # (1386)

[TRACED from Page 2 above] Move **RN-RECORD** @**353** to # (1923)

WORK-ST traced 0476 05 MT-DATES-M3-P1 PIC X

> uses field pos 2 - 2 If # = ZEROS(1923)

WORK-ST traced 0476 05 MT-DATES-M3-P2 PIC X

> uses field pos 3 - 3 If # = ZEROS(1923,2031)Move SPACES to # (2052)

Tracing 3rd Pass found no additional fields - No additional tracing passes possible

Exhibit 27 (Continued)

Notes:

- All Possible Uses are **traced** infinite levels and shown on this page
- First tracing pass finds fields RN-DATES-N2-IN & RN-DATES-N2-P3 (from previous page)
- Also picked up in first tracing pass is overlapping field RN-RECORD
- **Second tracing pass finds field MT-FORMAT-RECORD** (from this page)
- Also found in 2nd pass are overlapping fields MT-DATE-M3-1 & MT-DATE-M3-2
- Third tracing pass finds NO MATCHES and tracing is stopped here

Control/DCD - Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs

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Data Dictionary Interface File

With the use of either PARM option DICT or SRA, a file is produced which may be used to interface with commercial Data Dictionary systems.

The file produced contains basically the same information, which is printed on the System Record Analysis Report except that it is in a file format rather than a printed report. The record size is 120 characters. The block size <u>must</u> be a multiple of 120. 3120 is recommended. The DDNAME is DCDDICT. The file is opened EXTEND for each program which allows for several programs to be run through during one run. See the PARM OPTIONS (DDF and CDD) for using the OPEN EXTEND across several CONTROL/DCD runs.

See the COBOL COPY record SYS1RECD and the associated description of these fields under this heading for a description of the fields within these records. Also, see the System Record Analysis Report under the heading, "Overview of CONTROL/DCD Other COBOL Reports".

To create a Data Dictionary Interface File, control statements must be used. These control statements are the same control statements used in producing a System Record Analysis Report. In fact, the System Record Analysis Report will be printed unless the REPORTS DD is dummied out. Even though the control statements require program-id, only one program at a time may be used when creating a Data Dictionary Interface File.

See the next heading, "Control Statements for System Record Analysis", for creating the control statements necessary for creating a Data Dictionary Interface File.

The SYS1RECD COPY record shown here may be used as a guide for creating a COBOL or other program to use this file. This COPY member is provided on the CDCD.CNTL file within the member CASEMBRS.

000100**				COPY	SYS1RECD	
000200	01	SRA	-SYST	ΓEM-RECORD-ANAL-REC.		
000300		05	SRA	-SET-NUMBER	PIC 999.	
000400		05	SRA	-FROM-TO-LOCATIONS.		
000500			10	SRA-FROM-POSITION	PIC 9(6).	
000600			10	SRA-TO-POSITION	PIC 9(6).	
000700		05	SRA	-PROGRAM-ID	PIC X(8).	
00800		05	SRA	-RECORD-NAME	PIC X(30).	
000900		05	SRA	-DATA-NAME	PIC X(30).	
001000		05	SRA	-EXP-CMPLR-NBR	PIC 9(5).	
001100		05	SRA	-LEVEL-NUMBER	PIC XX.	
001200		05	SRA	-TYPE-USAGE	PIC X(2).	
001300			88	SRA-TYPE-COMP	. ,	VALUE 'C'.
001400			88	SRA-TYPE-COMP-1		VALUE 'C1'.
001500			88	SRA-TYPE-COMP-2		VALUE 'C2'.
001600			88	SRA-TYPE-COMP-3		VALUE 'C3'.
001700			88	SRA-TYPE-COMP-4		VALUE 'C4'.
001800			88	SRA-TYPE-DEFAULT-DISPLA	Y	VALUE''.
001900			88	SRA-TYPE-DISPLAY		VALUE 'D '.
002000			88	SRA-TYPE-DISPLAY-1		VALUE 'D1'.
002100			88	SRA-TYPE-INDEX		VALUE 'IX'.
002200			88	SRA-TYPE-USAGE-IS-INDEX		VALUE 'UI'.
002300			88	SRA-TYPE-POINTER		VALUE 'PR'.
002400		05	SRA	-FLAGS.		
002500			10	SRA-SET-FLAG	PIC X.	
002600				88 SRA-DIRECT-SET		VALUE 'S'.
002700			10	SRA-USED-FLAG	PIC X.	
002800				88 SRA-DIRECT-USED		VALUE 'U'.
002900			10	SRA-TESTED-FLAG	PIC X.	
003000				88 SRA-DIRECT-TESTED		VALUE 'T'.
003100			10	SRA-INDIR-SET-FLAG	PIC X.	
003200				88 SRA-INDIRECT-SET		VALUE 'S'.
003300			10	SRA-INDIR-USED-FLAG	PIC X.	
003400				88 SRA-INDIRECT-USED		VALUE 'U'.
003500			10	SRA-INDIR-TESTED-FLAG	PIC X.	
003600				88 SRA-INDIRECT-TESTED		VALUE 'T'.
003700		05	SRA	-PICTURE-CLAUSE	PIC X(21).	
003800		05	SRA	-FILLER	PIC X.	

The following is a description of the fields within the SYS1RECD COPY member:

1.	SRA-SET-NUMBER	Sequential number starting at 1 showing which set of
		control cards produced this set of records.
2.	SRA-FROM -TO- LOCATIONS	From and to record positions for this data name.
3.	SRA-PROGRAM-ID	Taken from the program-id in the Identification Division.
4.	SRA-RECORD-NAME	The name of the 01 record which contains this data name.
5.	SRA-DATA-NAME	Self-explanatory
6.	SRA-EXP-CMPLR-NBR	Compiler number or sequence number in the program of
		this data name.
7.	SRA-LEVEL-NUMBER	01-49 level number associated with this data name.
8.	SRA-TYPE-USAGE	Usage of this data name.
9.	SRA-FLAGS	Contains flags showing how this data field is used in the
		program.

- **Direct flags** indicate this field was involved in the Procedure Division statement which caused this flag.
- **Indirect flags** indicate this field was <u>not</u> involved in the Procedure Division statement which caused this flag.
- **SET** indicates that this field is changed.
- USED indicates that this field was used to modify in some way another field.
- TESTED indicates that this field was used in a comparison.
- 10. SRA-PICTURE-CLAUSE The first 21 characters of the PICTURE clause associated with this data name.
- 11. SRA-FILLER Not used at this time.

WRITPDS and READPDS Options

In Control/DCD, a feature is available to allow the storing of work file information for all reports with the exception of the Abend Analysis report. The storing of information is done in condensed format as members on partitioned data sets for use at any time for printing reports from. This feature is controlled by two options and requires extra JCL.

To store information using this feature, do the following:

1. Catalog a partitioned data set with the following attributes:

```
RECFM=FB
LRECL=3120
BLKSIZE=3120 or a multiple of 3120
DSORG=PO
```

2. Add a DD statement after the EXEC DCDCOBOL PROC as follows:

```
//DCD.DCDPDS DD DSN=PDS.WITH.3120.LRECL,DISP=SHR
```

- 3. Run one or several CONTROL/DCD runs using one or several programs each time. With each run, do the following:
 - a) Add the WRITPDS PARM option to the DCDCOBOL PROC as shown in the example below. Also add parm option BEGIN or CONT. BEGIN is used during the first run to clear everything on the user created PDS. The CONTinue option is used for all subsequent runs and will not clear the user PDS.
 - b) Add every one of the report options that will be wanted as stored information on the PDS. It will be impossible to later run a READPDS for a report option not specified on the WRITPDS run. Conversely, it is important not to specify unwanted options as the workspace on the PDS will be wasted with unused information.

An example follows:

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDCOBOL, DATA=, LAYOUT=, PARA=, OTHER='WRI, BEGIN'
//DCD.COBOLIN DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY(PROG1), DISP=SHR
//DCD.COPYLIB DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY(PROG2), DISP=SHR
//DCD.DCDPDS DD DSN=USER.COPY.LIB, DISP=SHR
//DCD.DCDPDS DD DSN=USER.CREATED.PDS, DISP=SHR
```

The above example will store the information necessary to produce the System Data Name Cross Reference, System Paragraph Cross Reference and Layout Reports for programs PROG1 and PROG2 on the partitioned data set for later printing. The reports will not appear in this run. An exception to this is the report showing the control statements used when using the SRA option for the System Record Analysis Report, which will appear when using the WRITPDS option. It will not appear when using the READPDS option.

To **print** reports using this feature, do the following:

1. Put a step invoking the Member Fetcher PROC ahead of the EXEC DCDCOBOL PROC to bring in the members wanted. Point the user PDS in the Member Fetcher PROC to the same PDS used in the DCDPDS ddname in the DCDCOBOL step with the WRITPDS option. For information on using the PROC DCDFETCH, see the heading "DCDFETCH - Newer Software to replace MBRFETCH" in this section.

The possible combinations of control statements that may be used with the READPDS option are shown here:

- a) PDS=ddname=ALL
- b) PDS=ddname=MEMBER
- c) PDS=ddname=PREFIX=prefix
- d) PDS=ddname=PREFIX=MULTIPLE

Do **NOT** use either COBOL or COBRECS combinations here.

- 2. Add an extra DD with the name of DCDREPDS after the DCDCOBOL PROC as shown in the example that follows:
- 3. Add the READPDS option by using OTHER=REA on the DCDCOBOL PROC line.
- 4. Only use PARM options that have also been used consistently in WRITPDS CONTROL/DCD runs.

An example follows:

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDFETCH
//PDS.OUTPUT DD DCB=(LRECL=3120,BLKSIZE=3120)
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=PREFIX=TRN20
PDS=USERDD=PREFIX=TRN30
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=PDS.WITH3120.LRECL,DISP=SHR
//*
//STEP2 EXEC DCDCOBOL,DATA=,PARA=,OTHER=REA
//DCD.DCDREPDS DD DSN=&&PASSFILE,DISP=(OLD,PASS),
// DCB=LRECL=3120
```

In the previous example, both the System Data Name Cross Reference and System Paragraph Cross Reference Reports will be produced using the information created during the WRITPDS run.

Do not use the WRITPDS option along with the READPDS option. The information created by using the WRITPDS option will not be available for use by the READPDS option.

DCDFETCH - Newer Software to replace MBRFETCH

This software is newer software with additional features to use in place of our older MBRFETCH software. The JCL is different and with one additional work file. The format of the control statements is almost the same with additional features. Older control statements within MBRFETCH need to have INDD= replaced with PDS= for those statements to work within this new software.

Additional Features within this software include the following:

- 1) A Member Count is shown for each DDNAME processed
- 2) Enhanced Error Messages to identify any error in processing control statements or for errors found when handling any of the files including the Partitioned Data Sets pointed to by the PDS=DDNAME= control statements.
- 3) A MULTIPLE option to allow multiple PREFIXs for three types of control statements; COBOL=, COBRECS=, and PREFIX=. Use of this option can allow one pass for multiple PREFIXs, as opposed to many passes with the older MBRFETCH software.

Important Note: Partitioned Data Sets with this software as with the older MBRFETCH software may NOT be concatenated. In place of concatenation, additional control statements pointing to additional DDNAMES must be used to point to each DDNAME that would otherwise be concatenated.

JCL for the DCDFETCH software

The following JCL is used for running this software.

```
//STEP
          EXEC PGM=DCDFETCH, REGION=2048K
           DD DSN=&&PASSFILE, DISP=(, PASS), UNIT=SYSDA,
//OUTPUT
         SPACE=(CYL, (5,10))
//PRINT
           DD
               SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
           DD
               SYSOUT=*
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(TRK, (2,4))
//WORKFIL1 DD
//WORKFIL2 DD
               UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(CYL, (1,3))
//CTLINFO DD
Control statements inserted here
```

Additional DD statements are required that point to Partitioned Data Sets used to get MEMBERS from. The DDNAMEs for these DDs are inserted into the control statements the user adds. See examples provided over the next several pages.

A PROC for invoking this JCL is shown on the next page.

PROC for the DCDFETCH* software

The following PROC (DCDFETCH) is available on the file CDCD.CNTL provided by our install files.

```
//DCDFETCH PROC
                  PRINT='*', WORK=SYSDA
//PDS
           EXEC PGM=DCDFETCH, REGION=2048K
           DD DSN=&&PASSFILE, DISP=(,PASS), UNIT=&WORK,
//OUTPUT
//
         SPACE=(CYL, (5,10))
                SYSOUT=&PRINT
//PRINT
           DD
//SYSOUT
            DD
                SYSOUT=&PRINT
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (2,4))
//WORKFIL1
           DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,3))
//WORKFIL2 DD
```

The PDS Member Fetcher PROC DCDFETCH is available for pulling one or several members from a partitioned data set (PDS) and creating one sequential data set. This data set may be used as input to the DCDCOBOL PROC. (This PROC is also embedded as one step in the DCDJCL PROC which is covered in the section on JCL PROC Analysis Reports Facility.)

Control Statements for Using the DCDFETCH PROC

The DD name for these control statements is CTLINFO. This is different from the DD name used with the MBRFETCH program.

As with the MBRFETCH program, control statements are used to indicate which members are to be selected. The first these control statements is shown below. The second format, sometimes used for adding a PREFIX or MEMBER name is discussed where appropriate in the next several pages and examples.

```
Columns 1 through 3
Column 4
Columns 5 through a
Column a+1
Columns b through c

- The constant ( PDS )
- An equal sign ( = )
- The name of a made-up DDNAME
- An equal sign ( = ) with no spaces before or after it.
- One of the following words:

1. ALL
2. COBOL
3. COBRECS
4. MEMBER
5. PREFIX
```

The remaining two fields <u>are required</u> if PREFIX was used as the last operand and <u>are optional</u> if COBOL or COBRECS was used as the last operand. They are not permitted if either ALL or MEMBER is used as an operand.

```
Column c+1
Columns d through e

-An equal sign (=) with no spaces before or after it.

-A 1 to 7 characters prefix which will be used to limit selection or an eight-character word (MULTIPLE) to indicate that multiple PREFIX control statements will follow this control statement.
```

^{*}DCDFETCH is used in place of prior name PDSFETCH as CA Associates uses the PDSFETCH name.

An illustration of the possible combinations is listed below:

- 1. PDS=ddname=ALL
- 2. PDS=ddname=COBOL
- 3. PDS=ddname=COBRECS
- 4. PDS=ddname=MEMBER
- 5. PDS=ddname=PREFIX=prefix
- 6. PDS=ddname=COBOL=prefix
- 7. PDS=ddname=COBRECS=prefix
- 8. PDS=ddname=PREFIX=MULTIPLE
- 9. PDS=ddname=COBOL=MULTIPLE
- 10. PDS=ddname=COBRECS=MULTIPLE

An example showing the use of these control statements is listed below:

```
//STEP1     EXEC     DCDFETCH
//PDS.OUTPUT     DD     DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//PDS.CTLINFO     DD     *
PDS=USERDD=COBOL
//PDS.USERDD     DD     DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

The above example will pull off all COBOL programs from the library specified by the DD name USERDD and pass them out to a sequential data set defined by the OUTPUT DD.

If members are wanted from more than one PDS library, then multiple DD names may be used. An example is listed below:

```
//STEP2 EXEC DCDFETCH
//PDS.OUTPUT DD DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=COBOL
PDS=OTHERDD=COBOL
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY1,DISP=SHR
//PDS.OTHERDD DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY2,DISP=SHR
```

The use of the following words for selection is described here:

ALL, COBOL, COBRECS, MEMBER, PREFIX=prefix, COBOL=prefix, COBRECS=prefix, PREFIX=MULTIPLE, COBOL=MULTIPLE, and COBRECS=MULTIPLE

ALL ALL indicates that all members will be selected from the partitioned data set. This option should not be used here. Instead, the options COBOL or COBRECS should be used. An exception to this rule occurs when using the READPDS option, in which case, ALL should be used and COBOL and COBRECS may not be used.

COBOL indicates that all COBOL programs are to be pulled off of the partitioned data set. If non-COBOL programs are found, then they are discarded.

COBRECS indicates that all COPY members which 01 records or record groups are beginning with a level number (02-48) are to be pulled off of the PDS. Those members that do not conform to this selection are bypassed for selection. COBRECS may be used when the LOR option is used.

MEMBER

MEMBER indicates that the user wants to make further selection with member name control statements. These control statements immediately follow the control statement which contains the word MEMBER and must begin in column 1 and contain a 1-8 character MEMBER NAME. An example is listed below:

//STEP3 EXEC DCDFETCH

//PDS.CTLINFO DD PDS=USERDD=MEMBER

MEMBER1 MEMBER2 MEMB03 MEMBER04

//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=USER.PDS,DISP=SHR

PREFIX

PREFIX indicates that selection is to be done strictly on the basis of a 1 to 7 character prefix that follows the (=) sign after the word PREFIX, or that selection is done with multiple prefixes if the characters MULTIPLE follow the (=) sign. It is recommended that this option not be used here and that **COBOL=prefix** or **COBRECS=prefix** be used in its place. Prefix is discussed more below and is shown in some of the COBOL= (prefix or MULTIPLE) examples that follow.

Six ways to use selection via a prefix follow:

COBOL=prefix pulls off all COBOL programs from the PDS specified that begins with

the same letters that are specified in the prefix. The prefix may not

exceed seven characters in length.

COBRECS=prefix pulls off all COPY members that have as their first COBOL record, a

level number from (01-49) that have a matching prefix. This is used when using PARM option LOR for LAYOUTS. Again prefix may not exceed

seven characters in length.

PREFIX=prefix pulls off all members that have a matching 1-7 character prefix.

COBOL=MULTIPLE requires that one or more control statements follow this control statement

and that each control statement begin in column 1 and contain a 1-7

character prefix. Used for pulling off COBOL programs.

COBRECS=MULTIPLE requires that one or more control statements follow this control statement

and that each control statement begin in column 1 and contain a 1-7

character prefix. Used for pulling off COBOL records.

PREFIX=MULTIPLE requires that one or more control statements follow this control statement

and that each control statement begin in column 1 and contain a 1-7

character prefix.

An example where selection is done with the use of one prefix follows:

```
//STEP4 EXEC DCDFETCH
//PDS.OUTPUT DD DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=COBOL=M4
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

In the above example, all COBOL programs whose member name begins with the prefix M4 will be selected for passing on to the next step.

An example where selection is done for multiple prefixes on one PDS follows:

```
//STEP5    EXEC    DCDFETCH
//PDS.OUTPUT    DD    DCB=(LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//PDS.CTLINFO    DD    *
PDS=USERDD=COBOL=MULTIPLE
M4
M5
M6A
M6B
//PDS.USERDD    DD    DSN=USER.COBOL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

In the above example, all COBOL programs whose member name begins with the prefixes M4, M5, M6A, and M6B will be selected for passing on to the next step.

Further notes on this PDS member fetch software follow:

- 1. Compressing the PDS if possible before accessing the data set may be helpful.
- 2. Multiple control statements may be used for any of the above formats.
- 3. To prevent obtaining duplicate members, do not mix formats in the same run.
- 4. When using DCDFETCH with the READPDS option, (see the heading 'WRITPDS and READPDS Options' in this section), replace LRECL=80 with <u>LRECL=3120</u> in the //PDS.OUTPUT DD.
- 5. A listing of Error Message that may be generated from this utility are listed on the next two pages.
- 6. Look for a return code of Zero if there are no errors. Look for a return code of 0008 if errors are found.

Error Messages that may be generated from DCDFETCH utility.

Message #	<u>Message</u>
040	Expecting extra control statements for previous PDS=
050	No Members were found
060	Date is in invalid format
A011	Expecting extra control statements for just previous PDS=
A021	Found blank control statement
A022	Looking for PDS= in columns 1-5
A023	Looking for first MEMBER in columns 1-8
C011	DDNAME found has more than 8 CHARS
C012	User DDNAME not found after PDS=
C013	DDNAME has invalid Non-Alphanumeric CHAR
C014	Undefined error in previous entry
C021	Type DDNAME not found after DDNAME=
C022	Type DDNAME has invalid characters
C023	Expecting ALL, COBOL, COBRECS, MEMBER or PREFIX
C041	PREFIX not found after XXXX
	(where XXXX = (COBOL=), (COBRECS=), or (PREFIX=)
C042	Prefix must be 7 characters or less
C043	Invalid Character found in PREFIX
C050	More than 20 PDS= records
C060	Duplicate DDNAME Invalid - BYPASSING
D011	Unidentified Control Record - BYPASSING
D012	Found more than 100 Member or Prefix records for last PDS=
D013	Invalid Character found in previous entry - Previous Entry ignored
D014	Previous PREFIX over 7 characters in length and ignored
D015	Previous MEMBER over 8 characters in length and ignored
E011	ERROR with DDNAME (DDNAME) Error in finding
E012	ERROR - DDNAME (DDNAME) was not found
E013	ERROR - DDNAME (DDNAME) Error found while validating DDNAME
E031	ERROR with internal work file with DDNAME (WORKFIL1)
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E032	ERROR - while reading PDS with DDNAME (DDNAME)
EA31	ERROR - Member (Member-Name) not found on DDNAME (DDNAME) for just
	previous PDS=
EA32	ERROR while opening file specified in DDNAME (DDNAME)
EA33	ERROR while accessing file specified in DDNAME (DDNAME)
EA34	ERROR - Problem while reading all members from UNCONCATENATED
	DDNAME (DDNAME)
EB41	ERROR - Member (Member-Name) not found on DDNAME (DDNAME) for just
	previous PDS=
EB42	ERROR while opening file specified in DDNAME (DDNAME)
EB43	ERROR while accessing file specified by DDNAME (DDNAME)
EB44	ERROR - problem while reading all Members from UNCONCATENATED
	DDNAME (DDNAME)
G011	ERROR while reading record from DDNAME (DDNAME)
G012	ERROR with LRECL found for PDS for DDNAME (DDNAME) - should be 80 or
	3120
G013	ERROR while reading record in DDNAME (DDNAME)
G030	ERROR - Unexpected Record Length of (nnnnn) - Must be 80 or 3120
H011	ERROR while reading from DDNAME (DDNAME)
H012	ERROR with LRECL found for PDS for DDNAME (DDNAME) - Should be 80 or
	3120
H013	ERROR while reading record in DDNAME (DDNAME)
H040	ERROR - Unexpected Record Length of (nnnnn) - Must be 80 or 3120
I020	ERROR in logic for M2-NBR-CHARS = 'NNNN'

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Control/DCD

JCL PROC Analysis

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Control/DCD

JCL PROC Analysis

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Use of This Section

This section is provided to make the user aware of reports, which are available for JCL analysis.

Explanation of JCL PROC Analysis report

The JCL PROC Analysis Reports produces JCL analysis reports on JCL JOB libraries which contain JOB Statements, and may contain references to PROCs. (Also, including members which contain only PROCs will have no effect on the output report.) See, "Sample Reports", under this heading for a sample of these reports.

The DCDJCL PROC Analysis Report contains two steps in the JCL used to create this report.

- The first step isolates the wanted JCL members from a partitioned data set. This step executes a DCDFETCH PROC also described in another section of this manual for pulling members off a partitioned data set.
- The second step executes the program to print the JCL PROC Analysis Reports for a JOB library.

This report reports on only two fields, JOBNAME and PROCNAME.

Explanation of DDNAME/DSNAME Analysis report

The DDNAME/DSNAME Analysis Reports produces JCL analysis reports DDNAME and DSNAMES within JOB STEPNAME or PROCNAME on both JCL JOB libraries mentioned above and members which contain only PROCs. See, "Sample Reports", in this section of manual for a sample of these reports.

The DDNAME/DSNAME Analysis Report also contains two steps in the JCL used to create this report.

- The first step isolates wanted JCL members from a partitioned data set. This step executes a DCDFETCH PROC also described in another section of this manual for pulling members off a partitioned data set.
- The second step executes the program to print the DDNAME/DSNAME Analysis Reports for a JOB library or a PROC library.

This report reports on several fields including DDNAME and DSNAME.

Several Options are available within this report for adjusting SORT sequence, reporting in different sequences, omitting some DDNAMEs, omitting some DSNAMEs, and omitting reporting program or proc STEPs where there are no DDNAMEs.

User Options Available

There are two JCL Analysis Reports:

The first report is the JOBLIB report showing only two fields – JOB name and PROC name. The report when run will be listed in two sequences – 1) by JOB name and 2) by PROC name. To run, specify RPTYPE=JOBLIB on the EXEC line. <u>Do not specify other report or J-options when running this report.</u> LNCNT and SORTREG symbolics may be used here.

A sample EXEC line for the JOBLIB report is shown below:

//STEP1 EXEC DCDJCL,RPTYPE=JOBLIB,LNCNT=60

The second report is the PROC or basic JCL report which shows a breakdown of user JCL for DDNAME, DSN & DISPOSITION along with related program name, proc name, step name and step number. There are three sequences to this report and several other related options.

The three sequences are:

DDNAME sequence
 DSNAME sequence
 Unsorted sequence

To produce any of these sequences, enter one of the following symbolics on the EXEC DCDJCL statement:

- 1. RPTYPE=DDN
- 2. RPTYPE=DSN
- 3. RPTYPE=JNOSORT
- 4. RPTYPE=JCL (for all three reports)

To produce any two of the reports, specify two reports options in the RPTYPE symbolic within single apostrophes as shown in this example:

RPTYPE='DDN,JNOSORT'

Other Options

JDSNONLY

When the DSNAME is missing from a DD and replaced with the use of DATA, DUMMY, SYSOUT=, DDNAME= or *, these fields will be shown as the related DSN. To exclude these DD statements, use the JDSNONLY option within the RPTYPE= symbolic within single apostrophes along with the report options selected. (Note options may be abbreviated to the first three characters).

JAPROC

Without the use of this option or the JBPROGRAM option, the three different reports will have no primary sort ahead of DDNAME, DSNAME or DDNAMES in their unsorted order within each EXEC. Using this option will sort the JCL report with PROC name as the primary (first) sort field.

JBPROGRAM

See the JAPROC option. When this option is used, the report will be sorted on program name ahead of DDNAME, DSNAME or DDNAMES in their unsorted order within each EXEC. If JAPROC is also used with this option, the PROC name for the JAPROC option will be sorted first. The program name for this JBPROGRAM option will be second, followed by DDNAME, or the unsorted DDNAME order.

JEXEC

PROC name and PROGRAM will not be shown normally if there are no DDNAMES that follow a PROC or PROGRAM name. Using this JEXEC option will force out the PROC name and/or PROGRAM name even if no DDNAMES are present. Using this option with the DSN or DDN option will cause PROGRAM/PROC records with blank DDNAME and blank DSNAME to appear at the front of the report or scattered throughout the report depending on the use of the JAPROC and JBPROGRAM option.

Example using additional options

//STEP1 EXEC DCDJCL,RPTYPE='DDNAME,DSNAME,JDSN,JAP,JEX'

Other options for either report type

The other options that are available are number of lines per page (LNCNT=) and SORT region size (SORTREG=). The default for these are LNCNT=60 and SORTREG=600000.

Use of Control Statements for Selection of PROCs

The first step in producing a JCL PROC Analysis Report is the selection of JCL members. This is accomplished through the use of a member fetcher PROC which isolates and selects members off of a partitioned data set.

The DD name for these control statements is CTLINFO.

Control statements must be used to indicate which members are to be selected. The format of these control statements is as follows:

Columns 1through 3 The constant (PDS) Column An equal sign (=)Columns The name of a made-up DDNAME $5 ext{ through } a -$ Column An equal sign (=) with no spaces before or after it One of the following words: Columns b through c -ALL 1. 2. **MEMBER** 3. **PREFIX**

The remaining two fields are required if PREFIX is used as the last operand. Otherwise, they may not be used.

```
Columns c+1 - An equal sign ( = ) with no spaces before it or after it
Columns d - e - A 1 to 7 character prefix which will be used to limit
selection
```

An illustration of the possible combinations follows:

- 1. PDS=ddname=ALL
- 2. PDS=ddname=MEMBER
- 3. PDS=ddname=PREFIX=prefix

An example showing the use of these control statements follows:

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDJCL
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=PREFIX=SP
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=USER.JCL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

The above example will pull off all members from the library, specified by the DD name USERDD, which begins with the prefix SP and passes them out to a sequential data set.

It is left up to the user to ensure that all members beginning with the prefix used are definitely JCL members and not something else, (e.g., COBOL programs, COPY members, Assembler programs).

If members are wanted from more than one library, then multiple DDNAMEs may be used. An example follows:

```
//STEP2 EXEC DCDJCL
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=ALL
PDS=OTHERDD=ALL
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=USER.JCL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
//PDS.OTHERDD DD DSN=USER.JCL.LIBRARY2,DISP=SHR
```

The use of the following words for selection is described here:

- 1. **ALL**
- 2. **MEMBER**
- 3. **PREFIX**
- 1. **ALL** indicates that all members will be selected from the partitioned data set.
- 2. **MEMBER** indicates that the user wants to make further selection with member name control cards. These control statements immediately follow the control statement, which contains the word MEMBER. An example follows:

```
/STEP3 EXEC DCDJCL
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=MEMBER
MEMBER1
MEMBER2
MEMB03
MEMBER04
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=USER.PDS,DISP=SHR
```

3. **PREFIX** indicates that selection is to be done strictly on the basis of a 1 to 7 character prefix that follows the (=) sign after the word PREFIX. An example follows:

```
//STEP4 EXEC DCDJCL
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=PREFIX=TRR
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=USER.JCL.PROC.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
```

<u>Further notes on the member fetcher:</u>

- 1. Compressing the PDS before using the data set will eliminate the possibility of pulling in older unwanted members from the PDS.
- 2. Multiple control statements may be used for any of the above formats.
- 3. To prevent obtaining duplicate members, do not mix formats in the same run.

Use of Control Statements for Excluding DDNAMEs

When using the DCDJCL PROC to produce a report on a PROC or other JCL, which contains DD statements, it is possible to exclude DDNAMEs from the report that do not necessarily add to the value of the report. In some cases, just add paper and distract from the value of the report, (e.g., DDNAMEs like SYSOUT, SYSPRINT and SORTLIB).

To invoke this feature, add a DDNAME with the name of EXCLUDE at the end of the JCL and add the DDNAMEs that are to be excluded as shown in the example below:

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDJCL,RPTYPE=JCL
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=JCLDD=ALL
//PDS.JCLDD DD DSN=USER.JCLPROC.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
//JCLRPT.EXCLUDE DD *
SYSUDUMP
SYSOUT
SYSPRINT
SORTLIB
JOBCAT
STEPCAT
/*
```

JCL Examples

The following example is provided for producing the JCL PROC Analysis Reports:

Example 1

```
//STEP1 EXEC DCDJCL,RPTYPE=DDN
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=USERDD=MEMBER
JCLPROC1
PROC2
JCLPROC3
PROC4
//PDS.USERDD DD DSN=USER.JCL.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
/*
```

The above example produces the JCL PROC Analysis Report in DDNAME sequence for the four PROCs listed above.

Example 2

```
//STEP2 EXEC DCDJCL,RPTYPE=JCL
//PDS.CTLINFO DD *
PDS=ALPHA=PREFIX=TR
PDS=ALPHA=PREFIX=PR
//PDS.ALPHA DD DSN=USER.JCL2.LIBRARY,DISP=SHR
//JCLRPT.EXCLUDE DD *
SYSOUT
SYSPRINT
/*
```

The above example produces the JCL PROC Analysis Report in both DDNAME and DSNAME sequence for all PROCs that begin with the prefix TR or PR on the library USER.JCL2.LIBRARY. It will omit the DDNAMEs, SYSOUT and SYSPRINT from that report.

DCDJCL PROC

The following is a listing of the DCDJCL PROC:

```
//DCDJCL PROC BUF=5,
                                ALLOW 5 BUFFERS FOR MVS
              LINECNT=60,
                                NBR OF LINES PER PAGE
//
//
              OTHER=,
//
              PRINT='*'
//
              REG=2048K,
              RPTYPE=JCL,
                                (JCL) GIVES THE REPORT IN BOTH SEQUENCES
//
//
              SORTREG=600000,
//
              WORK=SYSDA
//*
//*
                               DCDJCL PROC FOR PROC ANALYSIS REPORTS
     MARBLE COMPUTER, INC.
//*
                                                REL 2.2
                                                            LM080117
//PDS
                 PGM=DCDFETCH, REGION=2048K
           EXEC
//*
//*
     INSERT STEPLIB IF
                          NECESSARY
//*
//* * * * * DD DSN=SYS1.CEE.SCEERUN,DISP=SHR
//OUTPUT
            DD
                DSN=&&PASSFILE, DISP=(,PASS), UNIT=&WORK,
         SPACE=(CYL, (5,10))
//PRINT
            DD
                SYSOUT=&PRINT
                SYSOUT=&PRINT
//SYSOUT
            DD
//WORKFIL1
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (1,2))
           DD UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(CYL, (1,2))
//WORKFIL2
//*
//JCLRPT
           EXEC PGM=DCDJCL, REGION=&REG, COND=(4, LT, PDS),
       PARM=('LNC=&LINECNT', 'SOR=&SORTREG', &RPTYPE,, &OTHER)
//
//*
//*
     INSERT STEPLIB IF NECESSARY
//*
//PRINT
            DD
                SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
                SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//PRTMSG
            DD
//RPTFILE
            DD
                SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
                SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=121
//SYSOUT
            DD
//SYSUDUMP
            DD
                SYSOUT=&PRINT, DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SORTMESS
            DD
                DUMMY, DCB=BLKSIZE=121
//SORTLIB
            DD
                DSN=SYS1.SORTLIB.DISP=SHR
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (400),, CONTIG)
            DD
//SORTWK01
            DD
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (400),, CONTIG)
//SORTWK02
                UNIT=&WORK, SPACE=(TRK, (400),, CONTIG)
            DD
//SORTWK03
//PROCFILE
            DD
                DSN=&&PASSFILE, DISP=(OLD, DELETE), DCB=BUFNO=&BUF
                DISP=(,DELETE),UNIT=&WORK,SPACE=(3240,(200,120)),
//WKFILE
            DD
         DCB=(LRECL=108,BLKSIZE=3240,RECFM=FB,BUFNO=&BUF)
//
            DD
                DDNAME=EXCLUDE
//SYSIN
//*
//CONTROL
            DD DSN=USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL),DISP=SHR
```

Sample Reports

DATA SET ANALYSIS ** 01/01/2001 ***********************************						
	DCDJCL	DCDJCL	2	DCDRPT	WKFILE	NEW DELETE
&&COMPLIST	DCDMAIN GIVEBACK		1 2	DCD RETCMPLR	INFILE INFILE	OLD PASS OLD DELETE
&&PASSFILE	DCDJCL MBRFETCH	DCDJCL DCDJCL	2	JCLRPT MBR	PROFILE OUTSET	OLD DELETE MOD PASS
&&TEMP	DCDMAIN LIBRARAN PAN#1	PANACL	2 2 1 1	DCD DCD LIB PAN	COBOLIN COBOLIN OSJOB PAN002	OLD DELETE OLD DELETE NEW PASS NEW PASS
DDNAME	DCDJCL	DCDJCL	2	JCLRPT	SYSIN	
DUMMY	DCDJCL	DCDJCL	2	JCLRPT	SORTMESS	3
LIBRARAN.SOURCE	LIBRARAN	LIBACL	1	LIB	MASTER	SHR
PANVALET.SOURCE	PAN#1	PANACL	1	PAN	PAN001	SHR
SYSOUT	DCDJCL	DCDJCL	2 2 2 2 2	JCLRPT JCLRPT JCLRPT JCLRPT JCLRPT	PRINT PRTMSG RPTFILE SYSOUT SYSUDUM	P
	DCDMAIN		1 1 1 1 2	DCD DCD DCD DCD DCD	PRINT PRTCMPLR SORTMESS SYSOUT SYSOUT	
		DCDACL	1 1 1	DCD DCD DCD	PRINT SORTMESS SYSOUT	S
		DCDCOBOL LIBACL	1 2 2 2 2	DCD DCD DCD DCD DCD	SYSOUT PRINT SORTMESS SYSOUT SYSOUT	3
		PANACL	2 2 2	DCD DCD DCD	PRINT SORTMESS SYSOUT	3

JCL PROC Analysis Report - DSN Sequence

	JBACL 2 ANACL 2	DCD DCD	&&TEMP &&TEMP	OLD DELETE OLD DELETE
DCDMAIN CO DCDMAIN LI	COMACL 1 DCDACL 1 LIBACL 2 ANACL 2		USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL) USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL) USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL) USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL) USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL) USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL) USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL) USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL)	SHR SHR SHR SHR SHR SHR SHR
INFILE DCDMAIN CO		DCD RETCMPLR	&&COMPLIST &&COMPLIST	OLD PASS OLD DELETE
LIST LIBRARAN LI	IBACL 1	LIB	SYSOUT	
MASTER LIBRARAN LI	JBACL 1	LIB	LIBRARAN.SOURCE	SHR
OSJOB LIBRARAN LI	JIBACL 1	LIB	&&TEMP	NEW PASS
OUTSET MBRFETCH D	OCDJCL 1	MBR	&&PASSFILE	MOD PASS
PAN001 PAN#1 PA	ANACL 1	PAN	PANVALET.SOURCE	SHR
PAN002 PAN#1 PA	ANACL 1	PAN	&&TEMP	NEW PASS
DCDMAIN C D LI	DCDACL 1 LIBACL 2 PANACL 2	JCLRPT DCD DCD DCD DCD DCD DCD	SYSOUT SYSOUT SYSOUT SYSOUT SYSOUT	
PROFILE DCDJCL D	OCDJCL 2	JCLRPT	&&PASSFILE	OLD DELETE
PRTCMPLR DCDMAIN CO	COMACL 1	DCD	SYSOUT	
PRTFILE GIVEBACK CO	COMACL 2	RETCMPLR	SYSOUT	
PRTMSG DCDJCL D	OCDJCL 2	JCLRPT	SYSOUT	
REPORTS DCDSYSTM D	OCDCOBOL 1	DCD	SYSOUT	

JCL PROC Analysis Report - DDNAME Sequence

JCL DATA DDNAME**	SET ANALYSIS PROGRAM* PROC****	01/01/2001 STEP-NBR	STEP-NAM	INPUT SEQUENCE (NO SORTING) E DSNAME************************************	PAGE 1 **** DISPOSITION
CONTROL PRINT SORTLIB SORTMESS SYSOUT	DCDMAIN DCDACL	1 1 1 1	DCD	USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL) SYSOUT SYS1.SORTLIB SYSOUT SYOUT	SHR SHR
SYSPRINT LIST MASTER OSJOB	LIBRARAN LIBACL	1 1 1 1	LIB	SYSOUT SYSOUT LIBRARAN.SOURCE &&TEMP	SHR NEW PASS
COBOLIN CONTROL PRINT SORTLIB SORTMESS SYSOUT	DCDMAIN	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	DCD	&& TEMP USERPDS(DCDCNTRL) SYSOUT SYS1.SORTLIB SYSOUT SYSOUT	OLD DELETE SHR SHR
SYSPRINT OUTSET	MBRFETCH DCDJCL	1 1	MBR	SYSOUT &&PASSFILE	MOD PASS
PRINT PRTMSG RPTFILE SYSOUT SYSUDUMP SYSOUT SORTMESS SORTLIB PROCFILE WKFILE SYSIN	DCDJCL	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	JCLRPT	SYSOUT SYSOUT SYSOUT SYSOUT SYSOUT SYSOUT DUMMY SYS1.SORTLIB &&PASSFILE DDNAME=EXCLUDE	SHR OLD DELETE NEW DELETE
CONTROL		2		USER.PDS(DCDCNTRL)	SHR

JCL PROC Analysis Report - Unsorted Sequence

JCL JOBLIB JOBNAME	ANALYSIS PROCNAME	01/01/2001	IN JOB NAME SEQUENCE	PAGE	1
DCD115D	> COPYPROC DVN2PROC PROC003				
DCD116D	>< DTNUPR2				
DCD116NA	> DTNPRC60 DTNUPR2				
DCD117D	DSN1PR1 DSN2PR1 DSN3PR6 DSN4PR6 PROC01 PROC02 TRAC03NA				
DCD118L	> TRUN02A TRUN03 YTOKENS				

Job Library Report - JOB NAME Sequence

Release 2.3

Control/DCD

SPF (System Productivity Facility) PANELS

$Control/DCD-SPF\ PANELS$

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MARBLE Computer, Inc. provides an on-line ISPF panel interface for our Control/DCD software. To make use of these panels, a client <u>must</u> have Version 2 or later of the ISPF Dialog Manager and have ISPF/PDF installed.

The ISPF Panel have been completely redone for Control/DCD. It is expected that most all use of Control/DCD will be done through these ISPF panels, unlike previous versions of DCD where some parts of DCD were routinely run outside of ISPF.

BENEFITS

FUNCTIONALITY

Typically, individual users do not have a Control/DCD user's manual which causes many features of DCD to be unused or unnoticed. With the interactive SPF panels, the user will be drawn to understand full DCD functionality. This is due to our IBM/OS Control/DCD user's manual being placed on either HELP or SELECTION panels to guide users right to the function he/she wants to know about. The manual is available for when the user needs further explanation of an advanced feature and the ISPF panels do not fully explain to the user everything to their satisfaction.

The SPF Panels work for all features of Control/DCD. When using mainframe editing of the COBOL program, under Section 1 or the ISOLATE feature in Section 2, ISPF panels are required.

USER-FRIENDLY INTERFACE

Selection panels will be designed to make the user aware of every feature of Control/DCD in a friendly way, while the printed manual is still available as a reference guide.

ALLEVIATION OF JOB CONTROL LANGUAGE MODIFICATIONS

The user is not required to know OS JCL as all JCL will be built and submitted automatically as a batch job from the ISPF panels. Therefore, there is no need to modify JCL job streams.

INTERACTIVE ERROR DETECTION

As errors are detected on-line, error messages will be displayed describing what action needs to be performed on the user's behalf. This will speed up the job submission process by both reducing JCL errors and reducing wasted CPU time due to running jobs that do not produce the anticipated results.

SAVES TIME

On new tasks, the users time will be saved by 50% - 75% thus eliminating the need to understand all the options and JCL that are required to achieve desired output reports produced by Control/DCD. With this timesaving, the user can perform project related tasks instead of spending large amounts of time understanding the parameters and JCL that drive DCD.

$Control/DCD-SPF\ PANELS$

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Use of this Section

This section is designed to give <u>only</u> a partial overview of how the ISPF panels are used. Full coverage is not attempted here. There are more than **90 main** panels to help the user complete options for submitting JOBs and more than **135 HELP** panels to support these main panels. These panels are assisted with more than **65 individual programs** to help insure error free submission of Control/DCD jobs.

In addition to error free submission of jobs, features that are generally hidden unless one has carefully and thoroughly read the entire Control/DCD manual are made available as a user selects one or more features or options.

Selected panels for completing user requests and some associated HELP panels from the Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs facility are shown in this section.

Panel Exhibits

Main Selection Panel							F-6
Build Editable COBOL Program Panel							F-6
Isolate Just COBOL Program Panel							F-7
Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs							F-7
Report Panel for Analysis of Multiple COBOL Programs							F-8
Type Input Panel for Analysis of Multiple COBOL Programs							F-8
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Main Panel for Verify JCL Accuracy							F-10
Panel for DDNAME/DSNAME Report							F-10
HELP Panel Exhibits							
Help Main Table of Contents							F-11
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Help Sample Output on Abend Analysis for SELECT IF Selection							F-13
Help Sample Output on Abend Analysis for Data Field Selection	•	•	•	•	•	•	F-13

Selected Panel Exhibits

Main Selection Panel

Control/DCD The Ultimate COBOL Program and Application Analysis Tool

Enter 1-6, H or use F3 to exit) Option ==> 1

- 1 Build a Digital Documentation Manual
- 2 Build COBOL Program with F & operand Analysis for ISPF editing
- 3 Save COBOL Program without F & operand Analysis after ISPF editing
- 4 Analyze a Cobol Application
- 5 Abend Analysis for Data Field Errors
- 6 Verify JCL Accuracy within an Application
- H HELP

Control/DCD Release x.x

Build Editable COBOL Program Panel

COBOL Program ===> PAYROL2M Press Enter with S to submit; F3 to Exit

COBOL PDS ===> Userid.UserLib.COBOL

EDITFILE PDS ===> Userid.UserLib.EDITFILE

- ==> S Enter 1-6 to make changes before submitting; Use S to submit
 - 1 Modify Analysis Selection
 - 2 Change COPYLIBs for resolving COPY Members
 - 3 Modify PARM Options, COBOL Version, or Report Selection
 - 4 Modify File Name for EDITFILE, SUMMARY or BCKUPCOB
 - 5 Edit SPACE= or BUFFER= in JCL
 - 6 Edit JOB Statement
 - S Submit JOB

```
ISPF Library
```

Sample Edit Entry Panel - - - > Project . . . Userid to use after JOB finishes Group . . . UserLib

Type . . . EDITFILE

Member . . . PAYROL2M

Isolate Just COBOL Program Panel

ISOLATE just COBOL Program from EDITFILE & STORE in MAIN COBOL PDS

COBOL Program ==> PAYRM32A Press Enter to submit or F3 to Exit+

FROM: EDITFILE PDS ==> USERID.USER.EDITFILE

TO: MAIN COBOL PDS ==> USERID.USER.COBOL

Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs – Main Panel

ANALYSIS ON MULTIPLE COBOL PROGRAMS

- ==> 1 Enter 1-6 to make changes before submitting; Use S to submit
 - 1 REPORTs & Using scanned files from previous runs
 - 2 Specify COBOL Input
 - 3 Specify COPYLIBs for resolving COPY Members
 - 4 Modify PARM Options or COBOL Version
 - 5 Edit SPACE= or BUFFER= in JCL
 - 6 Edit JOB Statement
 - S Submit JOB

Report Panel for Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs

Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs - REPORTS

Selection by reports Enter Y or N

1.	01 Records	-	N	8. Literal & Trace	-	N
2.	CALL Analysis	-	N	9. Paragraph	-	N
3.	CALL Hierarchy	-	N	10. Special Registers	-	N
4.	COPY Analysis	-	Y	11. System Record Analysis	-	N
5.	DATA Analysis	-	N	12. Verb Analysis	-	N
6.	Fig. Constants	-	N	13. CALL Parameter Analysis	-	N
7.	LAYOUTS	-	N	(Verify PARAMETER field size	s &	Ė
				order in CALLs across progr	ams	3)

```
WRITE (save) information for later reading - (Enter Y or N)
Write to condensed files - N

READ from saved information for reporting - (Enter Y or N)
Read from condensed files - N
```

Type Input Panel for Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs

Specify type input for this job

TYPE ===> C

COBOL programs (or COPY members if LOR option is used for LAYOUT records) will be taken from the type input specified

Main Panel for **Abend Analysis** for Data Field Errors

Abend Analysis for Data Field Errors

COBOL PDS ===> USERID.USER.COBOL

Do not use Quotes in PDS name

- ==> S Enter 1-5 to make changes; Use an S to submit; or F3 to exit
 - 1 Specify SELECT IF or Data Field
 - 2 Change COPYLIBs for resolving COPY Members
 - 3 Modify PARM Options, or COBOL Version
 - 4 Edit SPACE= or BUFFER= in JCL
 - 5 Edit JOB Statement
 - S Submit JOB

Choose type Abend Analysis - (**Before** or **After** ERROR Occurs)

Abend Analysis for Data Field Errors

Type ==> 1 (Enter 1 or 2)

1 - SELECT IF (Use BEFORE error identified)

2 - DATA-NAME (Use AFTER error identified)

SELECT IF example: SELECT IF PREFIX = INV-2 OR INV-M

AND CLASS = NUMERIC

Use F1 for HELP in AND USAGE = D OR C3

building SELECT IF AND FIELD-SIZE < 10
AND DECIMAL-DIGITS = 0

SELECT IF brings in selected names with REDEFINES and GROUP fields along with their COBOL P-D Narrative. Arrows point to those PROCEDURE DIVISION statements where errors might be present.

DATA NAME does full tracing through program on any field that can be accessed by this field along with REDEFINES and associated PROCEDURE DIVISION Narrative.

Main Panel for Verify JCL Accuracy

Verify JCL Analysis within an Application

- - D Produce DDNAME/DSNAME report
 - P Produce PROC Name report

Panel for **DDNAME/DSNAME** report

Produce DDNAME/DSNAME report

- ===> S Enter 1-7 to do modification prior to submitting, or S to Submit
 - 1 Choose Reports and Establish SORT Sequence
 - 2 Specify Input
 - 3 Exclude DDs with (DATA, DUMMY, SYSOUT=, DDNAME= or *)
 - 4 Exclude by specific DDNAMEs
 - 5 Show report line with PROC/PROG when there are no DDs present
 - 6 Modify Line Count or SORTREG
 - 7 Modify JOB Statement
 - S Submit JOB

HELP Panel Exhibits

HELP Main Table of Contents

HELP Table of Contents for Control/DCD

Option ===> 1 Enter 1 to 5

- 1 Analyze a COBOL Program with Commentary using Control/SE
- 2 Save a COBOL Program without Commentary after Modifying
- 3 Analyze a Cobol Application
- 4 Abend Analysis for Data Field Errors
- 5 Verify JCL Analysis within an Application

HELP for **Analyze a COBOL Program** with Commentary

Analyze a COBOL Program with Commentary - HELP

Option ===> 3 Enter 1 to 8

- 1 Analyzing a COBOL Program with Commentary Description
- 2 Types of (FIND &Operand) available
- 3 Examples of (F &Operand) use
- 4 How to Edit a program making using the added Commentary
- 5 How to build a COBOL Program with the added Commentary
- 6 Use of EDITFILE SUMMARY and BCKUPCOB Partitioned Data Sets
- 7 Saving the COBOL program without Commentary after editing is done
- 8 What is and how to use the Alternate Compile Listing

HELP showing FIND &data-name example

Data Name Analysis

IF MAST-LAST-NAME NOT = SPACES (742)
MOVE SPACES TO MAST-LAST-NAME (766)

Examples on FIND &Operand are shown later in the HELP panels include: CALL, COPY, CODE-NOT-USED, ERRORS, FORWARD-TRACING, HELP, INDEX, OPEN, PERFORM-ANALYSIS, PERFORMED-ROUTINES, SQL & Copy-Member-Name.

HELP Table of Contents for Analysis of Multiple COBOL Programs

"Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs" HELP

SELECTION ===> 4

- 1 01 record report
- 2 CALL Analysis Report
- 3 CALL Hierarchy report
- 4 CALL Parameter Analysis (Verify Parameter Size & Order)
- 5 COPY Analysis Report
- 6 DATA Name cross reference
- 7 Figurative Constant report
- 8 LAYOUTS
- 9 Literal reports
- 10 Paragraph reports
- 11 Special Register report
- 12 System Record Analysis (Field or record use through many programs)
- 13 Verb Analysis report
- 14 WRIPPDS to condensed files (Save info for later reporting)
- 15 READPDS from condensed files (Retrieve Saved info on many programs)
- 16 Other HELP information for "Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs"

HELP Sample Output on Abend Analysis for SELECT IF Selection

Sample REPORT generated by SELECT IF

MM/DD/YYYY ABEND ANALYSIS SELECT STATEMENTS PAGE 1

1 SELECT IF FIELD-SIZE < 10 AND CLASS = N

ABEND ANALYSIS REPORT MM/DD/YYYY Page Program Seq# Level Data-Name Referenced Narrative Section ANAR 0145 10 EN-PRINT-HOURS PIC 99 WORK-ST resides in pos 17 - 18 in record EN-TIME-OF-DAY Move EN-TIME-HOURS @137 to # (1359) overlap 0134 01 **EN-ADJUST-TIME** WORK-ST uses field positions 1 - 21 overlap 0144 05 EN-TIME-OF-DAY WORK-ST uses field positions 17 - 21 *----> Move # to EN-HDG-1-TIME @154 (1361)

Arrows *----> point to suggested lines to look at for Possible Errors

HELP Sample Output on Abend Analysis for Data Field Selection

Abend Analysis for Data Field Errors Page MM/DD/YYYY Program Seq# Level Data-Name Directly Referenced Narrative Section NR30PGM1 0248 15 CW-DATE-2-YEAR-FORMAT PIC X WORK-ST resides in pos 2-2 in record CW-RECORD If # = SPACES (1128, 1278)If # not = 'R' (1310) Move # to RN-DATES-N2-IN @367 (1287), RN-DATES-N2-P3 @368 (1196,1223) overlap 0244 01 CW-RECORD WORK-ST uses field pos 1-80 If # not = SPACES (792) Move HIGH-VALUES to # (985,1380), SPACES (832,889,901,967,1481,1503) overlap 0245 CW-MASTER-RECORD-1ST-OCC WORK-ST 05 uses field pos 1-72 If # not = SPACES (1451,1489) see RN-DATES-N2-IN traced on next page (Continued) ...

$Control/DCD-SPF\ PANELS$

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Release 2.3

Control/DCD

Error Messages

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Error Messages

Each error message has a 10-character alphanumeric code associated with it in the following format:

Positions 1 - 3 - CSE or DCD

Position 4 - character indicating the sub-system the message comes from Position 5 - character indicating a program within specified sub-system

Position 6 - 8 - 3 characters indicating the location within the program of the message

Position 9 - hyphen (-)

Position 10 - one of the following letters: I, W, C, E, or D where:

- I indicate an informational message that requires no action from the user.
- W indicates a warning, which the user should look at, then correct if necessary.
- C indicates an error was found and it should be looked at and if possible, corrected.
- E indicates an error was found and it should be looked at and corrected.
- **D** indicates an error was found that is causing DCD to stop processing prior to normal end of job. This error must be corrected before DCD will successfully run.

Error messages when they are present will print on the PRINT DD file starting on the second or third page.

If the PRINT DD is somehow omitted, then the following messages will occur on the SYSOUT file:

```
***** DDNAME (PRINT) MISSING
***** DDNAME (PRINT) MISSING
```

DCD messages are listed on the following pages in alphanumeric sequence of the 10-character codes associated with each error message, with numbers sorting ahead of letters.

CSEA4022-D	CSEM4030-D	CSENB060-D	DCDGJA02-D
CSECC005-E	CSEM5050-D	CSEND040-D	DCDGJC01-E
CSECCC02-E	CSEM5A02-D	CSENF020-D	DCDGJD01-E
CSECCG03-E	CSEM5B12-E	CSENH050-D	DCDGJF02-D
CSEEA030-D	CSEM6C02-D	CSENHA13-E	DCDGJH07-E
CSEEAC04-E	CSEM6C07-D	CSENHB12-E	DCDGJH17-E
CSEEAE01-E	CSEM6AB3-E	CSENHK01-D	DCDGKA02-D
CSEEB030-D	CSEM6AD1-E	CSENL004-D	DCDGKC01-E
	CCEMCAAO E	CCEDOCO D	
CSEEFB91-E	CSEM6AA2-E	CSEP2030-D	DCDGKD01-E
CSEEFH00-E	CSEM6BD1-E	CSEPB050-D	DCDGP040-D
CSEEFH21-E	CSEM6DD1-E	CSEPEY70-D	DCDGQA02-D
CSEESDDA-D	CSEM6EA1-E	CSEPEY80-D	DCDGR020-D
CSEESDDE-D	CSEM6M85-E	CSEPNU20-D	DCDGXCD1-E
CSEESDDK-E	CSEM6M86-E	CSEPNU21-D	DCDGXCDF-D
CSEESYLB-E	CSEM6M95-E	CSETBM85-E	DCDCXCDO-D
			~
CSEG8030-D	CSEM6Wxx-D	CSETBM86-E	DCDGXDAA-D
CSEGBA02-D	CSEM7A02-D	CSETBM95-E	DCDGS010-D
CSEGBA10-E	CSEM7B04-D	CSETDM85-E	DCDGS030-D
CSEGBB03-D	CSEM7C02-D	CSETDM86-E	DCDGSE04-E
CSEGBB11-E	CSEM7F02-D	CSETDM95-E	DCDGSFA1-E
CSEGBB20-E	CSEM8A02-D	CSETJ040-D	DCDGSG01-E
CSEGBB50-E	CSEM8B13-D	CSETLC02-D	DCDGSG09-E
CSEGBC01-D	CSEM8C02-D	CSETLM85-E	DCDGSGA1-D
CSEGE030-D	CSEM8D13-D	CSETLM86-E	DCDGV040-D
CSEGF030-D	CSEM8M01-D	CSETLM95-E	DCDKBR10-E
CSEGF060-D	CSEM8M02-D	CSEUDA01-D	DCDKBR30-E
			DODKBY40 D
CSEGJA02-D	CSEM8Q01-E	CSEUF010-D	DCDKBY40-D
CSEGJC01-E	CSEMBC02-D	CSEUFA02-D	DCDKBY50-D
CSEGJD01-E	CSEMBM85-E	CSEUFD01-E	DCDKM020-D
CSEGJF02-D	CSEMBM86-E	CSEUHD01-E	DCDKW040-D
CSEGJH07-E	CSEMBM95-E	CSEUJA02-E	DCDMB008-D
CSEGJH17-E	CSEMCA02-D	CSEV3055-D	DCDM5B12-E
CSEGKA02-D	CSEMCB09-D	CSEVA021-D	DCDNB020-D
CSEGKC01-E	CSEMCC02-D	CSEVAW03-D	DCDNB060-D
CSEGKD01-E	CSEMCF02-D	DCD82A02-D	DCDND040-D
CSEGP040-D	CSEME030-D	DCD82B02-D	DCDNF020-D
CSEGQA02-D	CSEMGC02-D	DCD82FL1-D	DCDNH050-D
CSEGR020-D	CSEMGM85-E	DCD88050-D	DCDNHA13-E
CSEGS010-D	CSEMGM86-E	DCD88K01-D	DCDNHB12-E
CSEGS030-D	CSEMGM95-E	DCDA4022-D	DCDNHK01-D
CSEGSE04-E	CSEMHC02-D	DCDCC005-E	DCDNL004-D
CSEGSFA1-E	CSEMHM85-E	DCDCCC02-E	DCDPB050-D
CSEGSG01-E	CSEMHM86-E	DCDCCG03-E	DCDPEY70-D
CSEGSG09-E		DCDEA030-D	DODDEMOO D
	CSEMHM95-E		DCDPEY80-D
CSEGSGA1-D	CSEMJ602-D	DCDEAC04-E	DCDPNU20-D
CSEGV040-D	CSEMKB02-D	DCDEAE01-E	DCDPNU21-D
CSEJAA02-D	CSEMNA02-D	DCDEB030-D	DCDTBM85-E
CSEJAA06-D	CSEMP030-D	DCDEFB91-E	DCDTBM86-E
CSEJCA02-D	CSEMOA02-D	DCDEFH00-E	DCDTBM95-E
	~		
CSEJCA06-D	CSEMQB10-E	DCDEFH21-E	DCDTDM85-E
CSEJE050-D	CSEMRA02-D	DCDESDDA-D	DCDTDM86-E
CSEJEA01-D	CSEMRB10-E	DCDESDDE-D	DCDTDM95-E
CSEJEB10-E	CSEMWBA1-E	DCDESDDK-E	DCDTJ040-D
			DCDTLC02-D
CSEJGA02-D	CSEMWC20-E	DCDESYLB-E	
CSEJIA02-D	CSEMWCB0-E	DCDG8030-D	DCDTLM85-E
CSEJPA02-D	CSEMWD20-E	DCDGBA02-D	DCDTLM86-E
CSEJPW03-D	CSEMWDB1-E	DCDGBA10-E	DCDTLM95-E
CSEJPAA1-D	CSEMWDD2-E	DCDGBB03-D	DCDUDA01-D
CSEKBR10-E	CSEMWFA1-E	DCDGBB11-E	DCDUFD01-E
CSEKBR30-E	CSEMWGA3-E	DCDGBB20-E	DCDUHD01-E
CSEKBY40-D	CSEMX020-D	DCDGBB50-E	DCDUJA02-E
CSEKBY50-D	CSEMX030-D	DCDGBC01-D	DCDV3055-D
CSEKM020-D	CSEMX040-D	DCDGE030-D	DCDVA021-D
CSEKW040-D	CSEMX050-D	DCDGF030-D	DCDVAW03-D
CSEM3030-D	CSENB020-D	DCDGF060-D	

If you should encounter error messages in your DCD run that are not self explanatory or require further explanation, look the message up and follow any instructions that are given for that particular error message.

The Error messages listed on the just previous page are major errors that are not listed on the following pages, and are unlikely to occur. Should you receive one of these errors, we request that you contact Marble Computer, Inc. for further assistance, should re-running or correcting any JCL errors not immediately correct the problem or remove the error.

If you need to contact Marble Computer, Inc. for technical support, you may follow one of the below suggested procedures:

- 1. Send an email to us at support@marblecomputer.com with any attachments needed.
- 2. You may call Marble Computer, Inc. toll-free at 800-252-1400. We recommend having the following information available when calling.
 - Release number and release date of the version of DCD that you are running
 - The error message number(s)
 - If you are using DCD as a remote job entry to a data center, specify the location of the data center that you are using.
 - Exactly what conditions existed when the error messages were encountered (what PARM options were in effect, what PROC was being executed, any other related conditions).

CSE5E035-D //CONTROL DD DATE AND/OR MATCHING VERFICATION CODE IS INCORRECT -

SEE SYSOUT FOR REASON

Explanation: The Control date and matching verification code in PDS member (DCDCNTRL) is incorrect. User Action: Look on Install information provided by Marble Computer or contact Marble Computer.

CSE5E040-C PARM LENGTH GREATER THAN 100 - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The number of characters in the total PARM field is greater than 100 characters. Only the first 100

characters are meaningful to CSE. The characters over 100 are ignored.

User Action: Make adjustments to the PARM field to reduce the total length to be under 100 characters.

CSE5E052-I PARM (R3N) OPTION TURNS OFF (PMO) OPTION ELIMINATING PRINTING OF OFFSETS

TO THE FAR RIGHT OF SOURCE CODE

Explanation: Parm option R3N is inconsistent with parm option PMO. Option R3N carries PL and SL information

from the right hand side of the compile listing into right side of CSE listing, while option PMO traps

information from the compile OFFSET option and prints into right side of CSE listing.

User Action: Determine whether PMO option is needed, and if not needed turn that options off, or turn option R3N off.

CSE5E056-W PARM OPTION (NIS) MAY NOT BE USED WITH OPTION (IREFS) - OPTION (IREFS) IS

TURNED OFF

Explanation: Parm option NIS (which is used to provide a sequential sequence) for Procedure Division Narrative is not

compatible with the IREFS option which provides indirect References.

The IREFS option is being turned off. To turn it back on, do not use PARM option NIS.

User Action: Determine whether NIS option is needed, and if not, turn that options off.

CSE5E060-D PARM OPTION (LOR) MAY NOT BE USED WHEN OTHER REPORTS ARE ALSO TURNED

ON

Explanation: The option LOR indicates that non-COBOL programs are being used as input for creating the Layouts

Reports.

User Action: Do not use this option when other report options are also turned on.

CSE5E061-W PARM OPTION (LHR) TREATED AS (LHX) WHEN OPTION (LNR) FOR NARRATIVE IS IN

EFFECT

Explanation: Options LHR and LNR are incompatible. See these options in this User's Manual.

User Action: Do not use these options together.

CSE5E062-D PARM OPTION (TRACE) NOT ALLOWED WHEN OPTIONS (WRITPDS OR READPDS) ARE

USED

Explanation: Option TRACE is incompatible with option WRITPDS or READPDS. See these options in this User's

Manual.

User Action: Do not use these options together. Eliminate TRACE or eliminate READPDS or WRITPDS.

CSE5E063-D AT LEAST ONE PRINT REPORT OPTION MUST BE TURNED ON WHEN RUNNING THE

OTHER COBOL REPORTS

Explanation: No PARM options were specified (DATA, LAYOUT, etc...) for printing of reports or for the

specification of the Data Dictionary file. Even when using WRITPDS or READPDS options, report

options must be specified.

User Action: Specify one or more report options.

CSE5E065-D (WRITPDS) PARM OPTION ALSO REQUIRES (BEGIN) OR (CONTINUE) PARM OPTION

Explanation: Parm option WRITPDS requires either option BEG or CON. See these options in this User's Manual.

User Action: Add parm option BEGIN or parm option CONTINUE.

CSE5E067-D PARM OPTION (S03), (S15) OR (S50) MAY NOT BE USED WITH (LAYOUT) OR (RECORDS)

OPTION

Explanation: PARM options S03, S15, S50, S3H and S1T alter the maximum size of OCCURS within a record

which contains an OCCUR clause for use with the System Record Analysis Report. Using these

options with the RECORD or LAYOUT reports will produce incorrect results.

User Action: Turn off the RECORD and LAYOUT options or remove the S03, S15, S50, S3H and S1T options being

used.

CSE5E800-I (STOP) PARM OPTION IN EFFECT

Explanation: The PARM option STOP was entered and processing in CSE is halted.

User Action: None. To process with CSE, remove the STOP option.

CSE5EA11-E PARM OPTION (parm field) INVALID WHEN FOLLOWING (option) AND IS IGNORED

Explanation: The two PARM fields shown in the message conflict with each other. The first PARM option will be

used and the second one will be ignored.

User Action: Remove either of the two options shown.

CSE5EA20-C INTERNAL ERROR FOR PARM (parm field)

Explanation: An internal error has occurred during the storing of PARM fields.

User Action: Save printed output and contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSE5EA50-D FIELD IN PARM RECORD TOO LARGE (parm field)

Explanation: The PARM field displayed is in excess of 10 characters. All valid PARM fields are 10 characters or

under in length.

User Action: Determine what PARM field was intended and correct.

CSE5EA70-D PARM-FIELD IS INVALID (parm field)

Explanation: The first three characters of the PARM field displayed do not match to a valid PARM field.

User Action: Consult the User's Manual if necessary and then re-enter a valid PARM field.

CSE5EA78-C FOUND MORE THAN 1 PARM OPTION IN THE RANGE IR1 - IR6 –USING LAST FOUND

Explanation: More than one parm option (IR1, IR2, IR3, IR4, IR5, IR6) was used. User Action: Remove one or more parm options, so that only one is present.

CSE5EA90-W PARM OPTION (parm field) MISCODED. ACCEPTED AS (parm field)

Explanation: The first three characters of the PARM field matches with a valid PARM option, however, the remaining

characters do not match.

User Action: Check to be sure the PARM option used was the one intended. Correct the PARM field for later runs.

CSE5EC01-E PARM OPTION (parm field) NOT FOLLOWED BY (=) AND (VALUE)

Explanation: The PARM field displayed is a keyword type option which requires both an (=) sign and value after the

(=) character. Either the (=) character is missing or the value after the (=) character is miscoded or

missing.

User Action: Ensure that the fully coded PARM field contains the (=) character and a valid value. It may also help to

ensure that the entire keyword and value are enclosed in single apostrophes.

CSE5EF02-C PROBLEM WITH LNC= (USING LNC=60)

Explanation: The value found after LNC= was not numeric or was numerically greater than 999.

User Action: Correct by using a valid number. For this run a default of 60 is used.

CSE5EF03-D PROBLEM WITH SOR= (USING SOR=600000)

Explanation: The value found after SOR= was not numeric or too large.

User Action: Use a valid number in SOR= for SORT region. Use SOR=600000 or slightly larger.

CSE5EF04-W WHEN SORTREG= 1024000 INSURE THAT REG=12288K IS USED

Explanation: A larger SORTREG was found and requires a larger REGION.

User Action: Insure REG=12288K is used.

CSE5EF05-W USE SORTREG=810000, 1024000, 1536000 & USE CORR REG=8192K, REG=12288K OR

REG=20480K

Explanation: SORTREG must be 810000 or 1024000 or 1536000.

User Action: Change SORTREG to one of these values and use corresponding REGION of 8192K, 12288K or

20480K.

CSE5EF06-W WHEN SORTREG= 1536000 INSURE THAT REG=20480K IS USED

Explanation: A larger SORTREG was found and requires a larger REGION.

User Action: Insure REG=20480K is used.

CSE5EF07-C PROBLEM WITH DLT= (USING MAXIMUM OF DLT=017)

Explanation: The PARM option DLT= is greater than 17.

User Action: Reenter DLT= value.

CSE5EF25-C PROBLEM WITH TAC= (USING TAC=025)

Explanation: The value found after TAC = was not numeric or was numerically greater than 999.

User Action: Correct by using a valid number. For this run, default of 025 is used.

CSE5EL01-E PARM OPTION (CALL) not ON for //USERSEL DD (ADD CALL command)

Explanation: The //USERSEL DD file has (ADD CALL on or defaulted to) and PARM option CALL is off.

User Action: Turn on PARM option CALL.

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CSE5EL2A-E PARM OPTION (U01) not ON for //USERSEL DD (ADD CODE-NOT-USED command)

Explanation: The //USERSEL DD file has (ADD CODE-NOT-USED on or defaulted to) and PARM option U01

is off.

User Action: Turn on PARM option U01 to provide information needed for CODE-NOT-USED option.

CSE5EL2C-E PARM OPTION (UPARAS) not ON for //USERSEL DD (ADD CODE-NOT-USED command)

Explanation: The //USERSEL DD file has (ADD CODE-NOT-USED on or defaulted to) and PARM option

UDN is off.

User Action: Turn on PARM option UPARAS to provide information needed for CODE-NOT-USED option.

CSE5EL03-E PARM OPTION (COPY) not ON for //USERSEL DD (ADD COPY command)

Explanation: The //USERSEL DD file has (ADD COPY on or defaulted to) and PARM option COPY is off.

User Action: Turn on PARM option COPY.

CSE5G010-D DDNAME (CONTROL) MISSING

Explanation: A DD card is missing from the user JCL.

User Action: See the User's Manual and Installation Addendum for instructions on adding a CONTROL DD card.

CSE5G025-D //CONTROL DD CONTROL INFO MISSING

Explanation: The CONTROL DD file is empty. One control record is required.

User Action: See the Installation Addendum for format and provide the control record required.

CSE5G030-D //CONTROL DD CONTROL INFO . MUST BE IN VALID FORMAT (MMYY). FOUND (xxxx)

Explanation: The password control information contains invalid information in columns 1-4. MMYY for month and

year is expected.

User Action: Enter the information in correct format (MMYY) and run again. If necessary consult the Installation

Addendum for further information.

CSE5G046-D CONTROL MONTH/YEAR EXPIRED - MM/YYYY = XX/XXXX

Explanation: Six characters of control information matching to MMYYYY are invalid. User Action: See the Installation Addendum or contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSE5G048-D SIX CHARACTER CODE (6-char) IN //CONTROL DD CONTROL INFO IS INVALID.

Explanation: Six characters of control information are invalid.

User Action: See the Installation Addendum or contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSE5H050-E (TRACEIN) COMMANDS MUST BEGIN WITH AN (AFTER) COMMAND

Explanation: When using the debugging control statements under direction of Marble Computer, each command must

begin with the word (AFTER)

User Action: Check the TRACEIN DD statements and make corrections to the TRACEIN commands as necessary.

CSE5H070-D ONE OR MORE ERRORS FOUND IN (TRACEIN) COMMANDS

Explanation: One or more errors occurred in processing the debugging control statements.

User Action: Check the related error messages and make corrections to the TRACEIN commands as necessary.

CSE5HA01-E PROGRAM-NAME MISSING AFTER (AFTER) COMMAND IN (TRACEIN) FILE

Explanation: The program name must be used in the TRACEIN file. It was not there.

User Action: Check the TRACEIN file and make corrections as necessary.

CSE5HA02-E EXPECTING WORD (PRINT) WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The word PRINT must be used in the TRACEIN file. It could not be found.

User Action: Check the TRACEIN file and make corrections as necessary.

CSE5HA03-E EXPECTING (CSEWK01) THRU (CSEWK06) WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE - FOUND (field-

contents)

Explanation: The file names to be TRACEed must be CSEWK01 through CSEWK06.

User Action: Check the file names and correct as necessary.

CSE5HA05-E ONLY 10 CONTROL CARDS ALLOWED WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE

Explanation: The number of control cards in the TRACEIN file exceeds 10.

User Action: Check the TRACEIN file and delete excess cards so there are a total of 10 cards or less.

CSE5HA06-E EXPECTING NEW (AFTER) COMMAND

Explanation: The end of one command in the TRACEIN file was found. The next token (if present) must be the start

of a new command.

User Action: If multiple commands are used, make sure each new command starts with the word AFTER.

CSE5HA31-E CSEWKXX NUMBER MUST BE 01 TO 06 WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE

Explanation: The CSEWKXX file that has been specified in the TRACEIN file does not exist.

User Action: Check the file names and make corrections as necessary.

CSE5HA35-E PROGRAM OR FILE NUMBER IN CONTROL CARD IS INVALID

Explanation: The program-id did not match or the record length was not numeric.

User Action: Check the control card and make corrections as necessary.

CSE5HA90-I BYPASSING TOKENS WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE UNTIL NEXT (AFTER) OR END OF FILE

Explanation: A previous documented syntax error was found while scanning an AFTER command within the

TRACEIN file. Further scanning for errors will not be done until a new AFTER command is found.

User Action: None.

CSE5RV04-W VERSION FILE HAS NO RECORDS OR HAS INVALID ENTRY IN THE FIRST RECORD

Using ENTERPRISE COBOL as default

Explanation: //VERSION DD was found without a valid entry as first record in file. User Action: Insure entry starts in position 1 and is one of following values:

VS-COBOL VS-COBOL-II IBM-COBOL ENTERPRISE

CSE5X001-C EXCESSIVE ERROR MESSAGES IN HSKPG

Explanation: The table of error messages was exceeded for the first phase of processing within CSE.

User Action: Examine the previous error messages and make corrections as necessary to eliminate the errors.

CSE63070-E THE VALUES USED WITHIN SELECT CARDS ESTABLISHES A RANGE THAT IS

NEGATIVE

Explanation: Control cards used to select records for Layout Reports by record size are incorrect.

User Action: Correct either the SELECT> or the SELECT< card.

CSE63080-I USING CONTROL CARDS FOR SELECTION BY DATA-NAME FOR LAYOUTS

Explanation: This is an informational message reminding the user that control cards are being used for the selection of

Layout Reports.

User Action: None.

CSE63081-I USING CONTROL CARDS FOR SELECTION BY RECORD-SIZE FOR LAYOUTS

Explanation: This is an informational message reminding the user that control cards are being used for the selection of

Layout Reports.

User Action: None.

CSE63A03-I DATA NAME IS GREATER THAN 30 CHARACTERS

Explanation: Programmer-supplied names must be 30 characters or less in length. User Action: Check the data name to make sure that it less than 30 characters.

CSE63A06-E UNIDENTIFIED FIELD AFTER DATA NAME (record-name)

Explanation: Field in control statement after data name indicated is in error.

User Action: Check the control statement, correct, and re-submit.

CSE63A07-E ONLY 750 CONTROL CARDS ALLOWED WITHIN FILE

Explanation: There are two many control statements used.

User Action: Check the file and eliminate excess cards so there are a total of 750 statements or less.

CSE63AA1-E CONFLICTS WITH A PREVIOUS (SELECT) CONTROL CARD

Explanation: The control card conflicts with a previous SELECT control card.

User Action: Check the control cards and make necessary changes.

CSE63AA2-E CONFLICTS WITH A PREVIOUS (SELECT) CONTROL CARD

Explanation: The control card conflicts with a previous SELECT control card.

User Action: Check the control cards and make necessary changes.

CSE63AA3-E SYNTAX ERROR IN SELECT CARD

Explanation: The SELECT card has a non-numeric field or a number over 6 characters in length.

User Action: The correct format requires positions 1-6 to be numeric, columns 7 to be a dash, and 8-13 to be numeric.

CSE66003-D DDNAME (CTLCDSRA) IS MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DD card for CTLCDSRA is missing.

User Action: Check JCL to ensure the DD card for CTLCDSRA is there and correctly placed. This control card is

needed when PARM option DICT or SRA is used.

CSE66A03-E PROGRAM-ID IN EXCESS OF 8 CHARACTERS

Explanation: The program name/record name control card statement is invalid.

User Action: A 1 - 8 character program name must begin in column 1.

CSE66A04-E RECORD NAME OR LENGTH IN A CONTROL CARD IS MISSING

Explanation: The control card is missing either the record name or length.

User Action: Check the control card for the record name or length to ensure one is present.

CSE66A05-E RECORD NAME IN EXCESS OF 30 CHARACTERS

Explanation: The program name/record name control card statement is invalid.

User Action: A 1 - 8 character program name must begin in column 1. A 1 - 30 character 01 record name must follow

after one or more spaces.

CSE66A06-E NUMERIC FIELD IS IN EXCESS OF 6 CHARACTERS

Explanation: A control card field used for the System Record Analysis Report has a numeric field greater than 6 digits

in length.

User Action: Shorten the number to 6 digits.

CSE66A07-E MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CONTROL CARDS WITHIN A FILE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED

Explanation: The number of control cards in the file has been exceeded.

User Action: Check the file and delete excess cards.

CSE66AB2-E A FIELD IS IN EXCESS OF 6 CHARACTERS OR NOT NUMERIC

Explanation: A numeric field within an SRA control statement range is too big or not numeric.

User Action: Correct the control statement and rerun.

CSE66AB3-E THE RANGE OF NUMBERS IN SRA CTL CD IS INVALID

Explanation: A range of numbers found in an SRA control statement was found to be invalid.

User Action: Determine what should be entered, fix, and rerun.

CSE6AB01-D POSITIONS 33 THROUGH 72 IN CONTROL CARD MUST BE BLANK

Explanation: Control Statements for option DIT must have positions 33 up through position 72 blank.

User Action: Look at control statements used, consult manual if need be, and correct.

CSE6AC01-D LEADING SPACES ARE NOT PERMITTED FOR THESE CONTROL STATEMENTS

Explanation: Control Statements for option DIT must have the command used start in column 1.

User Action: Look at control statements used and correct.

CSE6AD10-D DDNAME (CTLCDDLT) IS MISSING WHEN PARM OPTION (DIT) IS SPECIFIED

Explanation: Option DIT was used indicating control statements for Literal Tracing, however the required DDNAME

CTLCDDLT is missing.

User Action: Remove option DIT, or add DDNAME CTLCDDLT with valid control statements.

CSE6AD20-D DDNAME (CSEWKT1) IS MISSING WHEN PARM OPTION (DIT) IS SPECIFIED

Explanation: Option DIT requires an extra work file CSEWKT1 and this file was not found.

User Action: Add an extra work file, similar to work file CSEWK01, 02, etc. with the name CSEWKT1. Also insure

that DD names CSEWKT2, CSEWKT3, and CSEWKT4 are added similar to CSEWKT1.

CSE6C030-D DDNAME (SELECT) IS MISSING WHEN PARM OPTION (TRACE) IS SPECIFIED

Explanation: Parm Option TRACE indicates SELECTs are used for 'Follow a Data Field' report and DD SELECT is

required.

User Action: Inspect JCL and add DDNAME SELECT with SELECTs to produce report.

CSE6C031-D DDNAME (CSEWK08) MISSING

Explanation: A DDNAME (CSEWK08) is missing from JCL.
User Action: Inspect JCL and add DDNAME CSEWK08 to same.

CSE6C110-D CORRECT ERRORS FOUND IN SELECT STATEMENTS - SEE REPORT FILE

Explanation: See other file and look at syntax errors there for SELECT control statements used.

User Action: Correct the errors found and resubmit the run.

CSE6CF02-D A LIMIT OF 250 SELECT STATEMENTS ARE ALLOWED FOR (TRACE) - THIS NUMBER

WAS EXCEEDED

G-10

Explanation: More than 250 SELECTs were submitted. The limit allowed is 250.

User Action: Reduce run to 250 SELECTs or less and resubmit.

CSE6CJ01-D SELECTS WITHOUT (NAME) KEYWORD MUST COME BEFORE SELECTS WITH

(NAME) KEYWORD

Explanation: Format#2 SELECTs in format SELECT IF NAME = data-name must come after all other SELECTs

using format#1 which uses other keywords with AND/OR logic.

User Action: Put all SELECT IF NAME control statements last and resubmit.

CSE6RA04-E WHEN PROVIDING SRA-TBL=control statement - THE VALUE FOLLOWING SRA-TBL=

must BE EITHER 1M, 5M 9M 13M or 16M

Explanation: SRA-TBL= control statement is used to allow larger size TABLEs during processing and the value found is

incorrect

User Action: Use value 1M 5M 9M 13M or 16M.

CSE6RB03-C FOUND UNIDENTIFIED CONTROL STATEMENT (XXXXXXXXXX) WITHIN //XXXXXX

DD

Explanation: //SRAINFO DD has a control statement pointing to DD shown in message. Within that DD a control error

was found.

User Action: Verify the control statement shown and correct.

CSE6RCA1-E CSEMSELE - AN INTERNAL TABLE HOLDING (COPY SELECT names) HAS BEEN

XCEEDED

Explanation: //COPYSELE DD contains too many SELECT names.

User Action: Reduce number used or contact Marble Computer to have table expanded.

CSE6RDA1-E CSEMSELE - AN INTERNAL TABLE HOLDING (COPY BYPASS names) HAS BEEN

EXCEEDED

Explanation: //COPYBYP DD contains too many BYPASS names.

User Action: Reduce number used or contact Marble Computer to have table expanded.

CSE6RS03-D DD FOR SRAINFO IS MISSING AND REQUIRED WHEN A SYSTEM NAME IS PROVIDED

IN DD //XXXXXX

Explanation: SRA-TBL= control statement defined a DD name in a control statement and that specified DD was not found.

User Action: Insure that the DDNAME specified is there in the JCL.

CSE6RT03-E DDs FROM CSEWK09 THROUGH CSEWK20, CSORTIN & CSORTOUT REQUIRED AND

NOT ALL WERE FOUNDD

Explanation: Not all DDNAMEs specified above were found in the JCL.

User Action: Insure that the DDNAMEs shown are all there.

CSE6UAC1-W ACCEPTING (OMIT COPY=member-name) BEFORE FINDING (ADD COPY=ALL)

Explanation: An OMIT COPY= command was found before ADD COPY=ALL or ADD COPY=ALL or ADD COPY=ALL or ADD COPY ALL OR ADD COPY A

User Action: Insure ADD COPY=ALL is present and move OMIT COPY=member after ADD COPY=ALL.

CSE6UE01-E (USERSEL ERROR MESSAGE INSERTED HERE)

Explanation: An error was found in an ADD, OMIT, or FORMAT command.

User Action: See error message explanation and correct the ADD, OMIT, or FORMAT.

CSEA2002-D DDNAME (CSEWK01) MISSING

Explanation: The running of CSE requires work files CSEWK01 and more. The DDNAME CSEWK01 was not found..

User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

CSEA2P01-D VS COBOL II LISTING FOUND, VS2 OPTION NOT IN EFFECT, USE PARM OPT ION (VS2)

TO CORRECT

Explanation: PARM Option VS2 is required when VS COBOL II or new COBOL releases are used.

User Action: Use PARM Option VS2 (e.g. OTHER= 'VS')

CSEA4008-D DDNAME (COBOLIN) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the COBOLIN DD card is missing from the file being compiled. User Action: Check JCL to ensure DD card for COBOLIN is there and correctly placed.

CSEA4009-D DDNAME (CSEWK01) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DD card for CSEWK01 is missing.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure the DD card for CSEWK01 exists and is correctly placed.

CSEA4040-D EMPTY FILE FOUND FOR COBOL PROGRAM

Explanation: COBOL file exists but contains no records
User Action: Check to ensure COBOL file contains records.

CSEA4B02-D NO COBOL INPUT FOUND ON DDNAME (COBOLIN)

Explanation: COBOL file exists (used with BASIS option) but contains no records.

User Action: Check to ensure COBOL file contains records.

CSEB0015-D DDNAME (COBOLIN) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DD card for COBOLIN is missing.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure DD card for COBOLIN exists and is correctly placed.

CSEB0016-D DDNAME (CSEWK01) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DD card for CSEWK01 is missing.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure DD card for CSEWK01 exists and is correctly placed.

CSEB0022-D CSEMULTI (program name) PROGRAM NOT FOUND ON (COBOLIN) INPUT FILE

Explanation: A logic error has occurred. Program member does not match the COBOLIN file.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure DD card member exists and is correctly placed.

CSEB0030-D EMPTY FILE FOUND FOR COBOL PROGRAM

Explanation: COBOL file exists but contains no records.
User Action: Check to ensure COBOL file contains records.

CSEB0040-E (TRACE) OPTION available for first program found – Ignored for EXTRA programs

Explanation: Abend Analysis is only available for one program at a time. If more programs were inputted, then the

extra programs will not have Abend Analysis done on them.

User Action: Limit Abend Analysis to one program at a time.

CSEB0041-E (DIT) OPTION available for first program found – Ignored for EXTRA programs

Explanation: Direct Tracing of Literals is only available for one program at a time. If more programs were inputted,

then the extra programs will not have Direct Tracing of Literals done on them

User Action: Limit Direct Tracing of Literals to one program at a time.

CSEB0C01-W START OF ASSEMBLER PROGRAM FOUND WITHIN PROGRAM

Explanation: The start of an Assembler program was found when reading in COBOL programs. User Action: Review the input and ensure that only COBOL programs are being inputted.

CSEB0D02-W COLUMN 7 OF LINE AFTER THE PROCEDURE DIVISION OF COBOL PROGRAM

(XXXXXXXX) IS INVALID - SEE NEXT LINE

Explanation: Within the Procedure Division, a line was found which may be invalid.

User Action: Examine the line and take corrective action if necessary.

CSEB0F01-D USE OF PARM OPTION (LOR) REQUIRES COBOL RECS - FOUND COBOL PROGRAM

INSTEAD

Explanation: A COBOL program was found as input when the PARM option LOR indicated Data Division records

were being inputted.

User Action: Review what was intended and correct.

CSEB0XA6-C COBOL PROGRAM (program name) WAS DUPLICATED

Explanation: More than one COBOL program was found with this program name.

User Action: Determine why duplicate programs are present and remove those that are not wanted.

CSEB0XA7-I COBOL PROGRAM-ID (program) BEING PROCESSED - (nnnnn)

Explanation: Informational message produced for every COBOL program.

User Action: None.

CSEB0XA9-W INVALID WORD IN PROCEDURE DIVISION

Explanation: Found a PIC, PICTURE or VALUE clause in the Procedure Division.

User Action: Check the program to find out why this condition occurred.

CSECA010-D DDNAME (CSEWK02) MISSING

Explanation: The running of CSE requires work files CSEWK02 and others. The DDNAME CSEWK02 was not

found.

User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

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CSECA030-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: A work file being used is in a corrupted state.

User Action: Try re-running. If necessary, contact Marble Computer.

CSECADD3-E OVER 500 REPLACING TOKENS WITHIN ONE COPY REPLACING OPERAND - CHECK

FOR ERROR IN CODE

Explanation: More than 500 tokens were found when replacing the corresponding tokens in the COPY member before

finding a delimiter within pseudo-text-1.

User Action: Check the COPY member and the COPY REPLACING clauses to determine why excessive tokens are

being replaced within one pseudo text. If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSECADD4-I (BY) MISSING IN COPY REPLACING

Explanation: The COPY REPLACING statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word BY following

identifier-1 and before identifier-2.

User Action: Inspect the COPY REPLACING clauses within the COBOL program and ensure the word BY is

correctly placed.

CSECADD6-C OVER 500 REPLACING TOKENS WITHIN COPY REPLACING OPERAND - CHECK FOR

ERROR IN CODE

Explanation: More than 500 tokens were found when replacing the corresponding tokens in the COPY member before

finding a delimiter within pseudo-text-2.

User Action: Check the COPY member and the COPY REPLACING clause to determine why excessive tokens are

being replaced within one pseudo text. If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSECADD9-C OVER 150 REPLACING WITHIN ONE COPY

Explanation: CSE has a limit of 150 REPLACING entries within one COPY statement.

User Action: Inspect the COPY statements to determine the cause of excessive REPLACING clauses and ensure there

are less than 150 per COPY statement. If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSECAH03-E INTERNAL TABLE EXCEEDED

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded when expanding COPY members.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

CSECAH06-E DATA SET NAME FOR COPYLIB NOT SPECIFIED, RUN TERMINATED

Explanation: A data set name (DSNAME=) was not provided on the //COPYLIB DD card.

User Action: Ensure that a DSN=clause is provided on the COPYLIB DD statement and check correct placement of the

//COPYLIB card.

CSECAX01-W COPY REPLACING OPTION IGNORED FOR NESTED COPIES (member-name)

Explanation: COPY REPLACING is not allowed within NESTED COPYs.

User Action: Determine why COPY REPLACING is used in NESTED COPYs and take any appropriate action.

CSECAX02-E COPY MEMBER NAME (member-name) APPEARS EARLIER WITHIN THIS ENTIRE

NESTED COPY

Explanation: Within nested COPYs, a COPY may not name a member already brought in through nested copies above

it. The member-name shown is already brought in. If brought in again, it will result in generating endless

lines of code.

User Action: Examine why this is happening and correct.

CSECAX05-I ERROR WHEN RESOLVING COPY MEMBER (member-name) SEE FOLLOWING MESSAGE

Explanation: CSE is unable to resolve the COPY member listed above.
User Action: Look for another (more specific) message following this one.

CSECAX06-E COPY MEMBER (member-name) NOT FOUND IN COPYLIB SPECIFIED

Explanation: When CSE attempted to read the COPY member in the COBOL program, it was not found in the

partitioned data set specified by DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Check the COPY member name to ensure it is valid and that the correct PDS file is specified within the

DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

CSECAX07-D //COPYLIB DD IS MISSING OR INCORRECT

Explanation: A data set name (DSNAME=) was not provided on the //COPYLIB DD card.

User Action: Ensure that a DSN= clause is provided on the COPYLIB DD statement and check to be sure the

placement of the //COPYLIB card is correct.

CSECAX08-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHILE READING RECORD FROM COPY MEMBER (member-

name)

Explanation: The COPY member shown was found within the directory of the PDS specified, however, attempts to

read it are unsuccessful.

User Action: Ensure that a valid partitioned data set was provided in the COPYLIB DD statement and verify that the

member specified is there and can be read successfully.

CSECAX09-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHEN READING DIRECTORY OF DSN SPECIFIEDIN //COPYLIB

DD

Explanation: A problem was encountered when reading the directory of the partitioned data set provided in the DSN=

of the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Ensure the PDS specified in the DSN= field is a valid PDS and that the directory is able to be read.

CSECAX10-E NO RECORDS FOUND IN MEMBER (copy member name)

Explanation: When CSE attempted to resolve this COPY member, it found no records in the member.

User Action: Check the COPY member and make corrections as necessary.

CSECCT01-I WHEN HANDLING REPLACING WITHIN A COPY, A CONTINUATION TO A NEW LINE IS

FORCED AT COMPILER # (compiler #)

Explanation: An informational message indicating that a new COBOL line was created to adequately handle the

REPLACING on this line.

User Action: None.

CSECCY06-I ERROR WHEN RESOLVING COPY MEMBER (copy-member-name)

Explanation: Indicates that an error has occurred in resolving a COPY member.

User Action: Look for an associated error message more descriptive in nature than this one.

CSECCY07-E COPY MEMBER (copy-member) NOT FOUND IN COPYLIB SPECIFIED

Explanation: The COPY member name specified was not found in the data sets provided within the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Either correct the spelling of the member name or determine why the member is missing.

CSECCY08-D //COPYLIB DD IS MISSING OR INCORRECT

Explanation: A DSN was not found in the JCL on the COPYLIB DD statement or the DD is missing.

User Action: Correct the JCL and rerun.

CSECCY09-E UNSUCESSFUL READ WHILE READING RECORD FROM COPY MEMBER (copy-member)

Explanation: An error occurred during the read of a record of the COPY member shown within the record.

User Action: Determine if the COPY member in question has an I/O problem that can be easily fixed. If so, correct,

otherwise, contact System Support at your installation.

CSECCY0A-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHEN READING DIRECTORY OF DSN SPECIFIED IN //COPYLIB

DD

Explanation: An error occurred during the read of a directory of the data set specified within the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Contact System Support at your installation for help.

CSECCY0B-E NO RECORDS FOUND IN COPY MEMBER (copy member name)

Explanation: When CSE attempted to resolve this COPY member, it found no records in the member.

User Action: Check the COPY member and make corrections as necessary.

CSECFE01-E PROBLEM IN RESOLVING NESTED COPY MEMBER (member name) - CONTINUING...

Explanation: When CSE attempted to resolve this COPY member, it could not find the member specified.

User Action: Check to see why the COPY member is missing.

CSECGX05-I ERROR WHEN RESOLVING COPY MEMBER (member-name) SEE FOLLOWING MESSAGE

Explanation: CSE is unable to resolve the COPY member listed above.
User Action: Look for another (more specific) message following this one.

CSECGX06-E COPY MEMBER (member-name) NOT FOUND IN COPYLIB SPECIFIED

Explanation: When CSE attempted to read the COPY member in the COBOL program, it was not found in the

partitioned data set specified by DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Check the COPY member name to ensure it is valid and that the correct PDS file is specified within the

DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

CSECGX07-D //COPYLIB DD IS MISSING OR INCORRECT

Explanation: A data set name (DSNAME=) was not provided on the //COPYLIB DD card.

User Action: Ensure that a DSN= clause is provided on the COPYLIB DD statement and check to be sure the

placement of the //COPYLIB card is correct.

CSECGX08-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHILE READING RECORD FROM COPY MEMBER (member-

name)

Explanation: The COPY member shown was found within the directory of the PDS specified, however, attempts to

read it are unsuccessful.

User Action: Ensure that a valid partitioned data set was provided in the COPYLIB DD statement and verify that the

member specified is there and can be read successfully.

CSECGX09-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHEN READING DIRECTORY OF DSN SPECIFIEDIN //COPYLIB

DD

Explanation: A problem was encountered when reading the directory of the partitioned data set provided in the DSN=

of the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Ensure the PDS specified in the DSN= field is a valid PDS and that the directory is able to be read.

CSECGX10-E NO RECORDS FOUND IN MEMBER (copy member name)

Explanation: When CSE attempted to resolve this COPY member, it found no records in the member.

User Action: Check the COPY member and make corrections as necessary.

CSECR020-E FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record.

User Action: Look for possible previous messages to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

CSEEB040-D ENTIRE COBOL PROGRAM INCLUDING PROCEDURE DIVISION WAS NOT FOUND

Explanation: The PROCEDURE DIVISION was not found within this program.
User Action: Determine why PROCEDURE DIVISION was not found and re-submit.

CSEEBM02-D EXCEEDED MAXIMUM NUMBER OF COPYS THAT CAN BE HANDLED - CONTACT

MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: A large internal table was exceeded. This is an unusual exception.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

CSEEF016-D DDNAME (CSEWK0x) MISSING

& CSEEF017-D & CSEEF018-D & CSEEF019-D

Explanation: The running of CSE requires work files for processing. The DDNAMEs CSEWK03, CSEWK04,

CSEWK05, and CSEWK06 respectively were not found.

User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

CSEEF030-C PROGRAM-ID NOT FOUND IN INPUT FILE - LOOK FOR NON-COBOL FILE OR MISSING

PROGRAM-ID IN MARGIN-A

Explanation: The PROGRAM-ID clause with Program-id within the Identification Division was not found. Program-Id

is used within internal processing of CSE and is needed.

User Action: Check the program and see why this occurred.

CSEEFB01-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING LEVEL NUMBER (nn)

Explanation: A period did not immediately precede this level number. User Action: Check the previous line for a missing period.

CSEEFB02-C DATA NAME DOES NOT FOLLOW LEVEL NUMBER (nn)
Explanation: A level number was found and an expected data name following level number was not found.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEFB03-C (01) FOUND IN MARGIN B - IGNORING

Explanation: The 01 level number found is within margin B, in column 12 or beyond. This 01 is being ignored as

being a valid 01 level number.

Action: Check the line and make corrections if this is really a 01 level number.

CSEEFB66-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING LEVEL NUMBER (66)

Explanation: A period did not immediately precede this level number.

Action: Check the previous line for a missing period.

CSEEFB67-C DATA-NAME DOES NOT FOLLOW 66 LEVEL - BYPASSING

Explanation: Level 66 found with no data name following it.

Action: Check the line and make corrections if this is really a 66 level number.

CSEEFB68-C RENAMES EXPECTED WITHIN 66 LEVEL AND NOT FOUND - BYPASSING

Explanation: The syntax of 66 (RENAME) statement requires a data name to follow RENAMES word.

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Action: Check the syntax of 66 level line.

CSEEFB69-C TOKEN PAST RENAMES NOT ALPHANUMERIC

Explanation: The 66 level clause at the compiler number shown contains data following the COBOL verb, RENAMES

that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEFB77-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING LEVEL NUMBER (level #)

Explanation: The 77 level number at the compiler number shown is not preceded by a period. User Action: Check the line preceding the level number for a missing period and correct.

CSEEFB78-C DATA NAME DOES NOT FOLLOW LEVEL NUMBER (level #) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The 77 level number at the compiler number shown is not followed by a data name.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEFB79-W (77) FOUND IN MARGIN B – ACCEPTED

Explanation: The 77 level number found at the compiler number shown is in margin B. It should be to the left of

margin B.

User Action: Move the level number to the left of margin B or check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEFB88-W
Explanation:
User Action:

NO PERIOD PRECEDING 88 LEVEL NUMBER (level #) - ACCEPTING
The 88 level number at the compiler number shown is not preceded by a period.
Check the line preceding the level number for a missing period and correct.

CSEEFB89-W DATA NAME DOES NOT FOLLOW 88 LEVEL NUMBER (level #) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The 88 level number at the compiler number shown is not followed by a data name.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEFB90-W (88) FOUND IN MARGIN A – ACCEPTED

Explanation: The 88 level number found at the compiler number shown is in margin A. It should be to the right of

margin A.

User Action: Move the level number to margin B or check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEFB92-E VALUE CLAUSE MISSING IN 88 LEVEL - BYPASSING

Explanation: The 88 level number and clause at the compiler number shown must contain the word VALUE.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEFB93-E CANNOT FIND LITERAL AFTER (VALUE) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The 88 level number and clause at the compiler number shown must contain a literal following the word

VALUE.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEFG23-E PROBLEM IN RESOLVING OCCURS AT COMPILER # (compiler #) **SEE BELOW**

LEVEL NUMBER = (level #)

NUMBER OF OCCURS = (nnn)

PRIOR END LOCATION = (location)

CURRENT END LOCATION = (location)

Explanation: An error was found in resolving an OCCURS clause. More information will be displayed underneath

this message.

User Action: Look for a syntax error. If none can be found, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. for support.

CSEEFG32-C GROUP LEVEL NAME BYPASSED FOR PURPOSES OF CALCULATING RECORD

POSITIONS DUE TO SYNTAX ERROR

Explanation: A problem was encountered in resolving the record positions for a group item. More information will be

displayed underneath this message.

User Action: Look for a syntax error. If none can be found, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. for support.

CSEEH01A-E (SYNTAX) ERROR - (MOVE)

Explanation: The MOVE statement found at the compiler number shown has the reserved word TO missing or

misplaced.

User Action: Look at the line in question and make any necessary corrections.

CSEEH01B-C THE END OF A (MOVE) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE OR CONTAINS AN

UNRECOGNIZED SPECIAL REGISTER

Explanation: The MOVE statement found at the compiler number is incomplete. User Action: Look at the line in question and make any necessary corrections.

CSEEH03A-C FILENAME FOLLOWING A (READ) VERB IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC – ACCEPTED AS IS

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Explanation: A valid file name following the COBOL verb READ is expected at the compiler number shown.

The file name found is in question because it is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the file name and correct as necessary.

CSEEH03B-E NO FD ENTRIES FOUND FOR THE FILENAME (FD name)

Explanation: CSE has no FILE FDs in its internal table to match to the file name found in the READ statement at

the compiler number shown.

User Action: Check spelling and if necessary, check the Environment and Data Divisions for a valid FD or SD to

match the name used.

CSEEH03C-E NO MATCHING FILE-NAME FOR (filename)

Explanation: The file name found after the READ statement at the compiler number shown does not match to a

FD file name within the Data Division.

User Action: Check the file name and correct to match a file name in the Environment and Data Divisions.

CSEEH03D-C (INTO IDENTIFIER-1) IDENTIFIER-1 NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The record name following the word INTO in a READ statement is not alphanumeric at the

compiler number shown.

User Action: Check the record name and correct as necessary.

CSEEH04A-C NAME FOLLOWING (WRITE) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The record name following the verb WRITE is not alphanumeric at the compiler number shown.

User Action: Check the record name and correct as necessary.

CSEEH04B-C (FROM IDENTIFIER-1) IDENTIFIER -1 NOT ALPHPANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The identifier that follows the word FROM in a WRITE statement is not alphanumeric at the

compiler number shown.

User Action: Check the identifier and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH05A-C IDENTIFIER FOLLOWING (ACCEPT) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The identifier that follows the COBOL verb ACCEPT at the compiler number shown is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the identifier and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH06A-E THE (ADD) STATEMENT REQUIRES A (TO) OR (GIVING) AND NEITHER WAS

FOUND - BYPASSING

Explanation: The ADD statement at the compile number shown is missing the word, TO or GIVING.

User Action: Check the ADD statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH06B-E THE END OF THE (ADD) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE OR CONTAINS AN

UNRECOGNIZED SPECIAL REGISTER - BYPASSING

Explanation: The ADD statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete.

User Action: Check the ADD statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH07A-E THE (SUBTRACT) STATEMENT HERE REQUIRES THE WORD (FROM) AND IT WAS NOT

FOUND - BYPASSING

Explanation: The SUBTRACT statement at the compiler number shown requires the word FROM to ensure correct

syntax.

User Action: Check the SUBTRACT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH07B-E THE END OF THIS (SUBTRACT) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE OR CONTAINS AN

UNRECOGNIZED SPECIAL REGISTER - BYPASSING

Explanation: The SUBTRACT statement at the compiler number shown appears to be incomplete.

User Action: Check the SUBTRACT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH08A-E THE (MULTIPLY) STATEMENT REQUIRES (BY) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The MULTIPLY statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word BY.

User Action: Check the MULTIPLY statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH08B-E THE (MULTIPLY) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE - BYPASSING

Explanation: The MULTIPLY statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete.

User Action: Check the MULTIPLY statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH09A-E THE (DIVIDE) STATEMENT REQUIRES (BY) OR (INTO) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The DIVIDE statement at the compiler number shown requires the word BY or INTO to ensure correct

syntax.

User Action: Check the DIVIDE statement and make corrections as necessary.

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CSEEH09B-E THE (DIVIDE) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE - BYPASSING The DIVIDE statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete. Explanation:

User Action: Check the DIVIDE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH10A-E THE (COMPUTE) STATEMENT REQUIRES (=) AND THIS WAS NOT FOUND -

BYPASSING

The COMPUTE statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete and requires the symbol (=) or Explanation:

the word EQUAL or EQUALS for correct syntax.

User Action: Check the COMPUTE statement and correct.

CSEEH10B-E THE (COMPUTE) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE - BYPASSING

The COMPUTE statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete. Explanation:

User Action: Check the COMPUTE statement and correct.

CSEEH11A-C FILE-NAME AFTER CLOSE (file-name) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The file name following the COBOL verb CLOSE at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the CLOSE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH11B-C FILE -NAME AFTER CLOSE (file-name) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

The file name following the COBOL verb CLOSE at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric. Explanation:

User Action: Check the CLOSE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH12A-C FILE-NAME AFTER DELETE (file-name) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

The file name following the COBOL verb DELETE at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric. Explanation:

User Action: Check the DELETE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH14A-C IDENTIFIER AFTER EXAMINE (field-contents) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

The field name found after the COBOL verb EXAMINE at the compiler number shown is not Explanation:

alphanumeric.

Check the EXAMINE statement and correct as necessary. User Action:

CSEEH14B-C (EXAMINE) FOUND (field-contents) FOR (TALLYING) OR (REPLACING) - BYPASSED

The EXAMINE statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word TALLYING, REPLACING Explanation:

or is incorrect.

User Action: Check the EXAMINE statement and correct as necessary.

EXAMINE WITH JUST REPLACING REQUIRES (BY); FOUND (field-contents) BYPASSING CSEEH14C-C

The EXAMINE statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word BY. Explanation:

User Action: Check the EXAMINE statement and correct as necessary.

(EXHIBIT) REQUIRES (NAMED) OR (CHANGED) - ACCEPTED AS IS CSEEH15A-C

Explanation: The EXHIBIT statement at the compiler number shown requires the word NAMED, CHANGED or both

to ensure correct syntax.

User Action: Check the EXHIBIT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH22A-C THE SYNTAX FOR AN OPEN STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE

Explanation: The syntax found for the OPEN statement at this compiler line number is invalid.

User Action: Look at the OPEN statement and determine the cause of the error.

CSEEH22B-C EXPECTING INPUT, OUTPUT, I-O OR EXTEND - FOUND (field-contents) -TREATED AS

(OUTPUT)

Explanation: The field shown was found after the verb OPEN.

User Action: If this is correct, ignore or contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. If not, correct as necessary.

CSEEH22C-C THE FILE-NAME (file-name) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

& CSEEH22D-C

Explanation: The file name found after the COBOL verb OPEN at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric.

Check the OPEN statement and correct as necessary. User Action:

CSEEH23A-E THE FORMAT OF THIS (SET) STATEMENT IS UNRECOGNIZED - BYPASSING

Explanation: Two forms of the SET statement are recognized: (SET index-name TO?) and (SET index-name UP [or

DOWN] BY ?).

User Action: Correct this SET statement as necessary.

CSEEH24A-C IDENTIFIER AFTER (INSPECT) - (field-contents) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

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Explanation: The identifier found after the COBOL verb INSPECT at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH24B-C EXPECTING (TALLYING) OR (REPLACING) - FOUND (field-contents) - BYPASSING

Explanation: At the compiler number shown, the item found after the first identifier in the INSPECT statement is not

REPLACING, TALLYING or CONVERTING.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH24C-C IDENTIFIER AFTER INSPECT TALLYING (field-contents) NOT ALPHANUMERIC -

ACCEPTED

Explanation: In the INSPECT statement at the compiler number shown, the identifier following the word TALLYING

was not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH24D-C (FOR) MISSING IN INSPECT TALLYING, FOUND (field-contents) - RESULTS

UNPREDICTABLE

Explanation: The INSPECT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word FOR following the second

identifier.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH24E-C EXPECTING (CHARACTERS), (ALL) OR (LEADING) FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The INSPECT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word ALL, CHARACTERS or

LEADING following the word FOR.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH24F-C EXPECTING ALL, LEADING, FIRST, OR CHARACTERS; FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The INSPECT . . . REPLACING statement at the compiler number shown is missing a COBOL word.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH24G-C INSPECT WITH (CONVERTING) REQUIRES (TO); FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The INSPECT . . . CONVERTING statement found at the compiler number shown requires the word TO

following the second identifier.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH24H-C EXPECTING (BY) AFTER (CHARACTERS) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The INSPECT . . . REPLACING CHARACTERS statement at the compiler number shown requires the

word BY after the word CHARACTERS for correct syntax.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH24I-C INSPECT WITH (REPLACING) REQUIRES (BY); FOUND (field-contents) - CONTINUING

Explanation: The INSPECT . . . REPLACING statement at the compiler number shown requires the word BY after

the identifier that follows REPLACING.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH25A-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC FILE-NAME; FOUND (file-name) - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The file name following the COBOL verb MERGE at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH25B-E NO SD ENTRIES FOUND FOR (SD data-name)

Explanation: The file name used at the compiler number shown does not match a file name in the Data Division.

User Action: Check the file name and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH25C-E NO MATCHING FILE-NAME FOUND FOR (file-name)

Explanation: The file name used at the compiler number shown does not match a file name in the Data Division.

User Action: Check the file name and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH25D-C EXPECTING (ASCENDING) OR (DESCENDING) FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The MERGE . . . ON statement at the compiler number shown must be followed by the word

ASCENDING or DESCENDING.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make the corrections as necessary.

CSEEH25E-E EXPECTING (USING) IN (MERGE) STMT-FOUND (field-contents) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The MERGE statement at the compiler number shown must be followed by the word, GIVING.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH25F-E EXPECTING (OUTPUT) OR (GIVING) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The MERGE statement at the compiler number shown must be followed by the words, OUTPUT or

GIVING, for this statement to have correct syntax.

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User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH25G-C (PROCEDURE) IS MISSING AFTER (OUTPUT) - CONTINUING

Explanation: The MERGE . . . OUTPUT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word, PROCEDURE

after OUTPUT.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH25H-C MERGE KEY IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC (key) - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The MERGE statement at the compiler number shown contains a key which is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH26A-C FILE NAME FOLLOWING (RECEIVE) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The RECEIVE statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name which is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the RECEIVE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH26B-E NO FD ENTRIES FOR (file-name)

Explanation: The File name found at the compiler number shown does not match a file name in the FD section of the

Data Division.

User Action: Check the RECEIVE statement at the compiler number shown and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH26C-E NO MATCHING FILE-NAME FOR (file-name)

Explanation: The file name found at the compiler number shown does not match a file name in the Data Division. User Action: Check the RECEIVE statement at the compiler number shown and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH26D-C (INTO IDENTIFIER-1) IDENTIFIER-1 NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The identifier found at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric. User Action: Check the RECEIVE . . . INTO statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH27A-C (SEARCH) OPERAND IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC – ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The operand or identifier following the COBOL verb SEARCH at the compiler number shown is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SEARCH statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH28A-C RECORD NAME FOLLOWING (SEND) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The SEND statement at the compiler number shown contains a record name which is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SEND statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH28B-C (FROM IDENTIFIER-1) IDENTIFIER-1 NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The SEND . . . FROM statement at the compiler number shown contains an identifier following the word

FROM that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SEND statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEF29A-C FILE NAME (file-name) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC AFTER (SORT) - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown contains a non-alphanumeric file name.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEF29B-E NO MATCHING SD ENTRIES FOUND FOR (SD name)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name for the sort that does not match

a file name for an SD in the Data Division.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH29C-E NO MATCHING FILE-NAME FOUND FOR (file-name)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that does not match a file name

in the Data Division.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH29D-C EXPECTING (ASCENDING) OR (DESCENDING) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word ASCENDING or

DESCENDING following the name of the sort file and the word ON.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH29E-E EXPECTING (USING) or (INPUT) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word INPUT or USING.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH29F-E (OUTPUT) OR (GIVING) NOT FOUND WITHIN (SORT)

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Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word GIVING or OUTPUT.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH29G-C PROCEDURE) IS MISSING AFTER (OUTPUT) - CONTINUING

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word PROCEDURE after OUTPUT.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary

CSEEH29H-C SORT KEY IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC (sort-key) - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown contains a sort key that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

CSEEH30A-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC FILE NAME AFTER (START) - FOUND (file-name)

Explanation: The START statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the START statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH30B-E NO MATCHING FD ENTRY FOUND FOR (file-name)

& CSEEH30C-E

Explanation: The START statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that does not match a file name

in the FD section of the Data Division.

User Action: Check the START statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH30D-C (OR) WITHIN (START) REQUIRES (=), FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The START statement at the compiler number shown contains the word OR which must be followed by

the phrase EQUAL TO for correct syntax.

User Action: Check the START statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH31A-C FILE-NAME FOLLOWING (SEEK) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The SEEK statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SEEK statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH31B-E NO MATCHING FD ENTRIES FOUND FOR (file-name)

& CSEEH31C-E

Explanation: The SEEK statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that does not match a file name

in the FD section of the Data Division.

User Action: Check the SEEK statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH32A-C EXPECTING (INTO) FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The STRING statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word INTO after the items that are

being strung together.

User Action: Check the STRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH32B-C DATA-NAME AFTER (INTO) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The STRING statement at the compiler number shown contains a non-alphanumeric data name following

the word INTO.

User Action: Check the STRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH32C-C VALID DATA -NAME SHOULD FOLLOW (WITH POINTER) IN (STRING)

Explanation: The STRING statement at the compiler number shown contains a non-alphanumeric data name following

the WITH POINTER clause or the data name is missing or invalid.

User Action: Check the STRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH33A-C IDENTIFIER AFTER TRANSFORM (field-contents) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The TRANSFORM statement at the compiler number shown contains an identifier that is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the TRANSFORM statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH33B-E (FROM) EXPECTED - FOUND (field-contents) BYPASSING

Explanation: Expecting the word FROM at this point within the TRANSFORM statement. User Action: Check the TRANSFORM statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH33C-E EXPECTING (TO) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: Expecting the word TO at this point within the TRANSFORM statement. User Action: Check the TRANSFORM statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH34A-C IDENTIFIER (field-contents) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC

Explanation: The UNSTRING statement at the compiler number shown contains an identifier which is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the UNSTRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

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CSEEH34B-E (INTO) FOR (UNSTRING) NOT FOUND

Explanation: The UNSTRING statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word INTO or has the word

misplaced.

User Action: Check the UNSTRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH35A-C & CSEEH35B-C NAME AFTER (USING) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The ENTRY statement at the compiler number shown contains a data name following the word USING

which is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the ENTRY statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH40A-C THE DATA-NAME FOLLOWING INITIALIZE (identifier) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC-

ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The INITIALIZE statement at the compiler number shown contains an identifier that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the INITIALIZE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH40B-E THE OPERAND AFTER REPLACING (field-contents) IS UNKNOWN - BYPASSING

INITIALIZE

Explanation: The INITIALIZE statement at the compiler number shown contains an operand following the word

REPLACING that is misspelled or unrecognized.

User Action: Check the INITIALIZE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH40C-E EXPECTING (BY) AFTER REPLACING, FOUND (field-contents) - BYPASSING INITIALIZE

Explanation: The INITIALIZE statement at the compile number shown contains an unrecognized word following the

word REPLACING.

User Action: Check the INITIALIZE statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH46A-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC FIELD IN MARGIN B AFTER (EXEC field-contents) -FOUND

(field-contents) ACCEPTED

Explanation: The EXEC statement at the compiler number shown contains a data name that is not alphanumeric or is

not in the correct margin.

User Action: Check the EXEC statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH46B-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC FIELD PRIOR TO LEFT PARENTHESIS - FOUND (Field-

contents)

Explanation: The EXEC statement at the compiler number shown contains a field to the left of the left parenthesis that

is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the EXEC statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH46C-E EXCESSIVE PARAMETERS BYPASSED IN (EXEC) STMT

Explanation: An excessive number of parameters were used within one EXEC statement.

User Action: Determine why an excessive number was used and correct. If already correct, contact MARBLE

Computer, Inc.

CSEEH46D-E EXPECTING QUALIFIER NAME AFTER (OF) OR (IN) (EXEC) STMT -BYPASSING

QUALIFICATION

Explanation: The EXEC statement at the compile number shown is missing a qualifier name after OF or IN.

User Action: Check the EXEC statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH46E-C EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION FOR (EXEC) STATEMENT FOUND – PROCESSING

CONTINUING

Explanation: An excessive number of qualifiers were used within one EXEC statement.

User Action: Determine why an excessive number was used and correct. If already correct, contact MARBLE

Computer, Inc.

CSEEH51A-E ALTER STATEMENT MISSING WORD (TO)

Explanation: The ALTER statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word TO after the first procedure

name.

User Action: Check the ALTER statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH51B-E ALTER STATEMENT MISSING PROCEDURE-NAME-2

Explanation: The ALTER statement at the compiler number shown is missing procedure-name-2 following the word

TO

User Action: Check the ALTER statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH57A-C (STOP) REQUIRES (RUN) OR (LITERAL)

Explanation: The STOP statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word RUN or a literal following it.

User Action: Check the STOP statement and make corrections as necessary.

CSEEH60A-C DATA-NAME FOLLOWING (INITIATE) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The REPORT WRITER verb INITIATE requires an alphanumeric operand following it. This was not

found.

User Action: Check the statement and make necessary corrections.

CSEEH61A-C DATA-NAME FOLLOWING (GENERATE) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The REPORT WRITER verb GENERATE requires an alphanumeric operand following it. This was not

found.

User Action: Check the statement and make necessary corrections.

CSEEH62A-C DATA-NAME FOLLOWING (TERMINATED) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The REPORT WRITER verb TERMINATE requires an alphanumeric operand following it. This was not

found.

User Action: Check the statement and make necessary corrections.

CSEEJ10A-I CONDITIONAL STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE - IF 88 LEVEL INTENDED, CHECK

SPELLING

Explanation: A conditional statement is incomplete. If an 88 level was intended, a matching 88 level in the Data

Division was not found.

User Action: Check the conditional statement and make necessary corrections.

CSEEJ100-I PARSING CANNOT FIND THE BEGIN OF SECOND PART OF NON-88 CONDITIONAL

Explanation: A conditional statement is incomplete. If an 88 level was intended, a matching 88 level in the Data

Division was not found.

User Action: Check the conditional statement and make necessary corrections.

CSEEJ300-C / (IF) EXCEEDED 125 OPERANDS FOR 1 CONDITION

& CSEEJ400-C

Explanation: An IF (or IF type) statement contains more than 125 operands within just 1 condition.

User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEEJAPA-E AN INTERNAL TABLE HAS EXCEEDED 125 DATA-NAMES FOR 1 CONDITION

& CSEEJAPB-E & CSEEJS1A-C

Explanation: An IF (or IF type) statement contains more than 125 operands within just 1 condition.

User Action: IF this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEENASA-C EXCEEDED 75 QUALIFIERS FOR OPERANDS WITHIN JUST 1 CONDITION

Explanation: More than 75 qualifiers were used within just 1 condition.
User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEERW0A-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING LEVEL NUMBER (level #)

Explanation: The level number at the compiler number shown does not have a period preceding it on a previous line.

User Action: Check the lines above the level number for a missing period and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERW0B-C EXPECTING (ZERO) AFTER (BLANK)

Explanation: The word BLANK at the compiler number shown is missing the word ZERO after it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERW0C-C EXPECTING NUMERIC INTEGER AFTER (COLUMN)

& CSEERW0D-C

Explanation: The word COLUMN at the compiler number shown is missing a numeric integer following it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERW0E-C EXPECTING NUMERIC INTEGER AFTER (LINE)

& CSEERW0F-C

Explanation: The word LINE at the compiler number shown is missing a numeric integer following it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERWOG-C EXPECTING (GROUP) AFTER (NEXT)

Explanation: The word NEXT at the compiler number shown is missing the word GROUP following it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERWOH-C EXPECTING NUMERIC INTEGER AFTER (NEXT GROUP)

& CSEERW0I-C

Explanation: The phrase NEXT GROUP at the compiler number shown is missing a numeric integer following it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERW0J-C CANNOT FIND VALID PICTURE CLAUSE

Explanation: Expecting valid PICTURE clause to follow the word PICTURE and instead found data within the margin

a field.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERWOK-E EXPECTING (TALLY) OR IDENTIFIER AFTER (SUM)

Explanation: Expecting a valid data name within the SUM clause within REPORT WRITER.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERWOL-C EXPECTING IDENTIFIER AFTER (UPON)

Explanation: Expecting a valid data name within the SUM UPON clause.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERWOM-E EXPECTING (HEADING) OR (FOOTING) AFTER (field-contents)

& CSEERWON-E

Explanation: Expecting the word HEADING or FOOTING within REPORT WRITER at this line.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERW0P-E EXPECTING VALID TYPE AFTER (TYPE IS) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: An invalid entry was found after the TYPE IS clause. User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERWOQ-C EXPECTING (FINAL) OR IDENTIFIER AFTER (TYPE IS) CLAUSE

Explanation: Expecting reserved word FINAL or a valid data name to follow the TYPE IS clause in REPORT

WRITER.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEERWOR-C EXPECTING VALID OPERAND FOR USAGE CLAUSE - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The USAGE clause is in error or contains a type usage unknown to CSE.

User Action: Correct USAGE clause or contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. if the USAGE clause is valid.

CSEERWOS-E EXPECTING LITERAL AFTER (VALUE) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The entry following VALUE does not complete the VALUE clause within the REPORT SECTION.

User Action: Determine why the entry is not valid and correct.

CSEERWRA-C MNEMONIC-NAME AFTER CODE MISSING

Explanation: The operand following WITH CODE is missing.

User Action: Look at listing and correct.

CSEERWRB-C EXPECTING INTEGER FOR PAGE CLAUSE

Explanation: One of the PAGE clauses is missing a number following it.

User Action: Consult the line indicated and correct the format of the PAGE clause.

CSEERWRC-C EXPECTING INTEGER AFTER (field-contents)

Explanation: One of the PAGE clauses is missing a number following it.

User Action: Consult the line indicated and correct the format of the PAGE clause.

CSEESDDB-E NUMERIC INTEGER DOES NOT FOLLOW OCCURS - BYPASSING

Explanation: The OCCURS clause at the compiler number shown is not followed by a numeric integer. User Action: Check the OCCURS clause for a missing integer and make corrections as necessary.

CSEESDDC-E CANNOT FIND VALID ENTRY TO COMPLETE PICTURE CLAUSE - BYPASSING

Explanation: The PICTURE clause is either continued in an invalid column or is incomplete or incorrect.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEESDDD-E ALPHANUMERIC DATA-NAME NOT FOUND AFTER REDEFINES - BYPASSING

Explanation: The data name found after the REDEFINES clause in the Data Division is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEESDDF-E ALPHANUMERIC DATA-NAME NOT FOUND AFTER RENAMES - BYPASSING

Explanation: The data name that follows the COBOL verb, RENAMES is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the RENAMES clause and make corrections as necessary.

CSEESDDG-W ENTRY FOUND WITHIN USAGE CLAUSE IS EITHER INVALID OR UNRECOGNIZED

BYPASSING

Explanation: The word following the USAGE IS clause is either incorrect or unrecognized.

User Action: Check the USAGE IS clause and make corrections as necessary.

CSEESDDH-E CANNOT FIND LITERAL AFTER (VALUE) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The level number and clause at the compiler number shown must contain a literal following the word

VALUE.

User Action: Check the line indicated and make any necessary corrections.

CSEESDDI-E INDEX-NAME IS MISSING OR IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC AFTER (INDEXED BY) CLAUSE-

BYPASSING

Explanation: The INDEXED BY clause at the compiler number shown contains an index name that is not

alphanumeric or is missing.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEESDDJ-C ENTRY FOR PICTURE CLAUSE HAS NON-NUMERIC VALUE WITHIN PARENTHESES -

(picture)

Explanation: The PICTURE clause at the compiler number shown must contain a numeric value within its

parentheses.

User Action: Check the PICTURE clause and make corrections as necessary.

CSEESDDL-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC NAME FOR (REPORT IS) CLAUSE

Explanation: The REPORT IS clause at the compiler number shown contains a word following it that is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

CSEESYLA-E EXPECTING QUALIFIER TO FOLLOW (OF) OR (IN) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: Expecting qualifier to follow OF or IN.

User Action: Examine listing and insert qualifier at correct location.

CSEGBA11-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program being documented.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

CSEGBB10-E AN UNMATCHED RECORD IS BEING BYPASSED WHEN MATCHING FILES - LOOK FOR

SYNTAX ERROR

Explanation: Match merging of internal files is either out of sequence or an unmatched record is present. This may be

due to a syntax error in the input program.

User Action: Try compiling the program to see if it compiles cleanly. If unsolved, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEGDZ10-D DDNAME (CSEWKT2) IS MISSING WHEN PARM OPTION (DIT) IS SPECIFIED

Explanation: A necessary DD is missing for an internal work file.

User Action: Insure that DDnames CSEWKT1 through CSEWKT4 are present within the JCL similar to DDnames

CSEWK01, CSEWK02, etc.

CSEGDZ20-D OVER nnnn CTLDLTCC CONTROL CARDS WERE USED – TABLE EXCEEDED

Explanation: Too many control statements were specified.

User Action: Limit the number of control statements to the number shown in the message printed.

CSEGDZ30-D OVER 150 CONTROL CARDS WERE ADDED TO THE DIT CONTROL STATEMENT FILE -

TABLE EXCEEDED

Explanation: Too many control statements were specified.

User Action: Use less control statements.

CSEGDZ40-D OVER 999 DATA NAMES WERE FOUND FOR DOING TRACING ON – TABLE EXCEEDED

Explanation: When tracing literals one data name with a literal directly to 1000 or more data names, an unusual

condition.

User Action: This condition if found and valid may be resolved by contacting MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEGF002-D DDNAME (CSEWK08) MISSING

Explanation: The running of CSE requires work files CSEWK08. The DDNAME CSEWK08 was not found. User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

CSEGJB04-C EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION AND/OR SUBSCRIPTING FOUND

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Explanation: Excessive qualification and/or subscripting was found while handling a CORRESPONDING statement at

this line number.

User Action: Determine why excessive qualification and/or subscripting is used and attempt to correct. If necessary,

contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEGJN02-W EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION AND/OR SUBSCRIPTING FOUND

Explanation: Excessive qualification and/or subscripting was found while handling a CORRESPONDING statement at

this line number.

User Action: Determine why excessive qualification and/or subscripting was used and attempt to correct. If necessary,

contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEGKB04-C EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION AND/OR SUBSCRIPTING FOUND

Explanation: Excessive qualification and/or subscripting was found while handling a CORRESPONDING statement at

this line number.

User Action: Determine why excessive qualification and/or subscripting was used and attempt to correct. If necessary,

contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEGKF02-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record. User Action: Look for possible previous message to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

CSEGKH07-C INSUFFICIENT SPACE TO HANDLE INITIALIZE DATA DIVISION NAMES (H070) -

BYPASSING EXCESS NAMES

Explanation: A table for Data Division NAMES was not large enough to handle the program being documented.

User Action: Contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEGKN02-C EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION AND/OR SUBSCRIPTING FOUND

Explanation: Excessive qualification and/or subscripting was found while handling a CORRESPONDING statement at

this line number.

User Action: Determine why excessive qualification and/or subscripting was used and attempt to correct. If necessary,

contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEGSA05-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program run through CSE.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

CSEGS012-C An Unconditional STOP RUN, GOBACK, or EXIT PROGRAM was not found within the

program. Software will make a reasonable assumption to correct. To remove this Warning in future runs insert a *CAT STOP RUN as a comment line in the COBOL program at a place to establish correct end of mainline for use by software in building the Quick View Window.

Explanation: This message will not occur within CSE, but in CAT software which uses some CSE scanning.

It occurs when there is no STOP RUN and there is a CALL or other means to externally STOP the RUN.

User Action: Examine program to see if correct AND insert *CAT STOP RUN starting in column 7 where you think

STOP RUN would normally be inserted in the program.

CSEGS015-C The mainline code from PROCEDURE DIVISION begin to first found unconditional program

ending verb found nnnnn SET(s) of routines that were performed and reside within this range of code. If this is okay, ignore this warning! If there is an unrecognized

CALL or other (non STOP RUN, GOBACK or EXIT PROGRAM) code that ends the mainline

routine, see 'Create CAT Stop Run' option under Narrative Selection tab and consider

checking that box to establish a CAT corrected end of mainline routine.

Explanation: This message will not occur within CSE, but in CAT software which uses some CSE scanning.

It may occur when there is no or a misplaced STOP RUN type verb and the mainline routine shows

performed routines that possibly should not be there.

User Action: Examine program to see if correct AND possibly use 'Create CAT Stop Run' checkbox under Narrative

Selection tab where Quick View Window resides.

CSEGSAC0-E MORE THAN 7000 SECTIONS - EXCESS IGNORED IN PAR2 PROGRAM

Explanation: More than 7000 SECTIONs were found within one COBOL program.

User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact Marble Computer.

CSEGSB10-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program run through CSE.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

CSEGSE02-E PROGRAM ERROR ON MATCH - CHECK FOR PRIOR TABLE EXCEEDED MESSAGE

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Explanation: An internal error has occurred in matching paragraph names. This is probably caused by a previously

printed out table exceeded message.

User Action: If no other error messages are shown, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEGSFP0-W THE PARAGRAPH (paragraph-name) USED HERE IS NOT FOUND WITHIN THE PROGRAM

Explanation: A matching paragraph name to the one used here is not found within the program.

User Action: Check for a missing name or a spelling error.

CSEGSFS0-W THE SECTION (section-name) USED HERE IS NOT FOUND WITHIN THE PROGRAM

Explanation: A matching section name to the one used is not found within the program.

User Action: Check for a missing name or a spelling error.

CSEGSG03-W / A MATCH WAS NOT FOUND FOR PARAGRAPH NAME (paragraph-name) CSEGSG11-W

Explanation: A matching paragraph name to the one used here is not found within the program.

User Action: Check for a missing name or a spelling error.

CSEGWA03-E EXCESSIVE DYNAMIC CALLS FOUND AT THIS LINE NUMBER - REMAINING BYPASSED

Over 3000 dynamic CALLs were found in one program. Those over 3000 will be bypassed. Explanation:

User Action: Determine why such an excessive number of dynamic CALLs were used in one program and attempt to

reduce this number.

CSEGWB02-E EXCESSIVE MATCHING LITERALS TO DYNAMIC CALLS FOUND THIS LINE NUMBER & CSEGWD02-E

Explanation: The number of VALUE and/or MOVE literals matching to names used in dynamic CALLs exceeds 2000. User Action:

Determine why excessive MOVEs of literal to dynamic CALLs was used in one program and attempt to

reduce this number.

CSEHS041-D INCREASE SORTREG= to larger value and rerun

Explanation: SORTREG is too small.

User Action: Insure SORTREG is 810000, or 1024000, 1536000 & use a corresponding region as follows:

REG=8192K, REG=12288K OR REG=20480K

CSEHSB11-E MORE THAN (NNNN) DATA NAMES USED IN THE PROCEDURE DIVISION

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded within CSE and this table needed to be made larger.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer, Inc.

CSEIBCB1-I TRACING TABLE EXCEEDED - SOME TRACING WILL BE LOST

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded within CSE and this table needed to be made larger.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer, Inc.

INTERNAL 88 LEVEL TABLE EXCEEDED - SOME TRACING MAY BE LOST CSEIBMA0-E

An internal table was exceeded within CSE and this table needed to be made larger. Explanation:

User Action: Contact Marble Computer, Inc.

CSEIF030-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED TO THE SORT FOR THE PROGRAM XXXXXXXX

No records were selected for the program shown for Direct Tracing of Literals Explanation:

User Action: If this is a small program or a small Direct Literal report was anticipated, this may be normal.

CSEJA040-I NO DATA NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: Probably a very small program was processed resulting in no PROCEDURE DIVISION verbs (Transfer

of Control) or (Data Manipulation) were found.

User Action: None.

DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE SORTREG & REGION TO CSEJC030-I

ALLOW SHELL SORT

A SHELL sort would have been done if more region was available. Explanation: User Action: Consider using more SORTREG and corresponding REGION.

CSEJC040-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

This program contains no figurative constants, special registers, CALLs, COPY members or literals Explanation:

referenced from the Procedure Division.

User Action: None.

DYNAMIC CALL TABLE EXCEEDED FOR CALL REPORT CSEJCTA0-C

Explanation: An internal Marble table is exceeded. User Action: Contact Marble Computer, Inc.

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CSEJE011-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEJE020-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: No data names were passed out to the SORT. If the NOUNREF option was used, then unreferenced

names were found to pass out to the SORT.

User Action: None

CSEJE021-W NO DATA-NAMES WERE AVAILABLE FROM COBOL PROGRAM TO INCLUDE ON

INTERNAL TABLE

Explanation: No data names were included on an internal table. If the NOUNREF option was used, then no referenced

names were found.

User Action: None.

CSEJED02-E OVER 49 QUALIFIERS WERE FOUND FOR ONE USE OF A DATA NAME

& CSEJED03-E & CSEJED04-E & CSEJED05-E

Explanation: A data name with more than 49 qualifiers was found by CSE. User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEJG031-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEJG040-I NO DATA-NAME INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no references in the Procedure Division to data names in the Data Division.

User Action: None.

CSEJI031-D INCREASE SORTREG TO LARGER VALUE AND RERUN

Explanation: SORTREG specified is too small.

User Action: Use SORTREG=810000 or increase to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to REG=12288K or

REG=20480K respectively.

CSEJI040-I NO PARAGRAPH OR SECTION NAMES INTO SORT - IF (NOUNREF) USED, NO

PARAGRAPHS WERE REFERENCED

Explanation: There were no references in the Procedure Division to paragraph or section names. If PARM option

NOUNREF was used, then no paragraph names were referenced.

User Action: None.

CSEJPA34-E SR-SECT-RANGE-TABLE EXCEEDED IN NOPARAS PROGRAM

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded and needs to be fixed by Marble Computer, Inc.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

CSEJPX01-I NO PARAGRAPH OR SECTION NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: No paragraphs or sections were found.

User Action: If a small program with none present, ignore message.

CSEKBS02-C INDEXES EXCEEDED 125 FOR ONE OCCURS

Explanation: CSE has a limit of 124 indexes present for 1 OCCURS. Documentation is lost.

User Action: Check the OCCURS to determine the cause of excessive use and ensure there are less than 125 indexes

per OCCURS. If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEKFA02-D FILE EMPTY – NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record.

User Action: Look for possible previous messages to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

CSEKFB07-D SELECTED MORE THAN 1000 ENTRIES – REDUCE SELECT

Explanation: Over 1000 entries were SELECTED from the SELECT control statements entered.

User Action: Reduce the number of SELECTs used, and resubmit the run.

CSEKFBU1-E TRACE TABLE (DIR-) EXCEEDED

Explanation: An internal table, which holds detail from cumulative SELECTs, was exceeded.

User Action: Consider using less SELECTs or less ANDs and ORs in SELECTs.

CSEKFM02-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record.

User Action: Look for possible previous messages to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

CSEKFP06-E OVER 9999 MATCHES - PROBABLE ERROR

Explanation: With Trace Option, on one SELECT more than 9999 matches were found.

User Action: Look at SELECT and determine why this happened and fix.

CSEKFY1A-D DDNAME (CSEWK09) MISSING

Explanation: The DDNAME CSEWK09 is required by CSE for program CSESYSTM. User Action: Provide missing DDNAME. See JCL examples in User's Manual.

CSEKH040-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER
Explanation: An internal work file was found to be empty.

User Action: Try rerunning.

CSEKH050-D FILE EMPTY - NO DATA RECORDS
Explanation: An internal work file was found to be empty.

User Action: Try rerunning.

CSEM5020-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: No data names were found in the Data Division to be included on an internal table for building COBOL

narrative from.

User Action: None.

CSEM5021-W NO DATA-NAMES ON TABLE

Explanation: No data names were found in the Data Division to be included on an internal table for building COBOL

narrative from.

User Action: None.

CSEM5031-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEM5D02-C OVER 49 QUALIFIERS WERE FOUND FOR ONE DATA NAME

& CSEM5D03-C & CSEM5D04-C & CSEM5D05-C

Explanation: A data name with more than 49 qualifiers was found by CSE. User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEM5FA0-C QUALIFICATION USED IN LINE #nnnnn IS NOT WITHIN 01 RECORD

Explanation: A MOVE or other verb is using qualification and one data name is not within the 01 record.

User Action: Replace the data name not within the 01 record to a name within the 01 record.

CSEM5J01-W THE NAME (reference-name) DOES NOT MATCH TO A DATA DIVISION NAME

Explanation: A Procedure Division reference was made to a Data Division name that does not exist.

User Action: Check for a spelling error. If the name shown is a special register, notify MARBLE Computer, Inc. Then,

ignore the message.

CSEM6000-I //PRINT DD points to Alternate Compile report OR use Compiler listing to match on expanded

sequence numbers

Explanation: The numeric value in previous message points to an expanded Sequence Number after COPY members have

been expanded in listing. Either use ACL listing or Compiler Listing must be used to match on this expanded

sequence number.

User Action: Be aware where to find where this sequence number.

CSEM6080-I Use PARM (INV) or ISPF ERRORS option (I) to show nnn possible INVALID DATA messages

Explanation: There were nnn INFORMATIONAL message showing possible conflict with literal value in an alphanumeric

field AND/OR a DISPLAY numeric field that it may reach AND/OR no value for a DISPLAY Numeric field.

User Action: Optional turn on INVALID-DATA option.

CSEM6051-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEM6H01-I WORKING-STORAGE Numeric USAGE DISPLAY Field has NO VALUE

Explanation: A Numeric field with usage DISPLAY within the WORKING-STORAGE section does not have a VALUE

assigned.

User Action: Assign a VALUE clause unless for some reason NO VALUE is wanted.

CSEM6130-I NO VALUE here overlaps 1 or more Numeric fields at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The field here has no VALUE clause and overlaps one or more redefined Numeric field(s).

User Action: Consider assigning a VALUE with all DISPLAY numeric characters here.

CSEM6IA1-I VALUE SPACES has REDEFINED Numeric field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The field here has VALUE SPACES and redefines one or more DISPLAY Numeric field(s).

User Action: Consider changing VALUE clause to be consistent with DISPLAY numeric characters.

CSEM6IA2-I VALUE SPACES has REDEFINED Numeric Overlapping Pos at nnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The field here has VALUE SPACES and this overlaps a redefined DISPLAY Numeric field(s).

User Action: Consider changing VALUE clause to be consistent with DISPLAY numeric characters.

CSEM6IA3-I VALUE SPACES is a part of a Numeric field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The field here has VALUE SPACES and this overlaps a redefined DISPLAY Numeric field(s).

User Action: Consider changing VALUE clause to be consistent with DISPLAY numeric characters.

CSEM6IA5-I VALUE SPACES may reach Numeric field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The field here has VALUE SPACES and this overlaps a redefined DISPLAY Numeric field(s).

User Action: Consider changing VALUE clause to be consistent with DISPLAY numeric characters.

CSEM6IB2-I FIGURATIVE CONSTANT VALUE bad for REDEFINED field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The field here has a figurative constant (like HIGH-VALUES) that conflicts with a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Consider changing VALUE clause to be consistent with DISPLAY numeric characters.

CSEM6IB5-I VALUE FIGURATIVE CONSTANT may reach Numeric field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The field here has a figurative constant (like HIGH-VALUES) that conflicts with a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Consider changing VALUE clause to be consistent with DISPLAY numeric characters.

CSEM6ID3-I VALUE ALL 'x' overlaps DISPLAY Numeric fields at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The literal in VALUE ALL is not 0-9 and this field has a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6ID4-I VALUE ALL 'x' overlaps DISPLAY Numeric fields at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The literal in VALUE ALL is not 0-9 and this field OVERLAPS a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6ID5-I VALUE ALL 'x' conflicts with DISPLAY Numeric fields at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

The literal in VALUE ALL is not 0-9 and this field has a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6ID6-I VALUE ALL 'x' may reach Numeric field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD with MOVE from field at

nnnnn

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

A MOVE was found that moves this VALUE ALL literal to another field that has a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6IE3-I VALUE 'xxx' OVERLAPS Numeric Positions in field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

This VALUE literal has a redefined Numeric field where this VALUE is not all numeric.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6IE4-I VALUE 'xxx' INVALID for field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

This VALUE literal has a redefined Numeric field where this VALUE is not all numeric.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6IE5-I VALUE 'xxx' INVALID for field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

This VALUE literal has a redefined Numeric field where this VALUE is not all numeric.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6IE7-I VALUE 'xxx' covers Numeric field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD with field at nnnnn

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

A MOVE was found that moves this VALUE literal to another field that has a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6KA1-I MOVE (figurative constant) may be INVALID for field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

A MOVE (figurative constant) is made to a field that has a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6KA2-I MOVE (figurative constant) may be INVALID for field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

A MOVE (figurative constant) is made to a field that has a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6KA3-I MOVE (figurative constant) may be reach field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD via MOVE at nnnnn

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

A MOVE (figurative constant) is made to a field that has its field moved to another field that has a redefined

Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6KC1-I MOVE 'xxx' may be invalid for REDEFINED field at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

A MOVE literal may be INVALID for REDEFINED field at nnnnn.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6KC3-I MOVE 'xxx' may reach field at (nnnnn) in //PRINT DD via MOVE at nnnnn

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

A MOVE literal is made to a field that has its field moved to another field that has a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6KD1-I MOVE 'xxx' to field where REDEFINES covers nn fields

Explanation: A MOVE literal may be INVALID for REDEFINED fields at nnn Numeric DISPLAY fields.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM6KD3-I MOVE 'xxx' may reach field at (nnnnn) via MOVE at nnnnn in //PRINT DD

Explanation: See following error CSEM6000 for explanation of //PRINT DD in this message.

A MOVE literal is made to a field that has its field moved to another field that has a redefined Numeric field.

User Action: Look at why this is happening and consider appropriate changes.

CSEM8021-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEM8031-D INCREASE SORTREG TO LARGER VALUE AND RERUN

Explanation: SORTREG specified is too small.

User Action: Use SORTREG=810000 or increase to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to REG=12288K or

REG=20480K respectively.

CSEM8U20-I NO DATA NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: A program processing Indirect References had no data names to sort.

User Action: Similar to error message above, if program is small, ignore this error message.

CSEM9021-D INCREASE SORTREG TO LARGER VALUE AND RERUN

Explanation: SORTREG specified is too small.

User Action: Use SORTREG=810000 or increase to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to REG=12288K or

REG=20480K respectively.

CSEM9A02-I NO INDIRECT REFERENCES IN PROGRAM WERE FOUND

Explanation: No indirect references were found within the entire COBOL.

User Action: If program is small with very few references, ignore this error message.

CSEM9U20-I NO DATA NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: A program processing Indirect References had no data names to sort.

User Action: Similar to error message above, if program is small, ignore this error message.

CSEMB030-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMG051-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMH03F-D INCREASE SORTREG TO LARGER VALUE AND RERUN

Explanation: SORTREG specified is too small.

User Action: Use SORTREG=810000 or increase to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to REG=12288K or

REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMH03P-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMH051-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMJ035-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMJM85-E AN INTERAL ERROR HAS OCCURED - Contact Marble Computer

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer for assistance.

CSEMJM86-E AN INTERAL ERROR HAS OCCURED - Contact Marble Computer

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer for assistance.

CSEMJM95-E AN INTERAL ERROR HAS OCCURED - Contact Marble Computer

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer for assistance.

CSEMKB02-I TABLE TOO SMALL - Contact MARBLE Computer

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded for an exceptionally large program.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

CSEMN002-D DDNAME (CSEWK07) MISSING

Explanation: The running of CSE requires work files CSEWK07 and others. The DDNAME CSEWK07 was not

found.

User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

CSEMN011-D INCREASE SORTREG TO LARGER VALUE AND RERUN

Explanation: SORTREG specified is too small.

User Action: Use SORTREG=810000 or increase to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to REG=12288K or

REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMR051-D INCREASE SORTREG= TO LARGER VALUE AND RERUN

Explanation: SORTREG specified is too small.

User Action: Use SORTREG=810000 or increase to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to REG=12288K or

REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMRB10-E AN INTERAL ERROR HAS OCCURED - Contact Marble Computer

Explanation: An internal error occurred.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer for assistance.

CSEMSC02-E INTERNAL EPT TABLE EXCEEDED - Contact Marble Computer

Explanation: An internal table size was exceeded.
User Action: Contact Marble Computer for assistance.

CSEMW090-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEMWH01-E Error BLDNARR - WT-TABLE exceeded - Contact Marble Computer

Explanation: An internal table size was exceeded.
User Action: Contact Marble Computer for assistance.

CSEMUC02-W FILE EMPTY - NO DATA OR PARAGRAPH RECORDS

Explanation: An internal work file found no Data or Paragraph records for this COBOL program. This may be a valid

condition for a very small program.

User Action: Check program and if very small ignore this message.

CSEMWU20-W NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: This program contains no sequence numbers of names referenced from the Procedure Division.

User Action: None.

CSEMWU21-W NO DATA-NAMES ON TABLE

Explanation: This program contains no sequence numbers of names referenced from the Procedure Division.

User Action: If this is a small program, none, otherwise investigate why no sequence numbers were picked up.

CSEMXJ01-E INDIRECT TABLE FOR REPORT EXCEEDED

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded. User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

CSENHD02-C OVER 49 QUALIFIERS WERE FOUND FOR ONE DATA NAME

& CSENHD03-C & CSENHD04-C & CSENHD05-C

Explanation: A data name with 49 qualifiers was found by CSE.

User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSENHJ01-W THE NAME (reference-name) DOES NOT MATCH TO A DATA DIVISION NAME

Explanation: A Procedure Division reference was made to a Data Division name that does not exist.

User Action: Check for a spelling error. If the name shown is a special register, notify MARBLE Computer, Inc. Then,

ignore the message.

CSEP1R10-E EXCESSIVE SELECTIONS FOUND IN TRACING ALL POSSIBLE NAMES -TURN OFF YAP

OPTION AND EXAMINE FIELDS SELECTED

Explanation: Excessive SELECTions caused one or more internal tables to be exceeded.

User Action: Turn off TRACING option to get run to continue to end, then examine to see how SELECTs can be

limited.

CSEP1SBA-E RFP-TABLE NBR ENTRIES EXCEEDED – SELECT LESS ENTRIES OR CONTACT MARBLE

COMPUTER

Explanation: An internal SELECT table for Abend Analysis was exceeded.

User Action: Use less SELECTs in an attempt to have program run.

NO DIRECT SELECTED NAMES WERE FOUND - TRACING FOR PROGRAM (progname) CSEP1Y70-I

NOT DONE

An option was on indicating that TRACING should be done, however no names were selected. Explanation:

User Action: Specify one or more names for SELECTION with SELECT statements.

CSEP2031-D INCREASE SORTREG TO LARGER VALUE AND RERUN

Explanation: SORTREG specified is too small.

User Action: Use SORTREG=810000 or increase to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to REG=12288K or

REG=20480K respectively.

BYPASS TABLE EXCEEDED -USE 1000 OR LESS BYPASS COMMANDS CSEPBB03-E

Explanation: Over 1000 BYPASS table entries were found.

Correct the number of BYPASS control statements to limit it to 1000 entries. User Action:

CSEPBG01-E BYPASS TABLE EXCEEDED - USE 1000 OR LESS BYPASS COMMANDS

Explanation: The number of BYPASS control statements must be limited to 1000.

User Action: Reduce the number of BYPASS control statements.

CSEPBG02-D

Explanation: The RANGE control statement used is invalid.

Insure the RANGE=NNNNN-NNNNN format is used and resubmit. User Action:

CSEPBG03-E BYPASS FILE - INVALID DATA NAME FOUND (xxxxxxx)

Explanation: The first character of the name is a space. Correct Bypass name and resubmit. User Action:

CSEPBG04-E BYPASS NAME TABLE EXCEEDED -USE 1000 OR LESS BYPASS COMMANDS

The number of BYPASS control statements must be limited to 1000. Explanation:

Reduce the number of BYPASS control statements. User Action:

CSEPBH01-W THE BYPASS CONTROL STATEMENT (user-name) WAS NOT FOUND IN THIS PROGRAM

Explanation: The user-data-name was either misspelled or not found within the COBOL program.

If name was expected to be found, correct spelling or determine why name is missing. If not all names User Action:

were expected to be found, optionally use NODNB option to turn these warning messages off.

CSEPEY30-D MARBLE HEADER MISSING - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: A header is missing on an internal work file.

User Action: If this message occurs more than once and rerunning does not eliminate, contact Marble Computer.

CSEPEY40-D NO PROGRAM HEADER FOUND FOR PROGRAM (progname)

A header is missing on internal work file 09. Explanation:

User Action: If this message occurs more than once and rerunning does not eliminate, contact Marble Computer.

CSEPEY60-E TOTAL TRACE ENTRIES EXCEED nnnnn MAX ENTRIES FOR TABLE FOR PROGRAM progname - SELECT LESS ENTRIES & CSEPEY90-E

Explanation: Too many entries were SELECTed by the SELECT control statements and a table was exceeded.

User Action: Redo the SELECTs used and resubmit to select less entries.

CSEPF040-D MARBLE HEADER MISSING - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: A header is missing on an internal work file.

If this message occurs more than once and rerunning does not eliminate, contact Marble Computer. User Action:

CSEPF055-D NO PROGRAM HEADER FOUND FOR PROGRAM (progname)

Explanation: A header is missing on internal work file.

User Action: If this message occurs more than once and rerunning does not eliminate, contact Marble Computer.

CSEPFC02-E TOTAL TRACE ENTRIES EXCEEDS nnnnn MAX ENTRIES FOR TABLE FOR PROGRAM

progname

Explanation: All entries either directly selected for TRA entries or added through TRACING exceeds the maximum

number available in table space.

User Action: Select less entries so the amount of table space is reduced.

CSEPFC03-D DIRECT ENTRY MISSING FROM INTERNAL TABLE - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: This may be an internal logic error.

User Action: Try rerunning, then if this message still appears, contact Marble Computer.

CSEPNP05-W UNABLE TO GAUGE CORRECT USE OF FLOATING POINT COMP-1 OR COMP-2 - USER

MUST CHECK CAREFULLY

Explanation: During Abend Analysis that follows data fields from one field to another via From-To positions with an

01 record, a field is being traced through Floating point fields where From-To positions may not be

accurately followed.

User Action: User should look at results carefully and not rely entirely on results given.

CSEPNP06-W FIELD WITH (xxxxxx) USAGE AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn HAS DIFFERENT LENGTH FROM

FIELD WITH SAME USAGE AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn

Explanation: During Abend Analysis that tracing using From-To positions are linking two fields with different lengths

together. Our processing will follow only From-To positions from original field through new field.

User Action: This is a warning for user clarification. No further action required except to notice difference, unless user

wants to make program changes to rectify length difference.

CSEPNP08-W BINARY FIELD AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn IS NOT A HALFWORD, FULLWORD, OR

DOUBLEWORD

Explanation: A binary (BINARY or COMPUTATIONAL) field is found where the real calculated positions for the

field in question is outside the normal length of 2, 4, or 8 bytes for a halfword, fullword, or doubleword.

User Action: User should look at usage and make any change deemed necessary or ignore this message.

CSEPNP09-W BINARY FIELD AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn IS TOO SMALL FOR FIELD AT CMPLR nnnnn

Explanation: Within Abend Analysis, the binary field being traced into, is too small for the record positions of the

other field.

User Action: This is a warning only, however the user may want to analysis why this is happening.

CSEPNP0A-W BINARY FIELD AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn IS TOO LARGE FOR FIELD AT CMPLR nnnnn

Explanation: Within Abend Analysis, the binary field being traced into, is too large for the record positions of the other

field.

User Action: This is a warning only, however the user may want to analysis why this is happening.

CSEPNP0B-W FIELD AT CMPLR NBR IS NOT EXACT SIZE AS FIELD AT CMPLR nnnnn

Explanation: During Abend Analysis that follows data fields from one field to another via From-To positions with an

01 record, a field is being traced through Binary fields where From-To positions may not be accurately

followed.

User Action: This is a warning only, however the user may want to analysis why this is happening.

CSEPNY80-E NSD – TABLE EXCEEDED - REDO SELECT STMTS TO SELECT LESS DATA NAMES

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded.

User Action: Reduce the number of SELECTs to select less data names so internal table will be reduced in size.

CSEPQC06-I TRACING IGNORED AS THE FLAG POSITIONS WERE FOUND OUTSIDE THE MOVE OR

COMPARE

Explanation: A PROCEDURE DIVISION instruction was found with a field that should be traced; however, the field,

when being moved or compared, was truncated due to the size of the other field, and tracing is being

ignored.

User Action: No action is necessary.

CSEPQU30-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: An internal work file was found to be empty.

User Action: Try rerunning. If necessary, contact Marble Computer.

CSEPQUA0-E INTERNAL TABLE (RFC-) EXCEEDED - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded.

User Action: Reduce the number of SELECTs to select less data names so internal table will be reduced in size.

CSEPTP06-E INTERNAL DATA NAME TABLE EXCEEDED - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: An internal data name table was exceeded.

User Action: Look at the SELECTs statement used and reduce them to reduce table space.

CSEPTP07-E OVER 9999 MATCHES - PROBABLE ERROR

Explanation: Tracing included over 9999 matches.

User Action: Look at the SELECTs statements used and change or reduce the number used to correct this error.

CSEPTP08-D DATA-NAME TABLE EXCEEDED - RUN WITH SMALLER NBR OF CONTROL

STATEMENTS OR TURN OFF OPTION (YAP)

Explanation: An internal tracing table was exceeded. This is probably due to an excessive number of SELECTs being

used.

User Action: Reduce the number of SELECTs or turn off the Tracing Option.

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CSEPTY10-D DDNAME (CSEWK09) MISSING

Explanation: A DD statement is missing.

User Action: Inspect the JCL and add the DD statement.

CSEPTY50-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER Explanation: An internal work file was found to be empty.

User Action: Try rerunning.

CSEPTY60-D EXCEEDED INTERNAL TABLE - USE LESS CONTROL STATEMENTS

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded.

User Action: Look at the SELECTs statement used and reduce them to reduce table space.

CSET0080-C NARRATIVE ONLY ALLOWED FOR ONE PROGRAM AT A TIME

Explanation: Narrative will only allow one program at a time for Layout Reports.

User Action: CSE will print narrative alongside the first program.

CSETB015-I COBOL SORT CALLED FOR PROGRAM (XXXXXXXX) DUE TO INSUFFICIENT GETMAIN

SPACE

Explanation: The size of the COBOL program was larger than the table space necessary to do an internal shell sort, so

the COBOL sort was called.

User Action: None.

CSETBC02-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record. User Action: Look for possible previous message to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

CSETDC18-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program run through CSE.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

CSEUBB01 -D THE NBR OF RECORDS SELECTED BY SRA CTL CARDS EXCEEDS 775

Explanation: Too many control cards were used for DD CTLCDSRA.

User Action: Use less control statements.

CSEUD020 -I NO DATA-NAME INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no references in the Procedure Division to data names in the Data Division.

User Action: None.

CSEUDA02 -W EARLY EOF ON INFO-FILE-2

Explanation: An early end of file was found on an internal work file.

User Action: Check results to see if everything is correct. If in doubt, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

CSEUDA11-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

& CSEUDA13-E

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program run through CSE.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

CSEUFB05-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program being documented.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

CSEUHB05-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program being documented.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

CSEV3050-I COBOL MEMBER (program name) NOT FOUND

Explanation: COBOL program name was not found. This occurs when using PARM option READPDS.

User Action: Check to ensure program name is correctly spelled and is there.

CSEV3051-D DDNAME (CSEREPDS) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DDNAME for CSEREPDS is missing.

User Action: Check in the JCL to ensure the DDNAME is there and correctly placed.

CSEV3052-D COBOL MEMBER (program name) NOT FOUND

Explanation: COBOL program name was not found. This occurs when using PARM option READPDS.

User Action: Check to ensure program name is correctly spelled and is there.

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CSEV3053-D COPY MEMBER NOT FOUND IN COPYLIB SPECIFIED

Explanation: When CSE attempted to read the COPY member in the COBOL program, it was not found in the

partitioned data set specified by DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Check the COPY member name to ensure it is valid and that the correct PDS file specified within the

DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

CSEV3054-D NO RECORDS FOUND IN MEMBER (copy member name)

Explanation: When CSE attempted to resolve this COPY member, it found no records in the member.

User Action: Check the COPY member and make corrections as necessary.

CSEV3A02-I WORK FILES FOR PROGRAM (XXXXXXXX) DID NOT HAVE OPTION (XXX) IN LAST

(WRITPDS) RUN

Explanation: When the READPDS option is used, all files on the data set referenced with the DDNAME of

CSEREPDS must have been created with all the same PARM options, which are used in this run using the READPDS option. These work files did not have those options turned on and are being bypassed. Ignore these messages or re-create the CSEPDS files using the WRITPDS option along with the option

User Action: Ignore these messages or re-create the CSEPDS files using the W shown in the message.

CSEV3A03-E WORK FILE FOR PROGRAM (XXXXXXXX) IS INCOMPLETE FOR OPTION (XXX) - THIS

OPTION IS BEING TURNED OFF

Explanation: See explanation for message CSEV3A02-I. Multiple options for reports were used during this

READPDS run and not all the options correspond to what was used during the WRITPDS run. This

option is being turned off.

User Action: Review process, rethink and possibly re-create CSEPDS file.

CSEVA020-D DDNAME (CSEPDS) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the card for CSEPDS is missing.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure the DD card for CSEPDS exists and is correctly placed.

CSEX1050-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE JCL PROC ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: Either no DDNAMEs were found or the entire JCL is missing.

User Action: Check to see what JCL was used and examine.

CSEX1A04-C OVER 500 EXCLUDE DDNAMES WERE USED-THE REMAINING EXCLUDE DDNAMES

ARE IGNORED

Explanation: Too many control cards were used.
User Action: Reduce the number of control statements.

CSEX1FR0-C EXCESSIVE REFERBACKS (OVER 500) WERE USED IN ONE PROC - THOSE OVER

LIMIT ARE IGNORED

Explanation: More refer backs were present in one PROC than this software can handle.

User Action: Find out why excessive refer backs were used and see if this number can be reduced. If this is a valid

condition, contact Marble Computer.

CSEX1FS0-C EXCESSIVE SYMBOLICS (OVER 2000) WERE USED IN ONE PROC - THOSE OVER LIMIT

ARE IGNORED

Explanation: More symbolics were present in one PROC than this software can handle.

User Action: Find out why excessive symbolics were used and see if this number can be reduced.

CSEX1QA0-W TABLE EXCEEDED - ONLY THE FIRST (nnnnn) PROC NAMES WILL BE SHOWN IN THE

LIST OF PROC NAMES

Explanation: A table used to hold PROC names for later printing out the names of PROCs used has been exceeded.

User Action: The main report used to report on the JCL is accurate. The sub-report used to show which PROCs were

inputted will be truncated.

CSEX2050-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE JCLLIB ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: Insufficient JCL was found or the entire JCL is missing.

User Action: Check to see what JCL was used.

CSEX6M01I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEYA030-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

& CSEYB030-I

& CSEYC040-I & CSEYE030-I

Explanation: For VERB, RECORDS, SRA, or COPY report respectively, no data names were found or sorted. This

indicates no entries were found to be reported on for the report selected.

User Action: No required action.

CSEYG040-I NO DATA NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed in to the CALL Report.

User Action: None.

CSEYH050-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE CALL HIERARCHY REPORT

Explanation: No records were passed out to the SORT.

User Action: None

CSEYH060-D UNABLE TO DETERMINE ONE MAIN PROGRAM - SEE PRIOR MESSAGES - UNABLE TO

PRODUCE REPORT

Explanation: When determining the order of hierarchy for the CALL Hierarchy Report, a program was called in a

fashion that makes it impossible to complete the hierarchy. For example, program A calls program B,

which calls program C, which then calls program A.

User Action: Determine why this is happening and either correct or do not run this report.

CSEYHD17-W OVER nnnn DIFFERENT CALLS FOUND IN PROGRAM (xxxxxxxx) – EXCESS IGNORED

Explanation: More CALLs were found in one program than can be handled.

User Action: Determine why excess CALLs are used. Possibly try using a DELETE control card to reduce this

number.

CSEYHD30-C THE HIERARCHY EXCEEDED 23 LEVELS DEEP FOR SYSTEM (xxxxxxxx) - EXCESS

LEVELS IGNORED

Explanation: The CALL Hierarchy Report is designed to handle CALLs to a level of 23 deep. CALLs going deeper

than that are ignored.

User Action: Determine why CALLs are going to this depth. If necessary, contact MARBLE Compute, Inc.

CSEYHD31-E CANNOT ADD CALL TO (xxxxxxxx) AS THIS IS WITHIN CURRENT STRING - SEE NOTE

BELOW

Explanation: When determining the trace of CALLs, a CALL to a program was found that itself is found earlier within

this chain.

User Action: See following messages which show the order of the trace established so far. Then determine why this is

happening and either correct or do not run this report.

CSEYHD80-I xxxxxxx xxxxxxx xxxxxxx

Explanation: This message appears after message CSEYHD31-E, showing the order of CALLs which caused that

message. If necessary, more than one of these messages will appear.

User Action: See error message CSEYHD31-E.

CSEYHFA0-E EXCEEDED nnnn PROGRAMS FOR CALL HIERARCHY CHART - WILL BE INCOMPLETE

Explanation: The number specified is the maximum number of programs that may be submitted for this report.

User Action: Determine if a smaller number of programs may be used when running this report.

CSEYG040-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE CALL ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: No selected records were found to report on for CALL Analysis Report.

User Action: Determine if CALLs were not present, then ignore this message.

CSEYIA04-E CONTROL CARDS FOR CTLCAHCC MUST BEGIN WITH (ADD) OR (DELETE)

Explanation: Control cards for the CALL Hierarchy Report begin with either ADD or DELETE.

User Action: Correct the control statement in error and resubmit.

CSEYIA06-E FIRST PROGRAM NAME MUST BE ALPHANUMERIC FIELD FROM 1 TO 30

CHARACTERS LONG - BYPASSING

Explanation: The program name used in a control statement exceeded 30 characters in length.

User Action: Enter a correct program name and resubmit.

CSEYIA08-E THE THIRD FIELD ON CTLCAHCC CONTROL CARDS MUST BE THE CONSTANT

(CALLS) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The third field on control cards when used must be the constant (CALLS). User Action: Determine what format was desired for this control card, correct and resubmit.

CSEYIA10-E SECOND PROGRAM NAME MUST BE ALPHANUMERIC FIELD FROM 1 TO 30

CHARACTERS LONG – BYPASSING

Explanation: Any program name used in a control card must not exceed 30 characters in length.

User Action: Enter a Correct program name within control statement and resubmit.

CSEYIA11-E MORE CONTROL CARDS WERE SPECIFIED THAN PERMITTED – REDUCE NUMBER OF

CTL CARDS

Explanation: More than 500 control statements were submitted for the CALL Hierarchy Report.

User Action: Use less control statements.

CSEYIE01-E AN EXPECTED FIELD WITHIN A CONTROL CARD IS MISSING

Explanation: The format of the control statement requires one more field and this field is missing.

User Action: Determine the correct format and resubmit with the correct control card.

CSEYK040-I NO DATA-NAME INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed into the PARAGRAPH Report

User Action: None.

CSEYL030-I NO DATA NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed out to the DATA Report.

User Action: None.

CSEYN100-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO SORT FOR THE ABEND ANALYSIS REPORT & CSEYN110-I

Explanation: No records were passed to an internal sort. This is an informational message.

User Action: It may be that no records were selected, which will cause this message. Check SELECT statements used.

CSEYN115-I NO RECORDS WERE SELECTED FOR PRODUCING ABEND ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: The SELECTs used did not find any matches within this program. User Action: If processing only one program, insure the correct SELECT is used.

CSEYNA01-D MISSING HEADER RECORD FOR CSEWK09 IN PROGRAM CSETARPT

Explanation: An internal header record is missing from the internal file name shown.

User Action: Try resubmitting run.

CSEYNB11-E OVER 250 SELECTIONS FOUND WITHIN RECORD (record-name)

Explanation: Within one record, more than 250 fields were selected.

User Action: Go back and change the SELECTs used to select less fields. Be more specific in selecting fields.

CSEYPB01-C INVALID FIELD FOUND - BYPASSING

Explanation: A field on an internal work file has a field which should be numeric but is not.

User Action: If this happens continuously, contact MARBLE Computer.

CSEYPB02-D MATCHING SOURCE LINE NOT FOUND - RUN ENDING

Explanation: Internal work files for doing code changing require a source code work file and this file is missing.

User Action: Possible logic error. Try resubmitting.

CSEYPE03-D INTERNAL TABLE EXCEEDED - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded. User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

CSEYT030-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed into the PARAGRAPH Report

User Action: None.

CSEYU030-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed into the PARAGRAPH RANGE Report

User Action: None.

CSEYWG04-E RECORD LOCATIONS ARE OFF

Explanation: Record locations are off due to incorrect use of an (*) within the control statements.

User Action: Check the JCL control statements to ensure it is the correct logic.

CSEYY030-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed in to the LAYOUT Report.

User Action: None.

CSEZP031-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

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User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEZTK02-D DDNAME (CSEWK07) MISSING
Explanation: DDNAME CSEWK07 is missing.
User Action: Insure that this DDNAMEs is in the JCL.

CSEZTZZ1-D CSEWK07 WITH PASSED TOKENS IS EMPTY

Explanation: An internal error occurred. User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

CSEZTZZ2-D CSEWK07 TOKENS FILE IS NOT IN SETS OF 3 RECORD

Explanation: An internal error occurred. User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

CSEZUS10-I DOING REGULAR SORT DUE TO SIZE NEEDED - INCREASE

Explanation: An internal SHELL Sort was attempted and aborted due to not enough table size.

User Action: Consider increasing SORTREG from 810000 to 1024000 or 1536000 and increase REGION to

REG=12288K or REG=20480K respectively.

CSEZZ099-D See SYSOUT for MISSING DD or other error

Explanation: An error has occurred in one of Marble's work files CSEWK01 through CSEWK12
User Action: To see more information on this error, look at messages near the end of the SYSOUT DD.

DCD5E035-D //CONTROL DD DATE AND/OR MATCHING VERFICATION CODE IS INCORRECT - SEE

SYSOUT FOR REASON

Explanation: The Control date and matching verification code in PDS member (DCDCNTRL) is incorrect.

User Action: Look on Install information provided by Marble Computer or contact Marble Computer.

DCD5E071-C Option for COBOL 68 may NOT be used with VS2 option or with //VERSION DD

Explanation: PARM option C68 for 1968 COBOL, when used, must have PARM option VS2 off and must not have a

specified entry in //VERSION DD.

User Action: Remove PARM option C68 or turn off VS2 option and remove //VERSION DD.

DCD5E071-C Option VR3 for COBOL 74 may NOT be used with VS2 option or with //VERSION DD

Explanation: PARM option VR3 for 1968 COBOL, when used, must have PARM option VS2 off and must not have a

specified entry in //VERSION DD.

User Action: Remove PARM option VR3 or turn off VS2 option and remove //VERSION DD.

DCD5E040-C PARM LENGTH GREATER THAN 100 - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The number of characters in the total PARM field is greater than 100 characters. Only the first 100

characters are meaningful to DCD IV. The characters over 100 are ignored.

User Action: Make adjustments to the PARM field to reduce the total length to be under 100 characters.

DCD5E052-I PARM (R3N) OPTION TURNS OFF (PMO) OPTION ELIMINATING PRINTING OF OFFSETS

TO THE FAR RIGHT OF SOURCE CODE

Explanation: Parm option R3N is inconsistent with parm option PMO. Option R3N carries PL and SL information

from the right hand side of the compile listing into right side of DCD IV listing, while option PMO traps

information from the compile OFFSET option and prints into right side of DCD IV listing.

User Action: Determine whether PMO option is needed, and if not needed turn that options off, or turn option R3N off.

DCD5E056-W PARM OPTION (NIS) MAY NOT BE USED WITH OPTION (IREFS) - OPTION (IREFS) IS

TURNED OFF

Explanation: Parm option NIS (which is used to provide a sequential sequence) for Procedure Division Narrative is not

compatible with the IREFS option which provides indirect References.

The IREFS option is being turned off. To turn it back on, do not use PARM option NIS.

User Action: Determine whether NIS option is needed, and if not, turn that options off.

DCD5E060-D PARM OPTION (LOR) MAY NOT BE USED WHEN OTHER REPORTS ARE ALSO TURNED

ON

Explanation: The option LOR indicates that non-COBOL programs are being used as input for creating the Layouts

Reports.

User Action: Do not use this option when other report options are also turned on.

DCD5E061-W PARM OPTION (LHR) TREATED AS (LHX) WHEN OPTION (LNR) FOR NARRATIVE IS IN

EFFECT

Explanation: Options LHR and LNR are incompatible. See these options in this User's Manual.

User Action: Do not use these options together.

DCD5E062-D PARM OPTION (TRACE) NOT ALLOWED WHEN OPTIONS (WRITPDS OR READPDS) ARE

USED

Explanation: Option TRACE is incompatible with option WRITPDS or READPDS. See these options in this User's

Manual.

User Action: Do not use these options together. Eliminate TRACE or eliminate READPDS or WRITPDS.

DCD5E063-D AT LEAST ONE PRINT REPORT OPTION MUST BE TURNED ON WHEN RUNNING THE

OTHER COBOL REPORTS

Explanation: No PARM options were specified (DATA, LAYOUT, etc...) for printing of reports or for the

specification of the Data Dictionary file. Even when using WRITPDS or READPDS options, report

options must be specified.

User Action: Specify one or more report options.

DCD5E065-D (WRITPDS) PARM OPTION ALSO REQUIRES (BEGIN) OR (CONTINUE) PARM OPTION

Explanation: Parm option WRITPDS requires either option BEG or CON. See these options in this User's Manual.

User Action: Add parm option BEGIN or parm option CONTINUE.

DCD5E067-D PARM OPTION (S03), (S15) OR (S50) MAY NOT BE USED WITH (LAYOUT) OR (RECORDS)

OPTION

Explanation: PARM options S03, S15, S50, S3H and S1T alter the maximum size of OCCURS within a record

which contains an OCCUR clause for use with the System Record Analysis Report. Using these

options with the RECORD or LAYOUT reports will produce incorrect results.

User Action: Turn off the RECORD and LAYOUT options or remove the S03, S15, S50, S3H and S1T options being

used.

DCD5E800-I (STOP) PARM OPTION IN EFFECT

Explanation: The PARM option STOP was entered and processing in DCD IV is halted.

User Action: None. To process with DCD IV, remove the STOP option.

DCD5EA11-E PARM OPTION (parm field) INVALID WHEN FOLLOWING (option) AND IS IGNORED

Explanation: The two PARM fields shown in the message conflict with each other. The first PARM option will be

used and the second one will be ignored.

User Action: Remove either of the two options shown.

DCD5EA20-C INTERNAL ERROR FOR PARM (parm field)

Explanation: An internal error has occurred during the storing of PARM fields.

User Action: Save printed output and contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCD5EA50-D FIELD IN PARM RECORD TOO LARGE (parm field)

Explanation: The PARM field displayed is in excess of 10 characters. All valid PARM fields are 10 characters or

under in length.

User Action: Determine what PARM field was intended and correct.

DCD5EA70-D PARM-FIELD IS INVALID (parm field)

Explanation: The first three characters of the PARM field displayed do not match to a valid PARM field.

User Action: Consult the User's Manual if necessary and then re-enter a valid PARM field.

DCD5EA78-C FOUND MORE THAN 1 PARM OPTION IN THE RANGE IR1 - IR6 –USING LAST FOUND

Explanation: More than one parm option (IR1, IR2, IR3, IR4, IR5, IR6) was used. User Action: Remove one or more parm options, so that only one is present.

DCD5EA90-W PARM OPTION (parm field) MISCODED. ACCEPTED AS (parm field)

Explanation: The first three characters of the PARM field matches with a valid PARM option, however, the remaining

characters do not match.

User Action: Check to be sure the PARM option used was the one intended. Correct the PARM field for later runs.

DCD5EC01-E PARM OPTION (parm field) NOT FOLLOWED BY (=) AND (VALUE)

Explanation: The PARM field displayed is a keyword type option which requires both an (=) sign and value after the

(=) character. Either the (=) character is missing or the value after the (=) character is miscoded or

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nissing.

User Action: Ensure that the fully coded PARM field contains the (=) character and a valid value. It may also help to

ensure that the entire keyword and value are enclosed in single apostrophes.

DCD5EF02-C PROBLEM WITH LNC= (USING LNC=60)

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Explanation: The value found after LNC= was not numeric or was numerically greater than 999.

User Action: Correct by using a valid number. For this run a default of 60 is used.

DCD5EF03-C PROBLEM WITH SOR= (USING SOR=600000)

Explanation: The value found after SOR= was not numeric or was 10 million or greater.

User Action: Use a valid number for SORT region. Make sure the overall REGION is 3072 to 5192K- larger than the

SORT region.

DCD5EF04-C PROBLEM WITH DLT= (USING MAXIMUM OF DLT=017)

Explanation: The PARM option DLT= is greater than 17.

User Action: Reenter DLT= value.

DCD5EF25-C PROBLEM WITH TAC= (USING TAC=025)

Explanation: The value found after TAC = was not numeric or was numerically greater than 999.

User Action: Correct by using a valid number. For this run, default of 025 is used.

DCD5G010-D DDNAME (CONTROL) MISSING

Explanation: A DD card is missing from the user JCL.

User Action: See the User's Manual and Installation Addendum for instructions on adding a CONTROL DD card.

DCD5G025-D //CONTROL DD CONTROL INFO MISSING

Explanation: The CONTROL DD file is empty. One control record is required.

User Action: See the Installation Addendum for format and provide the control record required.

DCD5G030-D //CONTROL DD CONTROL INFO . MUST BE IN VALID FORMAT (MMYY). FOUND (xxxx)

Explanation: The password control information contains invalid information in columns 1-4. MMYY for month and

vear is expected.

User Action: Enter the information in correct format (MMYY) and run again. If necessary consult the Installation

Addendum for further information.

DCD5G046-D CONTROL MONTH/YEAR EXPIRED - MM/YYYY = XX/XXXX

Explanation: Six characters of control information matching to MMYYYY are invalid. User Action: See the Installation Addendum or contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCD5G048-D SIX CHARACTER CODE (6-char) IN //CONTROL DD CONTROL INFO IS INVALID.

Explanation: Six characters of control information are invalid.

User Action: See the Installation Addendum or contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCD5H050-E (TRACEIN) COMMANDS MUST BEGIN WITH AN (AFTER) COMMAND

Explanation: When using the debugging control statements under direction of Marble Computer, each command must

begin with the word (AFTER)

User Action: Check the TRACEIN DD statements and make corrections to the TRACEIN commands as necessary.

DCD5H070-D ONE OR MORE ERRORS FOUND IN (TRACEIN) COMMANDS

Explanation: One or more errors occurred in processing the debugging control statements.

User Action: Check the related error messages and make corrections to the TRACEIN commands as necessary.

DCD5HA01-E PROGRAM-NAME MISSING AFTER (AFTER) COMMAND IN (TRACEIN) FILE

Explanation: The program name must be used in the TRACEIN file. It was not there.

User Action: Check the TRACEIN file and make corrections as necessary.

DCD5HA02-E EXPECTING WORD (PRINT) WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The word PRINT must be used in the TRACEIN file. It could not be found.

User Action: Check the TRACEIN file and make corrections as necessary.

DCD5HA03-E EXPECTING (DCDWK01) THRU (DCDWK06) WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE - FOUND (field-

contents)

Explanation: The file names to be TRACEed must be DCDWK01 through DCDWK06.

User Action: Check the file names and correct as necessary.

DCD5HA05-E ONLY 10 CONTROL CARDS ALLOWED WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE

Explanation: The number of control cards in the TRACEIN file exceeds 10.

User Action: Check the TRACEIN file and delete excess cards so there are a total of 10 cards or less.

DCD5HA06-E EXPECTING NEW (AFTER) COMMAND

Explanation: The end of one command in the TRACEIN file was found. The next token (if present) must be the start

of a new command.

User Action: If multiple commands are used, make sure each new command starts with the word AFTER.

DCD5HA31-E DCDWKXX NUMBER MUST BE 01 TO 06 WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE

Explanation: The DCDWKXX file that has been specified in the TRACEIN file does not exist.

User Action: Check the file names and make corrections as necessary.

DCD5HA35-E PROGRAM OR FILE NUMBER IN CONTROL CARD IS INVALID

Explanation: The program-id did not match or the record length was not numeric.

User Action: Check the control card and make corrections as necessary.

DCD5HA90-I BYPASSING TOKENS WITHIN (TRACEIN) FILE UNTIL NEXT (AFTER) OR END OF FILE

Explanation: A previous documented syntax error was found while scanning an AFTER command within the

TRACEIN file. Further scanning for errors will not be done until a new AFTER command is found.

User Action: None.

DCD5X001-C EXCESSIVE ERROR MESSAGES IN HSKPG

Explanation: The table of error messages was exceeded for the first phase of processing within DCD IV.

User Action: Examine the previous error messages and make corrections as necessary to eliminate the errors.

DCD63070-E THE VALUES USED WITHIN SELECT CARDS ESTABLISHES A RANGE THAT IS

NEGATIVE

Explanation: Control cards used to select records for Layout Reports by record size are incorrect.

User Action: Correct either the SELECT> or the SELECT< card.

DCD63080-I USING CONTROL CARDS FOR SELECTION BY DATA-NAME FOR LAYOUTS

Explanation: This is an informational message reminding the user that control cards are being used for the selection of

Layout Reports.

User Action: None.

DCD63081-I USING CONTROL CARDS FOR SELECTION BY RECORD-SIZE FOR LAYOUTS

Explanation: This is an informational message reminding the user that control cards are being used for the selection of

Layout Reports.

User Action: None.

DCD63A03-I DATA NAME IS GREATER THAN 30 CHARACTERS

Explanation: Programmer-supplied names must be 30 characters or less in length. User Action: Check the data name to make sure that it less than 30 characters.

DCD63A06-E UNIDENTIFIED FIELD AFTER DATA NAME (record-name)

Explanation: Field in control statement after data name indicated is in error.

User Action: Check the control statement, correct, and re-submit.

DCD63A07-E ONLY 750 CONTROL CARDS ALLOWED WITHIN FILE

Explanation: There are two many control statements used.

User Action: Check the file and eliminate excess cards so there are a total of 750 statements or less.

DCD63AA1-E CONFLICTS WITH A PREVIOUS (SELECT) CONTROL CARD

Explanation: The control card conflicts with a previous SELECT control card.

User Action: Check the control cards and make necessary changes.

DCD63AA2-E CONFLICTS WITH A PREVIOUS (SELECT) CONTROL CARD

Explanation: The control card conflicts with a previous SELECT control card.

User Action: Check the control cards and make necessary changes.

DCD63AA3-E SYNTAX ERROR IN SELECT CARD

Explanation: The SELECT card has a non-numeric field or a number over 6 characters in length.

User Action: The correct format requires positions 1-6 to be numeric, columns 7 to be a dash, and 8-13 to be numeric.

DCD66003-D DDNAME (CTLCDSRA) IS MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DD card for CTLCDSRA is missing.

User Action: Check JCL to ensure the DD card for CTLCDSRA is there and correctly placed. This control card is

needed when PARM option DICT or SRA is used.

DCD66A03-E PROGRAM-ID IN EXCESS OF 8 CHARACTERS

Explanation: The program name/record name control card statement is invalid.

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User Action: A 1-8-character program name must begin in column 1. If SRCOPY= is used, to select by COPY

 $Member\ names,\ turn\ on\ PARM\ option\ SRC\ to\ allow\ SRCOPY=\ control\ statements.\ In\ ISPF,\ add\ SRC$

PARM option on PARM panel under (11. USER -) as in (11. USER - SRC)

DCD66A04-E RECORD NAME OR LENGTH IN A CONTROL CARD IS MISSING

Explanation: The control card is missing either the record name or length.

User Action: Check the control card for the record name or length to ensure one is present.

DCD66A05-E RECORD NAME IN EXCESS OF 30 CHARACTERS

Explanation: The program name/record name control card statement is invalid.

User Action: A 1 - 8 character program name must begin in column 1. A 1 - 30 character 01 record name must follow

after one or more spaces.

DCD66A06-E NUMERIC FIELD IS IN EXCESS OF 6 CHARACTERS

Explanation: A control card field used for the System Record Analysis Report has a numeric field greater than 6 digits

n length

User Action: Shorten the number to 6 digits.

DCD66A07-E MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CONTROL CARDS WITHIN A FILE HAS BEEN EXCEEDED

Explanation: The number of control cards in the file has been exceeded.

User Action: Check the file and delete excess cards.

DCD66AB2-E A FIELD IS IN EXCESS OF 6 CHARACTERS OR NOT NUMERIC

Explanation: A numeric field within an SRA control statement range is too big or not numeric.

User Action: Correct the control statement and rerun.

DCD66AB3-E THE RANGE OF NUMBERS IN SRA CTL CD IS INVALID

Explanation: A range of numbers found in an SRA control statement was found to be invalid.

User Action: Determine what should be entered, fix, and rerun.

DCD6AB01-D POSITIONS 33 THROUGH 72 IN CONTROL CARD MUST BE BLANK

Explanation: Control Statements for option DIT must have positions 33 up through position 72 blank.

User Action: Look at control statements used, consult manual if need be, and correct.

DCD6AC01-D LEADING SPACES ARE NOT PERMITTED FOR THESE CONTROL STATEMENTS

Explanation: Control Statements for option DIT must have the command used start in column 1.

User Action: Look at control statements used and correct.

DCD6AD10-D DDNAME (CTLCDDLT) IS MISSING WHEN PARM OPTION (DIT) IS SPECIFIED

Explanation: Option DIT was used indicating control statements for Literal Tracing, however the required DDNAME

CTLCDDLT is missing.

User Action: Remove option DIT, or add DDNAME CTLCDDLT with valid control statements.

DCD6AD20-D DDNAME (DCDWKT1) IS MISSING WHEN PARM OPTION (DIT) IS SPECIFIED

Explanation: Option DIT requires an extra work file DCDWKT1 and this file was not found.

User Action: Add an extra work file, similar to work file DCDWK01, 02, etc. with the name DCDWKT1. Also insure

that DD names DCDWKT2, DCDWKT3, and DCDWKT4 are added similar to DCDWKT1.

DCD6C030-D DDNAME (SELECT) IS MISSING WHEN PARM OPTION (TRACE) IS SPECIFIED

Explanation: Parm Option TRACE indicates SELECTs are used for 'Follow a Data Field' report and DD SELECT is

required.

User Action: Inspect JCL and add DDNAME SELECT with SELECTs to produce report.

DCD6C031-D DDNAME (DCDWK08) MISSING

Explanation: A DDNAME (DCDWK08) is missing from JCL.
User Action: Inspect JCL and add DDNAME DCDWK08 to same.

DCD6C110-D CORRECT ERRORS FOUND IN SELECT STATEMENTS - SEE REPORT FILE

Explanation: See other file and look at syntax errors there for SELECT control statements used.

User Action: Correct the errors found and resubmit the run.

DCD6CF02-D A LIMIT OF 250 SELECT STATEMENTS ARE ALLOWED FOR (TRACE) - THIS NUMBER

WAS EXCEEDED

Explanation: More than 250 SELECTs were submitted. The limit allowed is 250.

User Action: Reduce run to 250 SELECTs or less and resubmit.

SELECTS WITHOUT (NAME) KEYWORD MUST COME BEFORE SELECTS WITH DCD6CJ01-D

(NAME) KEYWORD

Format#2 SELECTs in format SELECT IF NAME = data-name must come after all other SELECTs Explanation:

using format#1 which uses other keywords with AND/OR logic.

Put all SELECT IF NAME control statements last and resubmit. User Action:

DCD6V04-D VERSION file has no records OR has invalid entry in the first record - Using ENTERPRISE COBOL as

default

Explanation: //VERSION DD was found without a valid entry as first record in file. User Action: Insure entry starts in position 1 and is one of the following values: VS-COBOL VS-COBOL-II IBM-COBOL ENTERPRISE

DCD88020-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: No DATA NAME records were found to sort in one of Control/DCD programs.

User Action: If a very small program, consider ignoring this message.

DCD88021-I NO DATA-NAMES ON TABLE

No DATA NAME records were found on internal table in one of Control/DCD programs. Explanation:

User Action: If a very small program, consider ignoring this message.

DCD88A13-E AN INTERNAL TABLE WAS EXCEEDED - RERUN IN A LARGER REGION

Explanation: Insufficient region found.

User Action: Use REG=8192K, 10240K or larger.

THE NAME (data-name) DOES NOT MATCH TO A DATA DIVISION NAME DCD88J01-W

Explanation: The data name found in PROCEDURE DIVISION was not found in the DATA DIVISION.

User Action: If COPY members are unresolved, then this is a normal message.

DCD8DA11-E **EXCEEDED TABLE LIMITS - INSUFFICIENT REGION**

Explanation: Insufficient region found.

User Action: Use REG=8192K, 10240K or larger.

DCD8DA13-E **EXCEEDED TABLE LIMITS - INSUFFICIENT REGION**

Explanation: Insufficient region found.

User Action: Use REG=8192K, 10240K or larger.

DCD8HB05-E **EXCEEDED TABLE LIMITS - INSUFFICIENT REGION**

Explanation: Insufficient region found.

Use REG=8192K, 10240K or larger. User Action:

DCD8FB05-E **EXCEEDED TABLE LIMITS - INSUFFICIENT REGION**

Explanation: Insufficient region found.

User Action: Use REG=8192K, 10240K or larger.

DDNAME (INFILE) MISSING FOR (COMPILE) MODE - IF INDEPENDENT MODE, DO NOT DCDA2001-D

USE (COM) OPTION

Parm option COM was found indicating COMPILE mode. For Compile Mode, a DD file INFILE is Explanation:

required to pass the original compile listing into DCD, and this DD name was not found.

User Action: See the discussion in the User's Manual under the heading 'Compile Mode Considerations' under

'Alternate Compile Listing'.

DCDA2002-D DDNAME (DCDWK01) MISSING

The running of DCD IV requires work files DCDWK01 and more. The DDNAME DCDWK01 was not Explanation:

found...

User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

DCDA2003-D DDNAME (PRTCMPLR) MISSING FOR (COMPILE) MODE - IF INDEPENDENT MODE, DO

NOT USE (COM) OPTION

Explanation: Parm option COM was found indicating COMPILE mode. For Compile Mode, a DD file PRTCMPLR is

required to pass back some reports from the original compile listing, and this DD name was not found.

User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

DCDA2120-C DCD Compile LINECNT (CLN=nn) DOES NOT MATCH (LINECNT=nn) FOUND IN

(*OPTIONS IN EFFECT) IN COMPILE LISTING

The DCD IV CLN=value (user entered) does not match the line count found within the compile listing. Explanation:

User Action: Use the CLN=PARM option along with the appropriate value. The error should be corrected by entering

a CLN=field with a value equal to that shown within the LINECNT=field of the compile step.

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DCDA2200-D SYSPRINT FILE INTO DCD IS NOT COBOL OR IS INVALID. ENSURE THAT DISP=(MOD,

PASS) IS USED ON SYSPRINT DD IN COMPILE STEP AND (NONUM) IS COMPILER

OPTION (CHECK USE OF VS2/NOVS2 OPTION)

Explanation: The INFILE DD within the DD step is not successfully reading in the trapped compiler listing on the

SYSPRINT DD from the compile step.

User Action: 1 .Consult "Examples" in the Alternate Compile Listing Facility section for correctly setting up the

COB.SYSPRINT DD in the compile step.

a) Ensure that (MOD,PASS) is used as a disposition within the SYSPRINT DD.

b) Ensure that both NONUM and SOURCE are specified as compiler options.

c) Ensure that the compile step ran successfully.

d) Ensure that NOVS2 is being defaulted to when using COBOL 68 or COBOL 74. Ensure that VS2

is used when VS COBOL II (COBOL 85) is used.

DCDA2P01-D VS COBOL II LISTING FOUND, VS2 OPTION NOT IN EFFECT, USE PARM OPT ION (VS2)

TO CORRECT

Explanation: PARM Option VS2 is required when VS COBOL II or new COBOL releases are used.

User Action: Use PARM Option VS2 (e.g. OTHER= 'VS')

DCDA4008-D DDNAME (COBOLIN) MISSING FOR (INDEPENDENT) MODE - IF COMPILE MODE, USE

(COM) PARM OPTION

Explanation: In the JCL, the COBOLIN DD card is missing from the file being compiled.

User Action: If in Independent Mode, check JCL to ensure DD card for COBOLIN is there and correctly placed.

If in Compile Mode, run DCD IV with the COM option. The COBOLIN DD is used for specifying the

COBOL program to be run through DCD IV, unless the COM option is used.

DCDA4009-D DDNAME (DCDWK01) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DD card for DCDWK01 is missing.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure the DD card for DCDWK01 exists and is correctly placed.

DCDA4010-I ERROR IN PROCESSING BASIS PROGRAMS

Explanation: Informational message preceding BASIS error messages.

User Action: Examine output following error message to determine cause of problem.

DCDA4011-I NORMAL END OF BASIS PROCESSING

Explanation: Informational message following the processing of cards from the BASIS DD file.

User Action: None.

DCDA4040-D EMPTY FILE FOUND FOR COBOL PROGRAM

Explanation: COBOL file exists but contains no records
User Action: Check to ensure COBOL file contains records.

DCDA4B00-D DDNAME (BASIS) MISSING AND IS REQUIRED WHEN PARM OPTION (BASIS) IS USED

Explanation: In the JCL, the BASIS DD card is missing.

User Action: Check JCL to ensure the BASIS DD card exists and is correctly placed or remove BASIS as a PARM

option.

DCDA4B02-D NO COBOL INPUT FOUND ON DDNAME (COBOLIN)

Explanation: COBOL file exists (used with BASIS option) but contains no records.

User Action: Check to ensure COBOL file contains records.

DCDA4B03-D NO BASIS INPUT FOUND ON DDNAME (BASIS)

Explanation: BASIS DD card was found but no records associated with that DD were found.

User Action: Check to ensure that the BASIS DD cards are present, formatted correctly and follow the BASIS DD.

DCDA4B04-D FIRST CARD IN THE BASIS DD IS NOT (BASIS)

Explanation: The first card found where the BASIS card should appear is not a BASIS card.

User Action: Check to ensure the BASIS card is correctly placed.

DCDA4C01-D BASIS (program name) PROGRAM NOT FOUND ON (COBOLIN) INPUT FILE

Explanation: The program name given in the BASIS DD card does not match the program found on the COBOLIN

file.

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User Action: Check the BASIS DD card and ensure the program name is correct and matches the program pointed to

by the COBOLIN file.

DCDA4C02-D CARD FOLLOWING (BASIS) NOT (INSERT) OR (DELETE)

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Explanation: The first card following the BASIS DD card was not an INSERT card or a DELETE card. It must be one

of these.

User Action: Check to ensure that the INSERT / DELETE cards following the BASIS DD card are correctly placed

and that an INSERT or DELETE card immediately follows the BASIS card.

DCDA4E01-D INSERT (sequence #) OUT OF SEQUENCE

Explanation: An INSERT card was found with a sequence number lower than a previous sequence number on an

INSERT or DELETE

User Action: Check to ensure the INSERT / DELETE cards are in proper sequence and the sequence numbers are in

ascending order.

DCDA4E02-D INSERT (sequence #) NOT FOUND IN PROGRAM

Explanation: An INSERT card was found with a sequence number that does not exist in the main program.

User Action: Check INSERT cards and make sure all sequence numbers are valid and match sequence numbers in the

main program.

DCDA4E03-D INSERT (sequence #) - NO INSERTS FOUND

Explanation: An INSERT was found with no COBOL code following it. One line of code must follow an INSERT

card.

User Action: Check INSERT cards to ensure they are properly placed and at least 1 line of COBOL code follows each.

DCDA4F01-D DELETE (sequence #) OUT OF SEQUENCE

Explanation: A DELETE card was found with a sequence number lower than a previous sequence number on an

INSERT or DELETE card.

User Action: Check to ensure INSERT / DELETE cards are in proper sequence and are in ascending order.

DCDA4G02-D (DELETE) FIRST NUMBER IN RANGE (sequence #) NOT FOUND

Explanation: The first sequence number in a DELETE range does not match a valid sequence number in the main

program.

User Action: Check to ensure all sequence numbers in DELETE range match valid sequence numbers in the program.

DCDA4G04-D (DELETE) RANGE (1st sequence #) - (2nd sequence #) NOT FOUND

Explanation: The sequence numbers found in a DELETE card do not match valid sequence numbers in the main

program.

User Action: Check sequence numbers on DELETE cards and ensure they match valid sequence numbers in program.

DCDA4SA0-I HANDLING BASIS CARD: basis card

Explanation: An informational message to assure the user that the BASIS card is being processed by DCD IV.

User Action: None.

DCDB0015-D DDNAME (COBOLIN) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DD card for COBOLIN is missing.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure DD card for COBOLIN exists and is correctly placed.

DCDB0016-D DDNAME (DCDWK01) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DD card for DCDWK01 is missing.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure DD card for DCDWK01 exists and is correctly placed.

DCDB0022-D DCDMULTI (program name) PROGRAM NOT FOUND ON (COBOLIN) INPUT FILE

Explanation: A logic error has occurred. Program member does not match the COBOLIN file.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure DD card member exists and is correctly placed.

DCDB0030-D EMPTY FILE FOUND FOR COBOL PROGRAM

Explanation: COBOL file exists but contains no records.
User Action: Check to ensure COBOL file contains records.

DCDB0040-E (TRACE) OPTION available for first program found – Ignored for EXTRA programs

Explanation: Abend Analysis is only available for one program at a time. If more programs were inputted, then the

extra programs will not have Abend Analysis done on them.

User Action: Limit Abend Analysis to one program at a time.

DCDB0041-E (DIT) OPTION available for first program found – Ignored for EXTRA programs

Explanation: Direct Tracing of Literals is only available for one program at a time. If more programs were inputted,

then the extra programs will not have Direct Tracing of Literals done on them

User Action: Limit Direct Tracing of Literals to one program at a time.

DCDB0C01-W START OF ASSEMBLER PROGRAM FOUND WITHIN PROGRAM

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Explanation: The start of an Assembler program was found when reading in COBOL programs. User Action: Review the input and ensure that only COBOL programs are being inputted.

DCDB0D02-W COLUMN 7 OF LINE AFTER THE PROCEDURE DIVISION OF COBOL PROGRAM

(XXXXXXXX) IS INVALID - SEE NEXT LINE

Explanation: Within the Procedure Division, a line was found which may be invalid.

User Action: Examine the line and take corrective action if necessary.

DCDB0F01-D USE OF PARM OPTION (LOR) REQUIRES COBOL RECS - FOUND COBOL PROGRAM

INSTEAD

Explanation: A COBOL program was found as input when the PARM option LOR indicated Data Division records

were being inputted.

User Action: Review what was intended and correct.

DCDB0XA6-C COBOL PROGRAM (program name) WAS DUPLICATED

Explanation: More than one COBOL program was found with this program name.

User Action: Determine why duplicate programs are present and remove those that are not wanted.

DCDB0XA7-I COBOL PROGRAM-ID (program) BEING PROCESSED - (nnnnn)

Explanation: Informational message produced for every COBOL program.

User Action: None.

DCDB0XA9-W INVALID WORD IN PROCEDURE DIVISION

Explanation: Found a PIC, PICTURE or VALUE clause in the Procedure Division.

User Action: Check the program to find out why this condition occurred.

DCDCA010-D DDNAME (DCDWK02) MISSING

Explanation: The running of DCD IV requires work files DCDWK02 and others. The DDNAME DCDWK02 was not

found.

User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

DCDCA030-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: A work file being used is in a corrupted state.

User Action: Try re-running. If necessary, contact Marble Computer.

DCDCADD3-E OVER 500 REPLACING TOKENS WITHIN ONE COPY REPLACING OPERAND - CHECK

FOR ERROR IN CODE

Explanation: More than 500 tokens were found when replacing the corresponding tokens in the COPY member before

finding a delimiter within pseudo-text-1.

User Action: Check the COPY member and the COPY REPLACING clauses to determine why excessive tokens are

being replaced within one pseudo text. If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDCADD4-I (BY) MISSING IN COPY REPLACING

Explanation: The COPY REPLACING statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word BY following

identifier-1 and before identifier-2.

User Action: Inspect the COPY REPLACING clauses within the COBOL program and ensure the word BY is

correctly placed.

DCDCADD6-C OVER 500 REPLACING TOKENS WITHIN COPY REPLACING OPERAND - CHECK FOR

ERROR IN CODE

Explanation: More than 500 tokens were found when replacing the corresponding tokens in the COPY member before

finding a delimiter within pseudo-text-2.

User Action: Check the COPY member and the COPY REPLACING clause to determine why excessive tokens are

being replaced within one pseudo text. If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDCADD9-C OVER 150 REPLACING WITHIN ONE COPY

Explanation: DCD IV has a limit of 150 REPLACING entries within one COPY statement.

User Action: Inspect the COPY statements to determine the cause of excessive REPLACING clauses and ensure there

are less than 150 per COPY statement. If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDCAH03-E INTERNAL TABLE EXCEEDED

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded when expanding COPY members.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

DCDCAH06-E DATA SET NAME FOR COPYLIB NOT SPECIFIED, RUN TERMINATED

Explanation: A data set name (DSNAME=) was not provided on the //COPYLIB DD card.

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User Action: Ensure that a DSN=clause is provided on the COPYLIB DD statement and check correct placement of the

//COPYLIB card.

DCDCAX01-W COPY REPLACING OPTION IGNORED FOR NESTED COPIES (member-name)

Explanation: COPY REPLACING is not allowed within NESTED COPYs.

User Action: Determine why COPY REPLACING is used in NESTED COPYs and take any appropriate action.

DCDCAX02-E COPY MEMBER NAME (member-name) APPEARS EARLIER WITHIN THIS ENTIRE

NESTED COPY

Explanation: Within nested COPYs, a COPY may not name a member already brought in through nested copies above

it. The member-name shown is already brought in. If brought in again, it will result in generating endless

lines of code.

User Action: Examine why this is happening and correct.

DCDCAX05-I ERROR WHEN RESOLVING COPY MEMBER (member-name) SEE FOLLOWING MESSAGE

Explanation: DCD IV is unable to resolve the COPY member listed above. User Action: Look for another (more specific) message following this one.

DCDCAX06-E COPY MEMBER (member-name) NOT FOUND IN COPYLIB SPECIFIED

Explanation: When DCD IV attempted to read the COPY member in the COBOL program, it was not found in the

partitioned data set specified by DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Check the COPY member name to ensure it is valid and that the correct PDS file is specified within the

DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

DCDCAX07-D //COPYLIB DD IS MISSING OR INCORRECT

Explanation: A data set name (DSNAME=) was not provided on the //COPYLIB DD card.

User Action: Ensure that a DSN= clause is provided on the COPYLIB DD statement and check to be sure the

placement of the //COPYLIB card is correct.

DCDCAX08-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHILE READING RECORD FROM COPY MEMBER (member-

name)

Explanation: The COPY member shown was found within the directory of the PDS specified, however, attempts to

read it are unsuccessful.

User Action: Ensure that a valid partitioned data set was provided in the COPYLIB DD statement and verify that the

member specified is there and can be read successfully.

DCDCAX09-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHEN READING DIRECTORY OF DSN SPECIFIEDIN //COPYLIB

DD

Explanation: A problem was encountered when reading the directory of the partitioned data set provided in the DSN=

of the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Ensure the PDS specified in the DSN= field is a valid PDS and that the directory is able to be read.

DCDCAX10-E NO RECORDS FOUND IN MEMBER (copy member name)

Explanation: When DCD IV attempted to resolve this COPY member, it found no records in the member.

User Action: Check the COPY member and make corrections as necessary.

DCDCCT01-I WHEN HANDLING REPLACING WITHIN A COPY, A CONTINUATION TO A NEW LINE IS

FORCED AT COMPILER # (compiler #)

Explanation: An informational message indicating that a new COBOL line was created to adequately handle the

REPLACING on this line.

User Action: None.

DCDCCY06-I ERROR WHEN RESOLVING COPY MEMBER (copy-member-name)

Explanation: Indicates that an error has occurred in resolving a COPY member.

User Action: Look for an associated error message more descriptive in nature than this one.

DCDCCY07-E COPY MEMBER (copy-member) NOT FOUND IN COPYLIB SPECIFIED

Explanation: The COPY member name specified was not found in the data sets provided within the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Either correct the spelling of the member name or determine why the member is missing.

DCDCCY08-D //COPYLIB DD IS MISSING OR INCORRECT

Explanation: A DSN was not found in the JCL on the COPYLIB DD statement or the DD is missing.

User Action: Correct the JCL and rerun.

DCDCCY09-E UNSUCESSFUL READ WHILE READING RECORD FROM COPY MEMBER (copy-member)

Explanation: An error occurred during the read of a record of the COPY member shown within the record.

User Action: Determine if the COPY member in question has an I/O problem that can be easily fixed. If so, correct,

otherwise, contact System Support at your installation.

DCDCCY0A-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHEN READING DIRECTORY OF DSN SPECIFIED IN //COPYLIB

DD

Explanation: An error occurred during the read of a directory of the data set specified within the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Contact System Support at your installation for help.

DCDCCY0B-E NO RECORDS FOUND IN COPY MEMBER (copy member name)

Explanation: When DCD IV attempted to resolve this COPY member, it found no records in the member.

User Action: Check the COPY member and make corrections as necessary.

DCDCFE01-E PROBLEM IN RESOLVING NESTED COPY MEMBER (member name) - CONTINUING...

Explanation: When DCD IV attempted to resolve this COPY member, it could not find the member specified.

User Action: Check to see why the COPY member is missing.

DCDCGX05-I ERROR WHEN RESOLVING COPY MEMBER (member-name) SEE FOLLOWING MESSAGE

Explanation: DCD IV is unable to resolve the COPY member listed above.
User Action: Look for another (more specific) message following this one.

DCDCGX06-E COPY MEMBER (member-name) NOT FOUND IN COPYLIB SPECIFIED

Explanation: When DCD IV attempted to read the COPY member in the COBOL program, it was not found in the

partitioned data set specified by DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Check the COPY member name to ensure it is valid and that the correct PDS file is specified within the

DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

DCDCGX07-D //COPYLIB DD IS MISSING OR INCORRECT

Explanation: A data set name (DSNAME=) was not provided on the //COPYLIB DD card.

User Action: Ensure that a DSN= clause is provided on the COPYLIB DD statement and check to be sure the

placement of the //COPYLIB card is correct.

DCDCGX08-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHILE READING RECORD FROM COPY MEMBER (member-

name)

Explanation: The COPY member shown was found within the directory of the PDS specified, however, attempts to

read it are unsuccessful.

User Action: Ensure that a valid partitioned data set was provided in the COPYLIB DD statement and verify that the

member specified is there and can be read successfully.

DCDCGX09-E UNSUCCESSFUL READ WHEN READING DIRECTORY OF DSN SPECIFIEDIN //COPYLIB

DD

Explanation: A problem was encountered when reading the directory of the partitioned data set provided in the DSN=

of the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Ensure the PDS specified in the DSN= field is a valid PDS and that the directory is able to be read.

DCDCGX10-E NO RECORDS FOUND IN MEMBER (copy member name)

Explanation: When DCD IV attempted to resolve this COPY member, it found no records in the member.

User Action: Check the COPY member and make corrections as necessary.

DCDCR020-E FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record.

User Action: Look for possible previous messages to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

DCDEB040-D ENTIRE COBOL PROGRAM INCLUDING PROCEDURE DIVISION WAS NOT FOUND

Explanation: The PROCEDURE DIVISION was not found within this program.

User Action: Determine why PROCEDURE DIVISION was not found and re-submit.

DCDEBM02-D EXCEEDED MAXIMUM NUMBER OF COPYS THAT CAN BE HANDLED - CONTACT

MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: A large internal table was exceeded. This is an unusual exception.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

DCDEF016-D DDNAME (DCDWK0x) MISSING

& DCDEF017-D & DCDEF018-D & DCDEF019-D

Explanation: The running of DCD IV requires work files for processing. The DDNAMEs DCDWK03, DCDWK04,

DCDWK05, and DCDWK06 respectively were not found.

User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

DCDEF030-C PROGRAM-ID NOT FOUND IN INPUT FILE - LOOK FOR NON-COBOL FILE OR MISSING

PROGRAM-ID IN MARGIN-A

Explanation: The PROGRAM-ID clause with Program-id within the Identification Division was not found. Program-Id

is used within internal processing of DCD IV and is needed.

User Action: Check the program and see why this occurred.

DCDEFB01-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING LEVEL NUMBER (nn)

Explanation: A period did not immediately precede this level number.

User Action: Check the previous line for a missing period.

DCDEFB02-C DATA NAME DOES NOT FOLLOW LEVEL NUMBER (nn)

Explanation: A level number was found and an expected data name following level number was not found.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEFB03-C (01) FOUND IN MARGIN B - IGNORING

Explanation: The 01 level number found is within margin B, in column 12 or beyond. This 01 is being ignored as

being a valid 01 level number.

Action: Check the line and make corrections if this is really a 01 level number.

DCDEFB66-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING LEVEL NUMBER (66)

Explanation: A period did not immediately precede this level number.

Action: Check the previous line for a missing period.

DCDEFB67-C DATA-NAME DOES NOT FOLLOW 66 LEVEL - BYPASSING

Explanation: Level 66 found with no data name following it.

Action: Check the line and make corrections if this is really a 66 level number.

DCDEFB68-C RENAMES EXPECTED WITHIN 66 LEVEL AND NOT FOUND - BYPASSING

Explanation: The syntax of 66 (RENAME) statement requires a data name to follow RENAMES word.

Action: Check the syntax of 66 level line.

DCDEFB69-C TOKEN PAST RENAMES NOT ALPHANUMERIC

Explanation: The 66 level clause at the compiler number shown contains data following the COBOL verb, RENAMES

that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEFB77-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING LEVEL NUMBER (level #)

Explanation: The 77 level number at the compiler number shown is not preceded by a period. User Action: Check the line preceding the level number for a missing period and correct.

DCDEFB78-C DATA NAME DOES NOT FOLLOW LEVEL NUMBER (level #) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The 77 level number at the compiler number shown is not followed by a data name.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEFB79-W (77) FOUND IN MARGIN B – ACCEPTED

Explanation: The 77 level number found at the compiler number shown is in margin B. It should be to the left of

margin B.

User Action: Move the level number to the left of margin B or check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEFB88-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING 88 LEVEL NUMBER (level #) - ACCEPTING

Explanation: The 88 level number at the compiler number shown is not preceded by a period. User Action: Check the line preceding the level number for a missing period and correct.

DCDEFB89-W DATA NAME DOES NOT FOLLOW 88 LEVEL NUMBER (level #) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The 88 level number at the compiler number shown is not followed by a data name.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEFB90-W (88) FOUND IN MARGIN A – ACCEPTED

Explanation: The 88 level number found at the compiler number shown is in margin A. It should be to the right of

margin A.

User Action: Move the level number to margin B or check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEFB92-E VALUE CLAUSE MISSING IN 88 LEVEL - BYPASSING

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Explanation: The 88 level number and clause at the compiler number shown must contain the word VALUE.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEFB93-E CANNOT FIND LITERAL AFTER (VALUE) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The 88 level number and clause at the compiler number shown must contain a literal following the word

VALUE.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEFG23-E PROBLEM IN RESOLVING OCCURS AT COMPILER # (compiler #) **SEE BELOW**

LEVEL NUMBER = (level #) PRIOR END LOCATION = (location)

NUMBER OF OCCURS = (nnn) CURRENT END LOCATION = (location)

Explanation: An error was found in resolving an OCCURS clause. More information will be displayed underneath

this message.

User Action: Look for a syntax error. If none can be found, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. for support.

DCDEFG32-C GROUP LEVEL NAME BYPASSED FOR PURPOSES OF CALCULATING RECORD

POSITIONS DUE TO SYNTAX ERROR

Explanation: A problem was encountered in resolving the record positions for a group item. More information will be

displayed underneath this message.

User Action: Look for a syntax error. If none can be found, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. for support.

DCDEH01A-E (SYNTAX) ERROR - (MOVE)

Explanation: The MOVE statement found at the compiler number shown has the reserved word TO missing or

misplaced.

User Action: Look at the line in question and make any necessary corrections.

DCDEH01B-C THE END OF A (MOVE) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE OR CONTAINS AN

UNRECOGNIZED SPECIAL REGISTER

Explanation: The MOVE statement found at the compiler number is incomplete. User Action: Look at the line in question and make any necessary corrections.

DCDEH03A-C FILENAME FOLLOWING A (READ) VERB IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC – ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: A valid file name following the COBOL verb READ is expected at the compiler number shown.

The file name found is in question because it is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the file name and correct as necessary.

DCDEH03B-E NO FD ENTRIES FOUND FOR THE FILENAME (FD name)

Explanation: DCD IV has no FILE FDs in its internal table to match to the file name found in the READ

statement at the compiler number shown.

User Action: Check spelling and if necessary, check the Environment and Data Divisions for a valid FD or SD to

match the name used.

DCDEH03C-E NO MATCHING FILE-NAME FOR (filename)

Explanation: The file name found after the READ statement at the compiler number shown does not match to a

FD file name within the Data Division.

User Action: Check the file name and correct to match a file name in the Environment and Data Divisions.

DCDEH03D-C (INTO IDENTIFIER-1) IDENTIFIER-1 NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The record name following the word INTO in a READ statement is not alphanumeric at the

compiler number shown.

User Action: Check the record name and correct as necessary.

DCDEH04A-C NAME FOLLOWING (WRITE) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The record name following the verb WRITE is not alphanumeric at the compiler number shown.

User Action: Check the record name and correct as necessary.

DCDEH04B-C (FROM IDENTIFIER-1) IDENTIFIER -1 NOT ALPHPANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The identifier that follows the word FROM in a WRITE statement is not alphanumeric at the

compiler number shown.

User Action: Check the identifier and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH05A-C IDENTIFIER FOLLOWING (ACCEPT) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The identifier that follows the COBOL verb ACCEPT at the compiler number shown is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the identifier and make corrections as necessary.

THE (ADD) STATEMENT REQUIRES A (TO) OR (GIVING) AND NEITHER WAS DCDEH06A-E

FOUND - BYPASSING

Explanation: The ADD statement at the compile number shown is missing the word, TO or GIVING.

Check the ADD statement and correct as necessary. User Action:

DCDEH06B-E THE END OF THE (ADD) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE OR CONTAINS AN

UNRECOGNIZED SPECIAL REGISTER - BYPASSING

Explanation: The ADD statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete.

User Action: Check the ADD statement and correct as necessary.

THE (SUBTRACT) STATEMENT HERE REQUIRES THE WORD (FROM) AND IT WAS NOT DCDEH07A-E

FOUND - BYPASSING

Explanation: The SUBTRACT statement at the compiler number shown requires the word FROM to ensure correct

Check the SUBTRACT statement and correct as necessary. User Action:

DCDEH07B-E THE END OF THIS (SUBTRACT) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE OR CONTAINS AN

UNRECOGNIZED SPECIAL REGISTER - BYPASSING

The SUBTRACT statement at the compiler number shown appears to be incomplete. Explanation:

User Action: Check the SUBTRACT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH08A-E THE (MULTIPLY) STATEMENT REQUIRES (BY) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The MULTIPLY statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word BY.

User Action: Check the MULTIPLY statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH08B-E THE (MULTIPLY) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE - BYPASSING

Explanation: The MULTIPLY statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete.

User Action: Check the MULTIPLY statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH09A-E THE (DIVIDE) STATEMENT REQUIRES (BY) OR (INTO) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The DIVIDE statement at the compiler number shown requires the word BY or INTO to ensure correct

syntax.

User Action: Check the DIVIDE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH09B-E THE (DIVIDE) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE - BYPASSING

Explanation: The DIVIDE statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete. User Action: Check the DIVIDE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH10A-E THE (COMPUTE) STATEMENT REQUIRES (=) AND THIS WAS NOT FOUND -

The COMPUTE statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete and requires the symbol (=) or Explanation:

the word EQUAL or EQUALS for correct syntax.

User Action: Check the COMPUTE statement and correct.

DCDEH10B-E THE (COMPUTE) STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE - BYPASSING

Explanation: The COMPUTE statement at the compiler number shown is incomplete.

User Action: Check the COMPUTE statement and correct.

DCDEH11A-C FILE-NAME AFTER CLOSE (file-name) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The file name following the COBOL verb CLOSE at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the CLOSE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH11B-C FILE -NAME AFTER CLOSE (file-name) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

The file name following the COBOL verb CLOSE at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric. Explanation:

Check the CLOSE statement and make corrections as necessary. User Action:

DCDEH12A-C FILE-NAME AFTER DELETE (file-name) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The file name following the COBOL verb DELETE at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the DELETE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH14A-C IDENTIFIER AFTER EXAMINE (field-contents) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The field name found after the COBOL verb EXAMINE at the compiler number shown is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the EXAMINE statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH14B-C (EXAMINE) FOUND (field-contents) FOR (TALLYING) OR (REPLACING) - BYPASSED

Explanation: The EXAMINE statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word TALLYING, REPLACING

or is incorrect.

User Action: Check the EXAMINE statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH14C-C EXAMINE WITH JUST REPLACING REQUIRES (BY); FOUND (field-contents) BYPASSING

Explanation: The EXAMINE statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word BY.

User Action: Check the EXAMINE statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH15A-C (EXHIBIT) REQUIRES (NAMED) OR (CHANGED) - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The EXHIBIT statement at the compiler number shown requires the word NAMED, CHANGED or both

to ensure correct syntax.

User Action: Check the EXHIBIT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH22A-C THE SYNTAX FOR AN OPEN STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE

Explanation: The syntax found for the OPEN statement at this compiler line number is invalid.

User Action: Look at the OPEN statement and determine the cause of the error.

DCDEH22B-C EXPECTING INPUT, OUTPUT, I-O OR EXTEND - FOUND (field-contents) -TREATED AS

(OUTPUT)

Explanation: The field shown was found after the verb OPEN.

User Action: If this is correct, ignore or contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. If not, correct as necessary.

DCDEH22C-C THE FILE-NAME (file-name) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC – ACCEPTED AS IS

& DCDEH22D-C

Explanation: The file name found after the COBOL verb OPEN at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric. User Action: Check the OPEN statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH23A-E THE FORMAT OF THIS (SET) STATEMENT IS UNRECOGNIZED - BYPASSING

Explanation: Two forms of the SET statement are recognized: (SET index-name TO?) and (SET index-name UP [or

DOWN] BY ?).

User Action: Correct this SET statement as necessary.

DCDEH24A-C IDENTIFIER AFTER (INSPECT) - (field-contents) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The identifier found after the COBOL verb INSPECT at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH24B-C EXPECTING (TALLYING) OR (REPLACING) - FOUND (field-contents) – BYPASSING

Explanation: At the compiler number shown, the item found after the first identifier in the INSPECT statement is not

REPLACING, TALLYING or CONVERTING.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH24C-C IDENTIFIER AFTER INSPECT TALLYING (field-contents) NOT ALPHANUMERIC -

ACCEPTED

Explanation: In the INSPECT statement at the compiler number shown, the identifier following the word TALLYING

was not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH24D-C (FOR) MISSING IN INSPECT TALLYING, FOUND (field-contents) - RESULTS

UNPREDICTABLE

Explanation: The INSPECT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word FOR following the second

identifier.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH24E-C EXPECTING (CHARACTERS), (ALL) OR (LEADING) FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The INSPECT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word ALL, CHARACTERS or

LEADING following the word FOR.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH24F-C EXPECTING ALL, LEADING, FIRST, OR CHARACTERS; FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The INSPECT . . . REPLACING statement at the compiler number shown is missing a COBOL word.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH24G-C INSPECT WITH (CONVERTING) REQUIRES (TO); FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The INSPECT . . . CONVERTING statement found at the compiler number shown requires the word TO

following the second identifier.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH24H-C EXPECTING (BY) AFTER (CHARACTERS) - FOUND (field-contents)

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Explanation: The INSPECT ... REPLACING CHARACTERS statement at the compiler number shown requires the

word BY after the word CHARACTERS for correct syntax.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH24I-C INSPECT WITH (REPLACING) REQUIRES (BY); FOUND (field-contents) - CONTINUING

Explanation: The INSPECT . . . REPLACING statement at the compiler number shown requires the word BY after

the identifier that follows REPLACING.

User Action: Check the INSPECT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH25A-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC FILE-NAME; FOUND (file-name) - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The file name following the COBOL verb MERGE at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH25B-E NO SD ENTRIES FOUND FOR (SD data-name)

Explanation: The file name used at the compiler number shown does not match a file name in the Data Division.

User Action: Check the file name and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH25C-E NO MATCHING FILE-NAME FOUND FOR (file-name)

Explanation: The file name used at the compiler number shown does not match a file name in the Data Division.

User Action: Check the file name and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH25D-C EXPECTING (ASCENDING) OR (DESCENDING) FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The MERGE . . . ON statement at the compiler number shown must be followed by the word

ASCENDING or DESCENDING.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make the corrections as necessary.

DCDEH25E-E EXPECTING (USING) IN (MERGE) STMT-FOUND (field-contents) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The MERGE statement at the compiler number shown must be followed by the word, GIVING.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH25F-E EXPECTING (OUTPUT) OR (GIVING) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The MERGE statement at the compiler number shown must be followed by the words, OUTPUT or

GIVING, for this statement to have correct syntax.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH25G-C (PROCEDURE) IS MISSING AFTER (OUTPUT) - CONTINUING

Explanation: The MERGE . . . OUTPUT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word, PROCEDURE

after OUTPUT.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH25H-C MERGE KEY IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC (key) - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The MERGE statement at the compiler number shown contains a key which is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the MERGE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH26A-C FILE NAME FOLLOWING (RECEIVE) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The RECEIVE statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name which is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the RECEIVE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH26B-E NO FD ENTRIES FOR (file-name)

Explanation: The File name found at the compiler number shown does not match a file name in the FD section of the

Data Division.

User Action: Check the RECEIVE statement at the compiler number shown and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH26C-E NO MATCHING FILE-NAME FOR (file-name)

Explanation: The file name found at the compiler number shown does not match a file name in the Data Division. User Action: Check the RECEIVE statement at the compiler number shown and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH26D-C (INTO IDENTIFIER-1) IDENTIFIER-1 NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The identifier found at the compiler number shown is not alphanumeric. User Action: Check the RECEIVE . . . INTO statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH27A-C (SEARCH) OPERAND IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC – ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The operand or identifier following the COBOL verb SEARCH at the compiler number shown is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SEARCH statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH28A-C RECORD NAME FOLLOWING (SEND) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

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Explanation: The SEND statement at the compiler number shown contains a record name which is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SEND statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH28B-C (FROM IDENTIFIER-1) IDENTIFIER-1 NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The SEND . . . FROM statement at the compiler number shown contains an identifier following the word

FROM that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SEND statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEF29A-C FILE NAME (file-name) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC AFTER (SORT) - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown contains a non-alphanumeric file name.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEF29B-E NO MATCHING SD ENTRIES FOUND FOR (SD name)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name for the sort that does not match

a file name for an SD in the Data Division.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH29C-E NO MATCHING FILE-NAME FOUND FOR (file-name)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that does not match a file name

in the Data Division.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH29D-C EXPECTING (ASCENDING) OR (DESCENDING) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word ASCENDING or

DESCENDING following the name of the sort file and the word ON.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH29E-E EXPECTING (USING) or (INPUT) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word INPUT or USING.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH29F-E (OUTPUT) OR (GIVING) NOT FOUND WITHIN (SORT)

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word GIVING or OUTPUT.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH29G-C PROCEDURE) IS MISSING AFTER (OUTPUT) - CONTINUING

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word PROCEDURE after OUTPUT.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary

DCDEH29H-C SORT KEY IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC (sort-key) - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The SORT statement at the compiler number shown contains a sort key that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SORT statement and correct as necessary.

DCDEH30A-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC FILE NAME AFTER (START) - FOUND (file-name)

Explanation: The START statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the START statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH30B-E NO MATCHING FD ENTRY FOUND FOR (file-name)

& DCDEH30C-E

Explanation: The START statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that does not match a file name

in the FD section of the Data Division.

User Action: Check the START statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH30D-C (OR) WITHIN (START) REQUIRES (=), FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The START statement at the compiler number shown contains the word OR which must be followed by

the phrase EQUAL TO for correct syntax.

User Action: Check the START statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH31A-C FILE-NAME FOLLOWING (SEEK) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The SEEK statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the SEEK statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH31B-E NO MATCHING FD ENTRIES FOUND FOR (file-name)

& DCDEH31C-E

Explanation: The SEEK statement at the compiler number shown contains a file name that does not match a file name

in the FD section of the Data Division.

User Action: Check the SEEK statement and make corrections as necessary.

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DCDEH32A-C EXPECTING (INTO) FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The STRING statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word INTO after the items that are

being strung together.

User Action: Check the STRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH32B-C DATA-NAME AFTER (INTO) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The STRING statement at the compiler number shown contains a non-alphanumeric data name following

the word INTO.

User Action: Check the STRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH32C-C VALID DATA -NAME SHOULD FOLLOW (WITH POINTER) IN (STRING)

Explanation: The STRING statement at the compiler number shown contains a non-alphanumeric data name following

the WITH POINTER clause or the data name is missing or invalid.

User Action: Check the STRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH33A-C IDENTIFIER AFTER TRANSFORM (field-contents) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED

Explanation: The TRANSFORM statement at the compiler number shown contains an identifier that is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the TRANSFORM statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH33B-E (FROM) EXPECTED - FOUND (field-contents) BYPASSING

Explanation: Expecting the word FROM at this point within the TRANSFORM statement. User Action: Check the TRANSFORM statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH33C-E EXPECTING (TO) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: Expecting the word TO at this point within the TRANSFORM statement. User Action: Check the TRANSFORM statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH34A-C IDENTIFIER (field-contents) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC

Explanation: The UNSTRING statement at the compiler number shown contains an identifier which is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the UNSTRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH34B-E (INTO) FOR (UNSTRING) NOT FOUND

Explanation: The UNSTRING statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word INTO or has the word

nisplaced.

User Action: Check the UNSTRING statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH35A-C NAME AFTER (USING) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

& DCDEH35B-C

Explanation: The ENTRY statement at the compiler number shown contains a data name following the word USING

which is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the ENTRY statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH40A-C THE DATA-NAME FOLLOWING INITIALIZE (identifier) IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC-

ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The INITIALIZE statement at the compiler number shown contains an identifier that is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the INITIALIZE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH40B-E THE OPERAND AFTER REPLACING (field-contents) IS UNKNOWN - BYPASSING

INITIALIZE

Explanation: The INITIALIZE statement at the compiler number shown contains an operand following the word

REPLACING that is misspelled or unrecognized.

User Action: Check the INITIALIZE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH40C-E EXPECTING (BY) AFTER REPLACING, FOUND (field-contents) - BYPASSING INITIALIZE

Explanation: The INITIALIZE statement at the compile number shown contains an unrecognized word following the

word REPLACING.

User Action: Check the INITIALIZE statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH46A-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC FIELD IN MARGIN B AFTER (EXEC field-contents) -FOUND

(field-contents) ACCEPTED

Explanation: The EXEC statement at the compiler number shown contains a data name that is not alphanumeric or is

not in the correct margin.

User Action: Check the EXEC statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH46B-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC FIELD PRIOR TO LEFT PARENTHESIS - FOUND (Field-

ontents)

Explanation: The EXEC statement at the compiler number shown contains a field to the left of the left parenthesis that

is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the EXEC statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH46C-E EXCESSIVE PARAMETERS BYPASSED IN (EXEC) STMT

Explanation: An excessive number of parameters were used within one EXEC statement.

User Action: Determine why an excessive number was used and correct. If already correct, contact MARBLE

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DCDEH46D-E EXPECTING QUALIFIER NAME AFTER (OF) OR (IN) (EXEC) STMT -BYPASSING

QUALIFICATION

Explanation: The EXEC statement at the compile number shown is missing a qualifier name after OF or IN.

User Action: Check the EXEC statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH46E-C EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION FOR (EXEC) STATEMENT FOUND – PROCESSING

CONTINUING

Explanation: An excessive number of qualifiers were used within one EXEC statement.

User Action: Determine why an excessive number was used and correct. If already correct, contact MARBLE

Computer, Inc.

DCDEH51A-E ALTER STATEMENT MISSING WORD (TO)

Explanation: The ALTER statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word TO after the first procedure

name.

User Action: Check the ALTER statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH51B-E ALTER STATEMENT MISSING PROCEDURE-NAME-2

Explanation: The ALTER statement at the compiler number shown is missing procedure-name-2 following the word

TO.

User Action: Check the ALTER statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH57A-C (STOP) REQUIRES (RUN) OR (LITERAL)

Explanation: The STOP statement at the compiler number shown is missing the word RUN or a literal following it.

User Action: Check the STOP statement and make corrections as necessary.

DCDEH60A-C DATA-NAME FOLLOWING (INITIATE) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The REPORT WRITER verb INITIATE requires an alphanumeric operand following it. This was not

found.

User Action: Check the statement and make necessary corrections.

DCDEH61A-C DATA-NAME FOLLOWING (GENERATE) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The REPORT WRITER verb GENERATE requires an alphanumeric operand following it. This was not

found.

User Action: Check the statement and make necessary corrections.

DCDEH62A-C DATA-NAME FOLLOWING (TERMINATED) NOT ALPHANUMERIC - ACCEPTED AS IS

Explanation: The REPORT WRITER verb TERMINATE requires an alphanumeric operand following it. This was not

found.

User Action: Check the statement and make necessary corrections.

DCDEJ10A-I CONDITIONAL STATEMENT IS INCOMPLETE - IF 88 LEVEL INTENDED, CHECK

SPELLING

Explanation: A conditional statement is incomplete. If an 88 level was intended, a matching 88 level in the Data

Division was not found.

User Action: Check the conditional statement and make necessary corrections.

DCDEJ100-I PARSING CANNOT FIND THE BEGIN OF SECOND PART OF NON-88 CONDITIONAL

Explanation: A conditional statement is incomplete. If an 88 level was intended, a matching 88 level in the Data

Division was not found.

User Action: Check the conditional statement and make necessary corrections.

DCDEJ300-C/ (IF) EXCEEDED 125 OPERANDS FOR 1 CONDITION

& DCDEJ400-C

Explanation: An IF (or IF type) statement contains more than 125 operands within just 1 condition.

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User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDEJAPA-E AN INTERNAL TABLE HAS EXCEEDED 125 DATA-NAMES FOR 1 CONDITION

& DCDEJAPB-E & DCDEJS1A-C

Explanation: An IF (or IF type) statement contains more than 125 operands within just 1 condition.

User Action: IF this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDENASA-C EXCEEDED 75 QUALIFIERS FOR OPERANDS WITHIN JUST 1 CONDITION

Explanation: More than 75 qualifiers were used within just 1 condition.
User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDERWOA-W NO PERIOD PRECEDING LEVEL NUMBER (level #)

Explanation: The level number at the compiler number shown does not have a period preceding it on a previous line.

User Action: Check the lines above the level number for a missing period and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0B-C EXPECTING (ZERO) AFTER (BLANK)

Explanation: The word BLANK at the compiler number shown is missing the word ZERO after it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0C-C EXPECTING NUMERIC INTEGER AFTER (COLUMN)

& DCDERW0D-C

Explanation: The word COLUMN at the compiler number shown is missing a numeric integer following it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0E-C EXPECTING NUMERIC INTEGER AFTER (LINE)

& DCDERW0F-C

Explanation: The word LINE at the compiler number shown is missing a numeric integer following it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0G-C EXPECTING (GROUP) AFTER (NEXT)

Explanation: The word NEXT at the compiler number shown is missing the word GROUP following it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0H-C EXPECTING NUMERIC INTEGER AFTER (NEXT GROUP)

& DCDERW0I-C

Explanation: The phrase NEXT GROUP at the compiler number shown is missing a numeric integer following it.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0J-C CANNOT FIND VALID PICTURE CLAUSE

Explanation: Expecting valid PICTURE clause to follow the word PICTURE and instead found data within the margin

a field.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0K-E EXPECTING (TALLY) OR IDENTIFIER AFTER (SUM)

Explanation: Expecting a valid data name within the SUM clause within REPORT WRITER.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERWOL-C EXPECTING IDENTIFIER AFTER (UPON)

Explanation: Expecting a valid data name within the SUM UPON clause.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0M-E EXPECTING (HEADING) OR (FOOTING) AFTER (field-contents)

& DCDERWON-E

Explanation: Expecting the word HEADING or FOOTING within REPORT WRITER at this line.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0P-E EXPECTING VALID TYPE AFTER (TYPE IS) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: An invalid entry was found after the TYPE IS clause. User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0Q-C EXPECTING (FINAL) OR IDENTIFIER AFTER (TYPE IS) CLAUSE

Explanation: Expecting reserved word FINAL or a valid data name to follow the TYPE IS clause in REPORT

WRITER.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDERW0R-C EXPECTING VALID OPERAND FOR USAGE CLAUSE - FOUND (field-contents)

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Explanation: The USAGE clause is in error or contains a type usage unknown to DCD IV.

User Action: Correct USAGE clause or contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. if the USAGE clause is valid.

DCDERW0S-E EXPECTING LITERAL AFTER (VALUE) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: The entry following VALUE does not complete the VALUE clause within the REPORT SECTION.

User Action: Determine why the entry is not valid and correct.

DCDERWRA-C MNEMONIC-NAME AFTER CODE MISSING Explanation: The operand following WITH CODE is missing.

User Action: Look at listing and correct.

DCDERWRB-C EXPECTING INTEGER FOR PAGE CLAUSE

Explanation: One of the PAGE clauses is missing a number following it.

User Action: Consult the line indicated and correct the format of the PAGE clause.

DCDERWRC-C EXPECTING INTEGER AFTER (field-contents)

Explanation: One of the PAGE clauses is missing a number following it.

User Action: Consult the line indicated and correct the format of the PAGE clause.

DCDESDDB-E NUMERIC INTEGER DOES NOT FOLLOW OCCURS - BYPASSING

Explanation: The OCCURS clause at the compiler number shown is not followed by a numeric integer. User Action: Check the OCCURS clause for a missing integer and make corrections as necessary.

DCDESDDC-E CANNOT FIND VALID ENTRY TO COMPLETE PICTURE CLAUSE - BYPASSING

Explanation: The PICTURE clause is either continued in an invalid column or is incomplete or incorrect.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDESDDD-E ALPHANUMERIC DATA-NAME NOT FOUND AFTER REDEFINES - BYPASSING

Explanation: The data name found after the REDEFINES clause in the Data Division is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDESDDF-E ALPHANUMERIC DATA-NAME NOT FOUND AFTER RENAMES - BYPASSING

Explanation: The data name that follows the COBOL verb, RENAMES is not alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the RENAMES clause and make corrections as necessary.

DCDESDDG-W ENTRY FOUND WITHIN USAGE CLAUSE IS EITHER INVALID OR UNRECOGNIZED

BYPASSING

Explanation: The word following the USAGE IS clause is either incorrect or unrecognized.

User Action: Check the USAGE IS clause and make corrections as necessary.

DCDESDDH-E CANNOT FIND LITERAL AFTER (VALUE) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The level number and clause at the compiler number shown must contain a literal following the word

VALUE.

User Action: Check the line indicated and make any necessary corrections.

DCDESDDI-E INDEX-NAME IS MISSING OR IS NOT ALPHANUMERIC AFTER (INDEXED BY) CLAUSE-

BYPASSING

Explanation: The INDEXED BY clause at the compiler number shown contains an index name that is not

alphanumeric or is missing.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDESDDJ-C ENTRY FOR PICTURE CLAUSE HAS NON-NUMERIC VALUE WITHIN PARENTHESES -

(picture)

Explanation: The PICTURE clause at the compiler number shown must contain a numeric value within its

parentheses.

User Action: Check the PICTURE clause and make corrections as necessary.

DCDESDDL-C EXPECTING ALPHANUMERIC NAME FOR (REPORT IS) CLAUSE

Explanation: The REPORT IS clause at the compiler number shown contains a word following it that is not

alphanumeric.

User Action: Check the line and make corrections as necessary.

DCDESYLA-E EXPECTING QUALIFIER TO FOLLOW (OF) OR (IN) - FOUND (field-contents)

Explanation: Expecting qualifier to follow OF or IN.

User Action: Examine listing and insert qualifier at correct location.

DCDG9006-D DDNAME (DCDWK09) MISSING

Explanation: In JCL for running Control/DCD, the DDNAME DCDWK09 is missing.

User Action: Check JCL and see that DCDWK09 is provided.

DCDGBA11-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program being documented.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

DCDGBB10-E AN UNMATCHED RECORD IS BEING BYPASSED WHEN MATCHING FILES - LOOK FOR

SYNTAX ERROR

Explanation: Match merging of internal files is either out of sequence or an unmatched record is present. This may be

due to a syntax error in the input program.

User Action: Try compiling the program to see if it compiles cleanly. If unsolved, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDGDZ10-D DDNAME (DCDWKT2) IS MISSING WHEN PARM OPTION (DIT) IS SPECIFIED

Explanation: A necessary DD is missing for an internal work file.

User Action: Insure that DDnames DCDWKT1 through DCDWKT4 are present within the JCL similar to DDnames

DCDWK01, DCDWK02, etc.

DCDGDZ20-D OVER nnnn CTLDLTCC CONTROL CARDS WERE USED – TABLE EXCEEDED

Explanation: Too many control statements were specified.

User Action: Limit the number of control statements to the number shown in the message printed.

DCDGDZ30-D OVER 150 CONTROL CARDS WERE ADDED TO THE DIT CONTROL STATEMENT FILE –

TABLE EXCEEDED

Explanation: Too many control statements were specified.

User Action: Use less control statements.

DCDGDZ40-D OVER 999 DATA NAMES WERE FOUND FOR DOING TRACING ON – TABLE EXCEEDED

Explanation: When tracing literals one data name with a literal directly to 1000 or more data names, an unusual

condition

User Action: This condition if found and valid may be resolved by contacting MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDGF002-D DDNAME (DCDWK08) MISSING

Explanation: The running of DCD IV requires work files DCDWK08. The DDNAME DCDWK08 was not found. User Action: See JCL examples in the 'Alternate Compile Listing' section in the User's Manual and correct JCL.

OSEI ACTION. See JCL examples in the Atennate Compile Listing Section in the OSEI's Manual and confect JCL

DCDGJB04-C EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION AND/OR SUBSCRIPTING FOUND

Explanation: Excessive qualification and/or subscripting was found while handling a CORRESPONDING statement at

this line number.

User Action: Determine why excessive qualification and/or subscripting is used and attempt to correct. If necessary,

contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDGJN02-W EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION AND/OR SUBSCRIPTING FOUND

Explanation: Excessive qualification and/or subscripting was found while handling a CORRESPONDING statement at

this line number.

User Action: Determine why excessive qualification and/or subscripting was used and attempt to correct. If necessary,

contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDGKB04-C EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION AND/OR SUBSCRIPTING FOUND

Explanation: Excessive qualification and/or subscripting was found while handling a CORRESPONDING statement at

this line number.

User Action: Determine why excessive qualification and/or subscripting was used and attempt to correct. If necessary,

contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDGKF02-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record.

User Action: Look for possible previous message to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

DCDGKH07-C INSUFFICIENT SPACE TO HANDLE INITIALIZE DATA DIVISION NAMES (H070) -

BYPASSING EXCESS NAMES

Explanation: A table for Data Division NAMES was not large enough to handle the program being documented.

User Action: Contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDGKN02-C EXCESSIVE QUALIFICATION AND/OR SUBSCRIPTING FOUND

Explanation: Excessive qualification and/or subscripting was found while handling a CORRESPONDING statement at

this line number.

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User Action: Determine why excessive qualification and/or subscripting was used and attempt to correct. If necessary,

contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDGSA05-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program run through DCD IV.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

DCDGS012-C An Unconditional STOP RUN, GOBACK, or EXIT PROGRAM was not found within the

program. Software will make a reasonable assumption to correct. To remove this Warning in future runs insert a *CAT STOP RUN as a comment line in the COBOL program at a place to establish correct end of mainline for use by software in building the Quick View Window.

Explanation: This message will not occur within DCD IV, but in CAT software which uses some DCD IV scanning.

It occurs when there is no STOP RUN and there is a CALL or other means to externally STOP the RUN.

User Action: Examine program to see if correct AND insert *CAT STOP RUN starting in column 7 where you think

STOP RUN would normally be inserted in the program.

DCDGS015-C The mainline code from PROCEDURE DIVISION begin to first found unconditional program

ending verb found nnnnn SET(s) of routines that were performed and reside within this range of code. If this is okay, ignore this warning! If there is an unrecognized

CALL or other (non STOP RUN, GOBACK or EXIT PROGRAM) code that ends the mainline

routine, see 'Create CAT Stop Run' option under Narrative Selection tab and consider

checking that box to establish a CAT corrected end of mainline routine.

Explanation: This message will not occur within DCD IV, but in CAT software which uses some DCD IV scanning.

It may occur when there is no or a misplaced STOP RUN type verb and the mainline routine shows

performed routines that possibly should not be there.

User Action: Examine program to see if correct AND possibly use 'Create CAT Stop Run' checkbox under Narrative

Selection tab where Quick View Window resides.

DCDGSAC0-E MORE THAN 7000 SECTIONS - EXCESS IGNORED IN PAR2 PROGRAM

Explanation: More than 7000 SECTIONs were found within one COBOL program.

User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact Marble Computer.

DCDGSB10-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program run through DCD IV.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

DCDGSE02-E PROGRAM ERROR ON MATCH - CHECK FOR PRIOR TABLE EXCEEDED MESSAGE

Explanation: An internal error has occurred in matching paragraph names. This is probably caused by a previously

printed out table exceeded message.

User Action: If no other error messages are shown, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDGSFP0-W THE PARAGRAPH (paragraph-name) USED HERE IS NOT FOUND WITHIN THE PROGRAM

Explanation: A matching paragraph name to the one used here is not found within the program.

User Action: Check for a missing name or a spelling error.

DCDGSFS0-W THE SECTION (section-name) USED HERE IS NOT FOUND WITHIN THE PROGRAM

Explanation: A matching section name to the one used is not found within the program.

User Action: Check for a missing name or a spelling error.

DCDGSG03-W / A MATCH WAS NOT FOUND FOR PARAGRAPH NAME (paragraph-name)

DCDGSG11-W

Explanation: A matching paragraph name to the one used here is not found within the program.

User Action: Check for a missing name or a spelling error.

DCDGWA03-E EXCESSIVE DYNAMIC CALLS FOUND AT THIS LINE NUMBER – REMAINING BYPASSED

Explanation: Over 3000 dynamic CALLs were found in one program. Those over 3000 will be bypassed.

User Action: Determine why such an excessive number of dynamic CALLs were used in one program and attempt to

reduce this number.

DCDGWB02-E EXCESSIVE MATCHING LITERALS TO DYNAMIC CALLS FOUND THIS LINE NUMBER

& DCDGWD02-E

Explanation: The number of VALUE and/or MOVE literals matching to names used in dynamic CALLs exceeds 2000.

User Action: Determine why excessive MOVEs of literal to dynamic CALLs was used in one program and attempt to

reduce this number.

DCDGXAD1-E DYNAMIC CALL NAME TABLE EXCEEDED - Results will be incomplete

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Explanation: An internal table was exceeded holding DYNAMIC CALL names.

User Action: Run less programs or contact MARBLE Computer.

DCDGXAD1-E DYNAMIC CALL NAME TABLE EXCEEDED - Results will be incomplete

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded holding DYNAMIC CALL names.

User Action: Run less programs or contact MARBLE Computer.

DCDGXAQ1-E SETUPCPA - ADQ1- CALL QUAL TABLE IS TOO SMALL'

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded holding QUALIFICATION names.

User Action: Run less programs or contact MARBLE Computer.

DCDGXAQ2-E SETUPCPA – ADQ2- CALL QUAL TABLE IS TOO SMALL'

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded holding QUALIFICATION names.

User Action: Run less programs or contact MARBLE Computer.

DCDGXBD1-E DYNAMIC CALL NAME TABLE EXCEEDED - Results will be incomplete

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded holding DYNAMIC CALL names.

User Action: Run less programs or contact MARBLE Computer.

DCDGXBX3-E AN INTERNAL QUALIFICATION TABLE WAS EXCEEDED IN XXXXXX ROUTINE – LOOK AT

STMT AT THIS NUMBER

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded.

User Action: Run less programs or contact MARBLE Computer.

DCDGXCC3-E SETUPCPA - QRL-TABLE IS TOO SMALL - Contact MARBLE Computer

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded.

User Action: Run less programs or contact MARBLE Computer.

DCDGXCDR-I WARNING – UNABLE TO GET RECORD LENGTH FOR A DATA FIELD AT THIS SEQUENCE

NBR - CHECK IF FIELD IS A FILE NAME

Explanation: The record length not found for a parameter.

User Action: Check to see if this field is other than a data name, such as a file name.

DCDGXCDV-W WARNING DYNAMIC CALL NAME IS NOT FOUND OR LONGER THAN 8 CHARACTERS LONG

Explanation: The Data Name found after a CALL statement is longer than 8 characters long or not found.

User Action: Processing for this DYNAMIC CALL NAME will be unpredictable.

DCDHSB11-E MORE THAN (NNNNN) DATA NAMES USED IN THE PROCEDURE DIVISION

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded within DCD and this table needed to be made larger.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer, Inc.

DCDIBCB1-I TRACING TABLE EXCEEDED - SOME TRACING WILL BE LOST

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded within DCD and this table needed to be made larger.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer, Inc.

DCDIBMA0-E INTERNAL 88 LEVEL TABLE EXCEEDED - SOME TRACING MAY BE LOST

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded within DCD and this table needed to be made larger.

User Action: Contact Marble Computer, Inc.

DCDIF030-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED TO THE SORT FOR THE PROGRAM XXXXXXXX

Explanation: No records were selected for the program shown for Direct Tracing of Literals

User Action: If this is a small program or a small Direct Literal report was anticipated, this may be normal.

DCDKBS02-C INDEXES EXCEEDED 125 FOR ONE OCCURS

Explanation: DCD IV has a limit of 124 indexes present for 1 OCCURS. Documentation is lost.

User Action: Check the OCCURS to determine the cause of excessive use and ensure there are less than 125 indexes

per OCCURS. If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDKFA02-D FILE EMPTY – NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record.

User Action: Look for possible previous messages to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

DCDKFB07-D SELECTED MORE THAN 1000 ENTRIES – REDUCE SELECT

Explanation: Over 1000 entries were SELECTED from the SELECT control statements entered.

User Action: Reduce the number of SELECTs used, and resubmit the run.

DCDKFBU1-E TRACE TABLE (DIR-) EXCEEDED

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Explanation: An internal table, which holds detail from cumulative SELECTs, was exceeded.

User Action: Consider using less SELECTs or less ANDs and ORs in SELECTs.

DCDKFM02-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record.

User Action: Look for possible previous messages to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

DCDKFP06-E OVER 9999 MATCHES - PROBABLE ERROR

Explanation: With Trace Option, on one SELECT more than 9999 matches were found.

User Action: Look at SELECT and determine why this happened and fix.

DCDKFY1A-D DDNAME (DCDWK09) MISSING

Explanation: The DDNAME DCDWK09 is required by DCD IV for program DCDSYSTM.

User Action: Provide missing DDNAME. See JCL examples in User's Manual.

DCDKH040-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: An internal work file was found to be empty.

User Action: Try rerunning.

DCDKH050-D FILE EMPTY - NO DATA RECORDS

Explanation: An internal work file was found to be empty.

User Action: Try rerunning.

DCDM9U20-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: No DATA NAME records were found to sort in one of Control/DCD programs.

User Action: If a very small program, consider ignoring this message.

DCDNHD02-C OVER 49 QUALIFIERS WERE FOUND FOR ONE DATA NAME

& DCDNHD03-C & DCDNHD04-C & DCDNHD05-C

Explanation: A data name with 49 qualifiers was found by DCD IV.

User Action: If this is a valid condition, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDNHJ01-W THE NAME (reference-name) DOES NOT MATCH TO A DATA DIVISION NAME

Explanation: A Procedure Division reference was made to a Data Division name that does not exist.

User Action: Check for a spelling error. If the name shown is a special register, notify MARBLE Computer, Inc. Then,

ignore the message.

DCDP1R10-E EXCESSIVE SELECTIONS FOUND IN TRACING ALL POSSIBLE NAMES -TURN OFF YAP

OPTION AND EXAMINE FIELDS SELECTED

Explanation: Excessive SELECTION caused one or more internal tables to be exceeded.

User Action: Turn off TRACING option to get run to continue to end, then examine to see how SELECTs can be

limited.

DCDP1SBA-E RFP-TABLE NBR ENTRIES EXCEEDED – SELECT LESS ENTRIES OR CONTACT MARBLE

COMPUTER

Explanation: An internal SELECT table for Abend Analysis was exceeded.

User Action: Use less SELECTs in an attempt to have program run.

DCDP1Y70-I NO DIRECT SELECTED NAMES WERE FOUND - TRACING FOR PROGRAM (progname)

NOT DONE

Explanation: An option was on indicating that TRACING should be done, however no names were selected.

User Action: Specify one or more names for SELECTION with SELECT statements.

DCDPBB03-E BYPASS TABLE EXCEEDED -USE 1000 OR LESS BYPASS COMMANDS

Explanation: Over 1000 BYPASS table entries were found.

User Action: Correct the number of BYPASS control statements to limit it to 1000 entries.

DCDPBG01-E BYPASS TABLE EXCEEDED - USE 1000 OR LESS BYPASS COMMANDS

Explanation: The number of BYPASS control statements must be limited to 1000.

User Action: Reduce the number of BYPASS control statements.

DCDPBG02-D RANGE= REQUIRES nnnnn-nnnn AND FOUND RANGE=XXXXXXXXXXXXX

Explanation: The RANGE control statement used is invalid.

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User Action: Insure the RANGE=NNNNN-NNNNN format is used and resubmit.

DCDPBG03-E BYPASS FILE – INVALID DATA NAME FOUND (xxxxxxx)

Explanation: The first character of the name is a space.
User Action: Correct Bypass name and resubmit.

DCDPBG04-E BYPASS NAME TABLE EXCEEDED -USE 1000 OR LESS BYPASS COMMANDS

Explanation: The number of BYPASS control statements must be limited to 1000.

User Action: Reduce the number of BYPASS control statements.

DCDPBH01-W THE BYPASS CONTROL STATEMENT (user-name) WAS NOT FOUND IN THIS PROGRAM

Explanation: The user-data-name was either misspelled or not found within the COBOL program.

User Action: If name was expected to be found, correct spelling or determine why name is missing. If not all names

were expected to be found, optionally use NODNB option to turn these warning messages off.

DCDPEY30-D MARBLE HEADER MISSING - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: A header is missing on an internal work file.

User Action: If this message occurs more than once and rerunning does not eliminate, contact Marble Computer.

DCDPEY40-D NO PROGRAM HEADER FOUND FOR PROGRAM (progname)

Explanation: A header is missing on internal work file 09.

User Action: If this message occurs more than once and rerunning does not eliminate, contact Marble Computer.

DCDPEY60-E TOTAL TRACE ENTRIES EXCEED nnnnn MAX ENTRIES FOR TABLE FOR

& DCDPEY90-E PROGRAM progname - SELECT LESS ENTRIES

Explanation: Too many entries were SELECTed by the SELECT control statements and a table was exceeded.

User Action: Redo the SELECTs used and resubmit to select less entries.

DCDPF040-D MARBLE HEADER MISSING - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: A header is missing on an internal work file.

User Action: If this message occurs more than once and rerunning does not eliminate, contact Marble Computer.

DCDPF055-D NO PROGRAM HEADER FOUND FOR PROGRAM (progname)

Explanation: A header is missing on internal work file.

User Action: If this message occurs more than once and rerunning does not eliminate, contact Marble Computer.

DCDPFC02-E TOTAL TRACE ENTRIES EXCEEDS nnnnn MAX ENTRIES FOR TABLE FOR PROGRAM

progname

Explanation: All entries either directly selected for TRA entries or added through TRACING exceeds the maximum

number available in table space.

User Action: Select less entries so the amount of table space is reduced.

DCDPFC03-D DIRECT ENTRY MISSING FROM INTERNAL TABLE - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: This may be an internal logic error.

User Action: Try rerunning, then if this message still appears, contact Marble Computer.

DCDPNP05-W UNABLE TO GAUGE CORRECT USE OF FLOATING POINT COMP-1 OR COMP-2 - USER

MUST CHECK CAREFULLY

Explanation: During Abend Analysis that follows data fields from one field to another via From-To positions with an

01 record, a field is being traced through Floating point fields where From-To positions may not be

accurately followed.

User Action: User should look at results carefully and not rely entirely on results given.

DCDPNP06-W FIELD WITH (xxxxxx) USAGE AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn HAS DIFFERENT LENGTH FROM

FIELD WITH SAME USAGE AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn

Explanation: During Abend Analysis that tracing using From-To positions are linking two fields with different lengths

together. Our processing will follow only From-To positions from original field through new field.

User Action: This is a warning for user clarification. No further action required except to notice difference, unless user

wants to make program changes to rectify length difference.

DCDPNP08-W BINARY FIELD AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn IS NOT A HALFWORD, FULLWORD, OR

DOUBLEWORD

Explanation: A binary (BINARY or COMPUTATIONAL) field is found where the real calculated positions for the

field in question is outside the normal length of 2, 4, or 8 bytes for a halfword, fullword, or doubleword.

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User Action: User should look at usage and make any change deemed necessary or ignore this message.

DCDPNP09-W BINARY FIELD AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn IS TOO SMALL FOR FIELD AT CMPLR nnnnn

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Explanation: Within Abend Analysis, the binary field being traced into, is too small for the record positions of the

other field.

User Action: This is a warning only, however the user may want to analysis why this is happening.

DCDPNP0A-W BINARY FIELD AT CMPLR NBR nnnnn IS TOO LARGE FOR FIELD AT CMPLR nnnnn

Explanation: Within Abend Analysis, the binary field being traced into, is too large for the record positions of the other

field.

User Action: This is a warning only, however the user may want to analysis why this is happening.

DCDPNP0B-W FIELD AT CMPLR NBR IS NOT EXACT SIZE AS FIELD AT CMPLR nnnnn

Explanation: During Abend Analysis that follows data fields from one field to another via From-To positions with an

01 record, a field is being traced through Binary fields where From-To positions may not be accurately

followed.

User Action: This is a warning only, however the user may want to analysis why this is happening.

DCDPNY80-E NSD - TABLE EXCEEDED - REDO SELECT STMTS TO SELECT LESS DATA NAMES

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded.

User Action: Reduce the number of SELECTs to select less data names so internal table will be reduced in size.

DCDPOC06-I TRACING IGNORED AS THE FLAG POSITIONS WERE FOUND OUTSIDE THE MOVE OR

COMPARE

Explanation: A PROCEDURE DIVISION instruction was found with a field that should be traced; however, the field,

when being moved or compared, was truncated due to the size of the other field, and tracing is being

gnored.

User Action: No action is necessary.

DCDPQU30-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: An internal work file was found to be empty.

User Action: Try rerunning. If necessary, contact Marble Computer.

DCDPQUA0-E INTERNAL TABLE (RFC-) EXCEEDED - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded.

User Action: Reduce the number of SELECTs to select less data names so internal table will be reduced in size.

DCDPTP06-E INTERNAL DATA NAME TABLE EXCEEDED - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: An internal data name table was exceeded.

User Action: Look at the SELECTs statement used and reduce them to reduce table space.

DCDPTP07-E OVER 9999 MATCHES - PROBABLE ERROR

Explanation: Tracing included over 9999 matches.

User Action: Look at the SELECTs statements used and change or reduce the number used to correct this error.

DCDPTP08-D DATA-NAME TABLE EXCEEDED - RUN WITH SMALLER NBR OF CONTROL

STATEMENTS OR TURN OFF OPTION (YAP)

Explanation: An internal tracing table was exceeded. This is probably due to an excessive number of SELECTs being

used.

User Action: Reduce the number of SELECTs or turn off the Tracing Option.

DCDPTY10-D DDNAME (DCDWK09) MISSING

Explanation: A DD statement is missing.

User Action: Inspect the JCL and add the DD statement.

DCDPTY50-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: An internal work file was found to be empty.

User Action: Try rerunning.

DCDPTY60-D EXCEEDED INTERNAL TABLE - USE LESS CONTROL STATEMENTS

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded.

User Action: Look at the SELECTs statement used and reduce them to reduce table space.

DCDT0080-C NARRATIVE ONLY ALLOWED FOR ONE PROGRAM AT A TIME

Explanation: Narrative will only allow one program at a time for Layout Reports.

User Action: DCD IV will print narrative alongside the first program.

DCDTB015-I COBOL SORT CALLED FOR PROGRAM (XXXXXXXX) DUE TO INSUFFICIENT GETMAIN

SPACE

Explanation: The size of the COBOL program was larger than the table space necessary to do an internal shell sort, so

the COBOL sort was called.

User Action: None.

DCDTBC02-D FILE EMPTY - NO MARBLE HEADER

Explanation: The first record of a work file being read does not contain a MARBLE header record. User Action: Look for possible previous message to this one. Look for an error in the JCL used.

DCDTDC18-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program run through DCD IV.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

DCDX1005-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE JCL PROC ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: Informational message stating NO records were passed to produce a JCL Analysis.

User Action: Check the JCL being analyzed that produced this result.

DCDX1A03-C OVER 500 EXCLUDE DDNAMES WERE USED - THE REMAINING EXCLUDE DDNAMES ARE

IGNORED

Explanation: Excessive DDNAME in //EXCLUDE DD file.

User Action: Reduce the number of control statements to under 500.

DCDX2005-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE JOBLIB ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: Informational message stating NO records were passed to produce this JCL Report.

User Action: Check the JCL being analyzed that produced this result.

DCDUBB01 -D THE NBR OF RECORDS SELECTED BY SRA CTL CARDS EXCEEDS 775

Explanation: Too many control cards were used for DD CTLCDSRA.

User Action: Use less control statements.

DCDUD020 -I NO DATA-NAME INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no references in the Procedure Division to data names in the Data Division.

User Action: None.

DCDUDA02 -W EARLY EOF ON INFO-FILE-2

Explanation: An early end of file was found on an internal work file.

User Action: Check results to see if everything is correct. If in doubt, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc.

DCDUDA11-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

& DCDUDA13-E

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program run through DCD IV.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

DCDUF010-D THE 01 RECORDS USED HAVE CAUSES AN OVERFLOW IN AN INTERNAL TABLE

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program being documented. Look at PARM options

S03, S15, S50, S3H, S1T.

User Action: Rerun the job with one of the above mentioned PARM options.

DCDUFA02-D THE 01 RECORDS USED HAVE CAUSES AN OVERFLOW IN AN INTERNAL TABLE

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program being documented. Look at PARM options

S03, S15, S50, S3H, S1T.

User Action: Rerun the job with one of the above mentioned PARM options.

DCDUFB05-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program being documented.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

DCDUHB05-E TABLE LIMITS EXCEEDED REGION

Explanation: An internal table was not large enough to handle the program being documented.

User Action: Rerun the job with a larger region.

DCDV3050-I COBOL MEMBER (program name) NOT FOUND

Explanation: COBOL program name was not found. This occurs when using PARM option READPDS.

User Action: Check to ensure program name is correctly spelled and is there.

DCDV3051-D DDNAME (DCDREPDS) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the DDNAME for DCDREPDS is missing.

User Action: Check in the JCL to ensure the DDNAME is there and correctly placed.

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DCDV3052-D COBOL MEMBER (program name) NOT FOUND

Explanation: COBOL program name was not found. This occurs when using PARM option READPDS.

User Action: Check to ensure program name is correctly spelled and is there.

DCDV3053-D COPY MEMBER NOT FOUND IN COPYLIB SPECIFIED

Explanation: When DCD IV attempted to read the COPY member in the COBOL program, it was not found in the

partitioned data set specified by DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

User Action: Check the COPY member name to ensure it is valid and that the correct PDS file specified within the

DSN= in the COPYLIB DD.

DCDV3054-D NO RECORDS FOUND IN MEMBER (copy member name)

Explanation: When DCD IV attempted to resolve this COPY member, it found no records in the member.

User Action: Check the COPY member and make corrections as necessary.

DCDV3A02-I WORK FILES FOR PROGRAM (XXXXXXXXX) DID NOT HAVE OPTION (XXX) IN ALL

(WRITPDS) RUNS

Explanation: When the READPDS option is used, all files on the data set referenced with the DDNAME of

DCDREPDS must have been created with all the same PARM options, which are used in this run using the READPDS option. These work files did not have those options turned on and are being bypassed.

User Action: Ignore these messages or re-create the DCDPDS files using the WRITPDS option along with the option

shown in the message.

DCDV3A03-E WORK FILE FOR PROGRAM (XXXXXXXX) IS INCOMPLETE FOR OPTION (XXX) - THIS

OPTION IS BEING TURNED OFF

Explanation: See explanation for message DCDV3A02-I. Multiple options for reports were used during this

READPDS run and not all the options correspond to what was used during the WRITPDS run. This

option is being turned off.

User Action: Review process, rethink and possibly re-create DCDPDS file.

DCDVA020-D DDNAME (DCDPDS) MISSING

Explanation: In the JCL, the card for DCDPDS is missing.

User Action: Check the JCL to ensure the DD card for DCDPDS exists and is correctly placed.

DCDMWU20-W NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: This program contains no sequence numbers of names referenced from the Procedure Division.

User Action: None.

DCDMWU21-W NO DATA-NAMES ON TABLE

Explanation: This program contains no sequence numbers of names referenced from the Procedure Division.

User Action: If this is a small program, none, otherwise investigate why no sequence numbers were picked up.

DCDX1050-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE JCL PROC ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: Either no DDNAMEs were found or the entire JCL is missing.

User Action: Check to see what JCL was used and examine.

DCDX1A04-C OVER 500 EXCLUDE DDNAMES WERE USED-THE REMAINING EXCLUDE DDNAMES

ARE IGNORED

Explanation: Too many control cards were used.
User Action: Reduce the number of control statements.

DCDX1FR0-C EXCESSIVE REFERBACKS (OVER 500) WERE USED IN ONE PROC - THOSE OVER

LIMIT ARE IGNORED

Explanation: More refer backs were present in one PROC than this software can handle.

User Action: Find out why excessive refer backs were used and see if this number can be reduced. If this is a valid

condition, contact Marble Computer.

DCDX1FS0-C EXCESSIVE SYMBOLICS (OVER 2000) WERE USED IN ONE PROC - THOSE OVER LIMIT

ARE IGNORED

Explanation: More symbolics were present in one PROC than this software can handle.

User Action: Find out why excessive symbolics were used and see if this number can be reduced.

DCDX1QA0-W TABLE EXCEEDED - ONLY THE FIRST (nnnnn) PROC NAMES WILL BE SHOWN IN THE

LIST OF PROC NAMES

Explanation: A table used to hold PROC names for later printing out the names of PROCs used has been exceeded.

User Action: The main report used to report on the JCL is accurate. The sub-report used to show which PROCs were

inputted will be truncated.

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DCDX2050-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE JCLLIB ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: Insufficient JCL was found or the entire JCL is missing.

User Action: Check to see what JCL was used.

DCDY8B0BY-C THE LAST (nnnnn) COPYS ARE OMITTED FROM SUT PROCESSING BECAUSE TOTAL

LENGTH OF USED COPYS EXCEEDS SRA-TBL=Nm SIZE

Explanation: The total record length of all records combined exceeds internal size.

User Action: Use less records OR try increasing REGION Size OR consider using PARM options S03, S15, S50, S3H or S1T

from Control/DCD User's Manual.

DCDYA030-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

& DCDYB030-I & DCDYC040-I & DCDYE030-I

Explanation: For VERB, RECORDS, SRA, or COPY report respectively, no data names were found or sorted. This

indicates no entries were found to be reported on for the report selected.

User Action: No required action.

DCDYD048-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE CALL PARAMETER REPORT

Explanation: Informational message stating on CALL PARAMETER records were found when this grouping of programs is

run through to produce the CALL PARAMETER report.

User Action: Check the programs being analyzed that produced this result.

DCDYG040-I NO DATA NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed in to the CALL Report.

User Action: None.

DCDYH050-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE CALL HIERARCHY REPORT

Explanation: No records were passed out to the SORT.

User Action: None.

DCDYH060-D UNABLE TO DETERMINE ONE MAIN PROGRAM - SEE PRIOR MESSAGES - UNABLE TO

PRODUCE REPORT

Explanation: When determining the order of hierarchy for the CALL Hierarchy Report, a program was called in a

fashion that makes it impossible to complete the hierarchy. For example, program A calls program B,

which calls program C, which then calls program A.

User Action: Determine why this is happening and either correct or do not run this report.

DCDYHD17-W OVER nnnn DIFFERENT CALLS FOUND IN PROGRAM (xxxxxxxx) – EXCESS IGNORED

Explanation: More CALLs were found in one program than can be handled.

User Action: Determine why excess CALLs are used. Possibly try using a DELETE control card to reduce this

number.

DCDYHD30-C THE HIERARCHY EXCEEDED 23 LEVELS DEEP FOR SYSTEM (xxxxxxxx) - EXCESS

LEVELS IGNORED

Explanation: The CALL Hierarchy Report is designed to handle CALLs to a level of 23 deep. CALLs going deeper

than that are ignored.

User Action: Determine why CALLs are going to this depth. If necessary, contact MARBLE Compute, Inc.

DCDYHD31-E CANNOT ADD CALL TO (xxxxxxxx) AS THIS IS WITHIN CURRENT STRING - SEE NOTE

BELOW

Explanation: When determining the trace of CALLs, a CALL to a program was found that itself is found earlier within

this chain.

User Action: See following messages which show the order of the trace established so far. Then determine why this is

happening and either correct or do not run this report.

DCDYHD80-I xxxxxxxx xxxxxxx xxxxxxx

Explanation: This message appears after message DCDYHD31-E, showing the order of CALLs which caused that

message. If necessary, more than one of these messages will appear.

User Action: See error message DCDYHD31-E.

DCDYHFA0-E EXCEEDED nnnn PROGRAMS FOR CALL HIERARCHY CHART - WILL BE INCOMPLETE

Explanation: The number specified is the maximum number of programs that may be submitted for this report.

User Action: Determine if a smaller number of programs may be used when running this report.

DCDYG040-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO THE SORT FOR THE CALL ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: No selected records were found to report on for CALL Analysis Report.

User Action: Determine if CALLs were not present, then ignore this message.

DCDYIA04-E CONTROL CARDS FOR CTLCAHCC MUST BEGIN WITH (ADD) OR (DELETE)

Explanation: Control cards for the CALL Hierarchy Report begin with either ADD or DELETE.

User Action: Correct the control statement in error and resubmit.

DCDYIA06-E FIRST PROGRAM NAME MUST BE ALPHANUMERIC FIELD FROM 1 TO 30

CHARACTERS LONG - BYPASSING

Explanation: The program name used in a control statement exceeded 30 characters in length.

User Action: Enter a correct program name and resubmit.

DCDYIA08-E THE THIRD FIELD ON CTLCAHCC CONTROL CARDS MUST BE THE CONSTANT

(CALLS) - BYPASSING

Explanation: The third field on control cards when used must be the constant (CALLS).

User Action: Determine what format was desired for this control card, correct and resubmit.

DCDYIA10-E SECOND PROGRAM NAME MUST BE ALPHANUMERIC FIELD FROM 1 TO 30

CHARACTERS LONG – BYPASSING

Explanation: Any program name used in a control card must not exceed 30 characters in length.

User Action: Enter a Correct program name within control statement and resubmit.

DCDYIA11-E MORE CONTROL CARDS WERE SPECIFIED THAN PERMITTED – REDUCE NUMBER OF

CTL CARDS

Explanation: More than 500 control statements were submitted for the CALL Hierarchy Report.

User Action: Use less control statements.

DCDYIE01-E AN EXPECTED FIELD WITHIN A CONTROL CARD IS MISSING

Explanation: The format of the control statement requires one more field and this field is missing.

User Action: Determine the correct format and resubmit with the correct control card.

DCDYK040-I NO DATA-NAME INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed into the PARAGRAPH Report

User Action: None.

DCDYL030-I NO DATA NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed out to the DATA Report.

User Action: None.

DCDYN100-I NO RECORDS WERE PASSED INTO SORT FOR THE ABEND ANALYSIS REPORT

& DCDYN110-I

Explanation: No records were passed to an internal sort. This is an informational message.

User Action: It may be that no records were selected, which will cause this message. Check SELECT statements used.

DCDYN115-I NO RECORDS WERE SELECTED FOR PRODUCING ABEND ANALYSIS REPORT

Explanation: The SELECTs used did not find any matches within this program. User Action: If processing only one program, insure the correct SELECT is used.

DCDYNA01-D MISSING HEADER RECORD FOR DCDWK09 IN PROGRAM DCDTARPT

Explanation: An internal header record is missing from the internal file name shown.

User Action: Try resubmitting run.

DCDYNB11-E OVER 250 SELECTIONS FOUND WITHIN RECORD (record-name)

Explanation: Within one record, more than 250 fields were selected.

User Action: Go back and change the SELECTs used to select less fields. Be more specific in selecting fields.

DCDYPB01-C INVALID FIELD FOUND - BYPASSING

Explanation: A field on an internal work file has a field, which should be numeric but is not.

User Action: If this happens continuously, contact MARBLE Computer.

DCDYPB02-D MATCHING SOURCE LINE NOT FOUND - RUN ENDING

Explanation: Internal work files for doing code changing require a source code work file and this file is missing.

User Action: Possible logic error. Try resubmitting.

DCDYPE03-D INTERNAL TABLE EXCEEDED - CONTACT MARBLE COMPUTER

Explanation: An internal table was exceeded. User Action: Contact Marble Computer.

DCDYT030-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed into the PARAGRAPH Report

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User Action: None.

DCDYU030-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed into the PARAGRAPH RANGE Report

User Action: None.

DCDYWG04-E RECORD LOCATIONS ARE OFF

Explanation: Record locations are off due to incorrect use of an (*) within the control statements.

User Action: Check the JCL control statements to ensure it is the correct logic.

DCDYY030-I NO DATA-NAMES INTO SORT

Explanation: There were no records passed in to the LAYOUT Report.

User Action: None.

DCDZZ099-D See SYSOUT for MISSING DD or other error

Explanation: An error has occurred in one of Marble's work files DCDWK01 through DCDWK12
User Action: To see more information on this error, look at messages near the end of the SYSOUT DD.

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Release 2.3

Control/DCD

Installation Guide

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Control/DCD Installation Guide

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Control/DCD – Installation Guide

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Introduction

This installation guide corresponds to release **2.3** of the Data Correlation and Documentation System (Control/DCD).

It should be noted that many of the modifications incorporated into this release are the direct result of user request. Examples of this are features to support moving to COBOL 6 and the addition of Control SE to allow creating a digital documentation manual in PDF format or ISPF editing of the COBOL source with unique FIND capability. Modifications to support additional user requests are currently under development for future releases. It is our policy to provide requested features where such support is technically and economically feasible.

---NOTICE---

Installation of this release of Control/DCD requires DCDCNTRL control file information for your site that is available from Marble Computer, Inc. from 'Installation Addendum 2'. Look at DCDCNTRL DD in Control/DCD PROCs.

*For ACTIVE and TRIAL users, Addendum 2 is a **separate** page that is provided from Marble.

If you have any problems, suggestions or comments, please contact MARBLE Computer, Inc. at 1-800-252-1400.

Overview of steps for installing Control/DCD

Step 1	- Obtain all Control/DCD files from electronic media from Marble
Step 2	- Establish four needed PDS files for Control/DCD
Step 3	- Modify the Control/DCD PROCs
Step 4	- Create a control record using Addendum 2
Step 5	- Do testing of Control/DCD
Step 6	- Use the 5 DCDSPF files (.CLIST, .PLIB, .MLIB, .SLIB, & .LLIB) to install ISPF*
Step 7	 Make the PDF document below available to each group using our software: 1. Control DCD Quick Start Guide

*The use of our SPF panels is available for all features in Control/DCD and <u>is required</u> for creating a Digital Documentation manual and/or the mainframe editing of COBOL covered in Sections 1 and 2 of this manual.

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Step 1 – Obtain the Control/DCD Files by electronic media from Marble

Electronic downloading is available by FTP download by contacting Marble Computer, Inc.

A password is needed for downloading from the web. This date sensitive password is available by contacting Marble Computer at Info@marblecomputer.com or by contacting Marble Computer at 1-800-252-1400.

If the system is not installed in the time frame SHOWN in that date sensitive password provided, you will need to contract Marble Computer, again at info@marblecomputer.com for a new date sensitive password.

Step 2 - Establish four needed PDS files for Control/DCD

Four files must be created for the use of Control/DCD. All four files are Partitioned Data Sets in the same format as COBOL libraries. Note - File 1 has a record size of 100 and files 2-4 have a record size of 80.

Device type: 3390 or other
Organization: PO
1st extent cylinders: see below**
Record format: FB
Secondary cylinders: see below**

<u>File 1</u> Record size: <u>100</u> (Use Blocksize of <u>3100</u> or larger) <u>Files 2-4</u> record size: <u>80</u> (Use Blocksize of <u>3120</u> or larger

Determine whether the newest feature DDM will be <u>more</u> used <u>or</u> Mainframe Editing of COBOL under ISPF will be used more. <u>DDM in PDF format is highly recommended</u>. Also, see <u>Note:</u> below.

- File 1 **Prefix.CSE.ANALYSIS** (holds DDM or Digital Documentation Manual members)
 Initially make this file equal to the total size used for largest COBOL PDS file. As use of software grows, this file will need to be much larger as each member holds 5-10 times the information of a COBOL program. (Record Size is 100. Block size ending in 00 as in 3100).
- File 2 **Prefix.CSE.BCKUPCOB** holds backup of each COBOL program each time the CSE step is run to build an editable source COBOL file. If Mainframe editing of COBOL is done, as opposed to the Digital Documentation Manual in PDF for PC viewing, then make this file equal to **100%** of the total size used for the largest COBOL PDS file, otherwise make it **5%** or less of the total size for largest COBOL PDS.
- File 3 **Prefix.CSE.EDITFILE** holds the COBOL program created each time the CSE step is run, plus large analysis information typically several times larger than the COBOL program. Again, if Mainframe editing is done, then initially, make this file, 2 or 3 TIMES the total size of the largest COBOL PDS file, otherwise make it 10 to 15% or less of the total size of the largest COBOL PDS.
- File 4 **Prefix.CSE.SUMMARY** (holds Summary Management Reports)

 Make this file equal <u>20%</u> of the total size used for largest COBOL PDS file. Both DDM and Mainframe Editing under ISPF use this feature.

Note: Consider setting to much smaller file sizes initially and making additional adjustments to file sizes after use at your installation is better determined.

(DDMHELP & CSEHELP) just below are present in files CDCD.CNTL & CDCDSPF.SLIB. Modify CDCD.CNTL member <u>CSE</u> and CDCDSPF.SLIB member <u>DZ3CSE</u> to new filenames used. There are six other files or members of PDSs, all sequential, that are all briefly mentioned at various places later in this section. The DD's for these six files are as follows:

- 1. **CONTROL DD** has one 80-character record, typically a member of a PDS. '.
- 2. **CTLDEBUG DD** copy to a sequential file named <u>userid.CSE.CTLDEBUG</u> with an 80-character record size blocked by 3120, then modify the new filename used in both the CSE member of the CDCD.CNTL file and in the DZ3CSE member of CDCDSPF.SLIB file. **Files** 1 and 2 are also covered further under 'Step 4 Creating a control record'.

(DDMHELP & CSEHELP) just below are present in files CDCD.CNTL & CDCDSPF.SLIB. Modify CDCD.CNTL member <u>CSE</u> and CDCDSPF.SLIB member <u>DZ3CSE</u> to new filenames used.

- 3. **DDMHELP DD** (required) has HELP file used to populate member **DDMHELP** records in the CSE ANALYSIS creation of a Digital Documentation Manual (DDM).
- 4. **HELP DD** (required) has HELP file used to populate member **CSEHELP** records in the CSE EDITFILE created for editing by the user.
- 5. **USERSEL DD** (optional) is an 80-character user selection control statement file, normally defined by the user and is covered more under 'Step 5 Testing Control/DCD'.
- 6. **VERSION DD** (optional) has one 80-character record with a <u>mandatory **3120** block size</u>. This file is covered in the **CSE** PROC in step 3.

Note – The CTLDEBUG file is new with release 2.3.

^{**}The initial 1st extent cylinders and Secondary cylinders varies depending on each of the four files and is covered just below:

Step 3 - Modify Control/DCD PROCs

There are 31 members on the Control/DCD CNTL file.

• See 'Addendum 1 - Control/DCD CNTL file' for a complete description of these files.

The following are PROCs, which require modification:

- 1. CSE for building 'One Program Documentation' for creating a Digital Documentation Manual OR for build an Editable Source File for use in editing in Control/SE. This PROC may also be run standalone outside of ISPF to create the older 'Alternate Compile Listing'. The //PRINTACL DD SYSOUT=* contains this file and may, by modifying the JCL here, be directed elsewhere as needed by the user.
- 2. ISOLATE for isolating just the COBOL program from the Editable Source File after user editing in done on any one program in Control/SE. This feature is only available when building an Editable Source File in step 1.
- 3. DCDCOBOL for executing the Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs on one or more COBOL programs.
- 4. LIBCOBOL for executing the Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs on one or more COBOL Programs if Librarian is used in your shop.
- 5. PANCOBOL for executing the Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs on one or more COBOL programs if Panvalet is used in your shop.
- 6. DCDFETCH for selecting members from a partitioned data set to produce reports from the Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs and for JCL Analysis. In Release 2.1 of Control/DCD, older member fetcher PROC MBRFETCH is no longer supported.
- 7. DCDJCL for executing the JCL PROC Analysis feature.

These PROCs are listed in this manual in their appropriate sections for more information. See the next two pages for necessary modification of these selected PROCs, <u>after handling REXX members below.</u>

Four members (TXT2PDF, TXT2PDFI, TXT2PDFD and TXT2PDFX) are REXX members needed in IBM utility IKJEFT1B, used in SLIB DZ3PDF. SLIB DZ3PDF is covered more under the heading 'Modifying CLISTs, Panels and JCL Skeletons'.

Important Step

These four members <u>need to be copied</u> into a library in your SYSEXEC or SYSPROC concatenation for this IBM utility to correctly function to create PDF files used in section 1 of this manual.

Note – The ISOLATE PROC in Control/SE is handled last. See next page.

After selecting the PROCs which will be used in your shop, go into each of the PROCs individually and:

- 1) Insert STEPLIBs to point to the load library where the Control/DCD, Panvalet or Librarian modules reside.
- 2) If known COPY member libraries are used in your shop, insert COPYLIB DDs where noted to point to these COPY libraries. These should match to what is used in the SYSLIB step of your installations COBOL compile PROCs.
- 3) In the CSE PROC, modify the //COBOLIN DD to point to the most used COBOL PDS. Also, modify //DDMHELP DD, and //HELP DD. See steps 10-11 that follow.
- 4) If SYS1.SORTLIB is not the standard sort library in your shop, modify as appropriate.
- Modify the (//CONTROL DD) line to the appropriate CONTROL data set (see the Installation Addendum and/or see "Step 4 Creating a Control Record").
- 6) Modify the (//CTLDEBUG DD) line to point to sequential file also mentioned in **Step 4**.
- 7) For very old COBOL (1968 or 1974) or for the current ENTERPRISE COBOL the following optional DD does <u>not</u> need to be added. For the following versions of COBOL (VS COBOL, VS COBOL II, and IBM COBOL), within PROCS <u>CSE</u>, <u>DCDCOBOL</u>, <u>LIBCOBOL</u> & <u>PANCOBOL</u>, insert a new DD with the name of VERSION pointing to catalogued sequential file with one 80-character LRECL (and BLKSIZE of 3120 is mandatory) with one record indicating the type COBOL RESERVED WORDS to look for as follows:

```
//VERSION DD DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.VERSION, DISP=SHR
```

and in this file insert one of the following VALUEs in the first 11 characters of the first record as follows:

```
VS-COBOL VS-COBOL-II IBM-COBOL ENTERPRISE (default)
```

While Control/DCD almost always will work fine by using ENTERPRISE reserved words with older COBOL, use of this DD insures that the correct set of reserved words are used when using an older COBOL. The user may override this //VERSION DD during user execution for a different version of COBOL.

8) At the beginning of each PROC make appropriate changes to symbolic parameters that are present on the last six to eight lines. The symbolic parameters before this point should generally be left as they are.

The following symbolic parameters in all PROCs Affect Control/DCD resource utilization:

SYMBOLIC	<u>DEFAULT</u>	<u>MINIMUM</u>	<u>MEANING</u>
REG	varies	varies	REGION SIZE
BUF	5	5	DCB BUFNO
SORTREG	810000	810000	SORT REGION

Decreasing these values increases run time, while decreasing PAGE and/or storage requirements. Do not increase SORTREG above 1,000,000 and do not increase BUF above 7.

For installations concerned about storage resources, the minimum REGION required to generate Control/DCD reports is 8192K for CSE, DCDCOBOL, LIBCOBOL and PANCOBOL. If using this minimum, the BUF and SORTREG parameters must be set to "5" and "810000", as indicated above. Using too small a region may cause an OC4.

9) Consider removing the SORT work files (SORTWK01-03) and SORTLIB from those PROCs which use them. Many SORT packages do dynamic allocations of these files.

- In PROC CSE, uncomment DD files (ANALYSIS, BCKUPCOB, EDITFILE, and SUMMARY) and replace PREFIX with a valid <u>prefix</u> for your installation. These files were created in Step 2.
- In PROC CSE, modify PREFIX in //DDMHELP DD and keep the CDCD.CNTL file, or move the member **DDMHELP** to a production SYSTEM CNTL file and replace the **DSN** to that new file.

```
//DDMHELP DD DSN=PREFIX.SYSTEM.CNTL(DDMHELP),DISP=SHR
```

In PROC CSE, modify PREFIX in //HELP DD and keep the CDCD.CNTL file, or move the member **CSEHELP** to a production SYSTEM CNTL file and replace the **DSN** to that new file.

```
//HELP DD DSN=PREFIX.SYSTEM.CNTL(CSEHELP),DISP=SHR
```

In PROC CSE, there is a //CTLDEBUG DD that will have its PREFIX modified in Step 4 that follows when creating a sequential file from MEMBER CTLDEBUG on the CDCD.CNTL file.

```
//CTLDEBUG DD DSN=PREFIX.CSE.CTLDEBUG, DISP=SHR
```

The last PROC is the ISOLATE PROC and is shown below <u>for documentation</u> on what happens in the ISOLATE step. However, this PROC is <u>not</u> used <u>except</u> under ISPF and may be modified as suggested below or left alone as ISPF correctly build its own JCL for this PROC.

```
PROC
                 PROGRAM=''
//ISOLATE
                 PGM=ISOLATE, REGION=2048K
//STEP1
           EXEC
//STEPLIB
            DD
                DSN=PREFIX.CDCD.LOAD, DISP=SHR
//SYSOUT
             DD
                 SYSOUT=*
                 DSN=PREFIX.CSE.EDITFILE(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//EDITFILE
            DD
        USER MAY NEED TO SPECIFY
//*
                                      //STEP1.OUTCOBOL
//*
        LIKE FOLLOWING LINE WITH CORRECT DSN=PDS(&PROGRAM)
//*
     OUTCOBOL DD DSN=PREFIX.USER.COBOL(&PROGRAM),DISP=SHR
//
```

Changes below are <u>not needed</u> as this PROC is for example only:

- 1. In STEPLIB line, replace PREFIX.CDCD.LOADLIB to point to the load library where the LOAD members will be stored.
- 2. Replace PREFIX.CSE.EDITFILE with the name of the EDITFILE file created for the CSE PROC.
- 3. If there is a standard COBOL library normally used, then replace PREFIX.USERLIB.COBOL with that name and uncomment the OUTCOBOL DD, otherwise leave commented out, but fill in one typical COBOL library as a guide for users.

When the PROCs are modified and tested, they should be stored on a system PROCEDURE library for general use.

Step 4 - Creating a Control Record

To create a control record, set up one 80-character record as a member named DCDCNTRL, on a permanent JCL or control statement partitioned data set. The LRECL on the PDS must be 80. Fill in the first 17 characters on this control record from installation addendum or from previous installation. Leave the other columns blank.

See the <u>provided Installation Addendum</u> to obtain the date and related control characters for this control record.

If this is a new installation and the Installation Addendum is not found, contact MARBLE Computer, Inc., at 1-800-252-1400 for this control information or email us at support@marblecomputer.com.

Step 4 (continued) – Create a CTLDEBUG file

Create an 80-character, blocked by 3120 characters file <u>from the member CTLDEBUG</u> found on the CNTL file and name as userid.CSE.CTLDEBUG (or another similar name) and modify the JCL member CSE to change userid to insure name in JCL matches the sequential file created here.

Step 5 - Testing Control/DCD

Testing should be done here to insure the PROCs are modified correctly. The ISOLATE PROC should not be tested. The ISOLATE feature is used and tested under IPSF Panels after they are installed.

If initial testing is done here, testing should include the CSE, DCDCOBOL, DCDFETCH and DCDJCL PROCs. *Again, the ISOLATE PROC may not be tested here*. The DCDFETCH PROC will also be tested along with the DCDJCL PROC. If Librarian or Panvalet is used, then the PROCs LIBCOBOL or PANCOBOL should also be tested. To test Control/DCD, do the following:

- 1) Modifying the member DCDCNTRL on the file Control/DCD.CNTL just loaded with the one-line control statement information provided in the Installation Addendum (this must be done first).
- 2) Pull in the member TCSE from the CNTL PDS file unloaded from our web site. This contains JCL to test the PROC CSE. Modify the JOB statement and modify the DSNs to point to the CNTL file on the files being installed. Submit the job and check the results for COND CODE of 0000.

Later testing of CSE will be done for ISPF and will include converting an //ANALYSIS DD file to a PDF binary file for downloading to PC for reading by any PDF reader. The JCL provided under ISPF for creating this binary file will be tested there. The JCL used there is also shown in the A Section of this manual under heading 'Build a Digital Documentation Manual (DDM) in PDF format'. Testing the JCL in A Section is not recommended and if tested, should only be done after installing and testing IPFP panels is complete.

- Pull in the member TDCDCOBO from the file used above. This contains JCL to test the other reports produced through Control/DCD. Modify the JOB statement and modify the DSNs to point to PDSs on the files being installed. Submit the job and check the results for a COND CODE of 0000.
- 4) Pull in the member TDCDJCL from the CNTL PDS file on the files being installed. Modify the JOB statement and modify the DSNs to point to the two PDSs on the files being installed. Submit the job and look for a COND CODE of zeros in both steps.
- 5) If Librarian or Panvalet are used, refer to JCL Examples 1 and 2 under the 'Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs' section in this manual for suggested JCL to test these PROCs. Look for a COND CODE of 0000 from the DCD step.
- Pull in the member TFETCH from the CNTL PDS file on the files being installed. Modify the JOB statement and modify the DSNs to point to the correct files for CDCD.LOAD and several uses of CDCD.CNTL. Submit the job and look for a COND CODE of zeros in both steps.

Step 6 - Installing and Testing ISPF Panels

General Notes

Naming conventions:

- 1. All Control/DCD ISPF panels begin with the letters DZ3.
- 2. Approximately 900 unique PROFILE names are used for each execution of Control/DCD. Of these <u>about</u> 345 are **initialized** as needed during each run <u>and</u> about 555 of the 900 are **saved** for use from one run to another.
 - a. Although it is probably unneeded, a user may clear out these 555 saved names after use, by entering an otherwise undocumented **colon** (:) character in the top panel of Control/DCD under ISPF and then entering the 5-character password (CLEAR) when asked for.
- 3. The CLIST member DZ3DCD1 assigns an application-id of \$DCD to these names.

Variable Blocked CLIST file:

The CLIST file downloaded with other files in step 1 is a variable blocked file. If CLISTs are fixed block at your installation, then a new CLIST file should be allocated and catalogued as fixed block and the file loaded from the cartridge should be copied to this new file. The variable blocks CLIST file should be deleted.

Modifying members on three of the files:

Before these members can be used, changes need to be made to some CLIST, Panels and JCL members. These changes are covered in the next heading:

1. Modifying necessary CLISTs, Panels, and JCL Skeletons

For Control/DCD release 2.3 all ISPF Panels must be reinstalled

In Control/DCD, there are 238 panels to assist the user in running Control/DCD, 7 CLIST members and 17 SLIBS. Of these one CLIST needs to be modified during installation, 3 PLIBs need to be modified and several SLIBs need to be modified. See the next page for instructions on doing same.

Modifying CLISTs, Panels and JCL Skeletons

The following members need to be modified during installation.

CLISTs

DZ3DCD1 - Modify the five file names within the five LIBDEF statements to the permanent file names (DSNs) loaded from files 3 through 7 in step number 1.

Panels

- DZ3Z0801 Insert within the single apostrophes in)INIT section of this panel, one or more production COPY libraries that should always be searched when looking for COPY libraries. Look at the SYSLIB DDNAME within standard compile procs for a list of these DSNAMES. (These DSNAMEs may be changed and added to by the programmer while using the SPF panels.)
- DZ3Z0802 Insert within the single apostrophes in)INIT section of this panel matching file names created earlier in Install Section for EDITFILE, SUMMARY, BCKUPCOB and ANALYSIS.
- DZ3Z0806 Change the literal from (Y) to (N) in)INIT section of this panel as necessary to block out PANVALET, and LIBRARIAN respectively. If LIB='Y', consider EXT='Y' also, to block out the use of -SEL commands and only allow -EXTRACT commands to be built by Control/DCD for use within Librarian to bring in programs.

- Notes on panel DZ3Z0806 -

1. Librarian and Panvalet should be allowed or blocked out depending on their use within your shop. If they are used at your installation, they should be allowed here.

Skeletons

- See page H-8 in this section, near bottom of page for DD DDMHELP and HELP. Go into this skeleton and point the DSN name of both files to the installed CDCD.CNTL or other file where these member DDMHELP and CSEHELP will reside. Also modify the DD CTLDEBUG file to point to the sequential file created in 'Step 4 (continued) Create a CTLDEBUG file'.
- DZ3CNTRL Modify this skeleton to point to the DSNAME which contains the control password for running this software. (See, "Step 4 Creating a Control Record" and 'Installation Addendum', for determining the name of this DSNAME.)
- DZ3STEP Modify this skeleton to point to the DSNAME which contains the load modules of the Control/DCD system. This LOAD File was downloaded in Step 1.
- DZ3LSTEP If Librarian mode is allowed <u>and</u> a STEPLIB <u>is required</u> for LIBRARIAN, modify this skeleton to point to the DSNAME needed to invoke LIBRARIAN and remove leading)CM to uncomment //STEPLIB.
- DZ3PSTEP If Panvalet mode is allowed <u>and</u> a STEPLIB <u>is required</u> for PANVALET, modify this skeleton to point to the DSNAME needed to invoke PANVALET and remove leading)CM to uncomment //STEPLIB.

DZ3SORT

If DDNAMES SORTMESS and SORTLIB are required to be included within the JCL for sort programs at your installations, include these within this skeleton by removing leading)CM to uncomment //SORTMESS and //SORTLIB and verify the accuracy of the DDs provided.

DCDJOB

- ADD needed JOBLIB, PROCLIB or other leading JOB JCL where noted in this skeleton. (See standard JCL used at your installation for these lines.) The JCL added here should be the same JCL needed for all JOBs at your installation. Optionally, these JOBLIB, PROCLIB or other JCL may instead be added individually after)IM DCDJOB lines within the following procs:
 - 1. DZ3OCRF
 - 2. DCDJCL
- DZ3PANVA -
- If Panvalet is allowed and supported, verify that the program name DZ3APANR used for executing Panvalet is correct and check if a region parameter is required.
- DZ3LIBRA
- If Librarian is allowed and supported, verify that the program name DZ3ALIBR used for executing Librarian is correct. Check if a region parameter is required and check if the PARM field is correct. See modifying panel DZ3Z0806 under <u>Panels</u> for forcing users to use EXTRACT only when using Librarian.

DZ3PDF

This SLIB creates an Acrobat Adobe File in binary format to be downloaded to the PC with a Digital Documentation File for a single COBOL program. The //SYSEXEC concatenation list needs to be looked at to ensure that the 4 REXX modules were copied into it from the CNTL file. See 'Step 3 - Modifying Control/DCD PROCs' in this section. If the 4 REXX modules were not copied there, then do here.

Changing UNIT=SYSDA in Skeletons

If UNIT=SYSDA is not valid, make changes for SYSDA globally in the following procs:

- 1. DZ3PANVA
- 4. DZ3RMBRF
- 7. DCDJCL

- 2. DZ3LIBRA
- 5. DZ3OCRF
- 3. DZ3MBRFE
- 6. DZ3PDF

Testing DCD ISPF Panels Prior to Permanent Installation

Concatenate the five PDSs into a copy of the TSO LOGON USER PROC. Re-log using the newly created PROC. Go into Dialog Test and invoke the DCD panels using the name DZ3DCD. With all the numerous options, control statements and features that could be tested, a full test of all features is impractical. Therefore, each installer should satisfy himself/herself that the panels are working after submitting at least one batch job in each of the six main options from the main panel DZ3DCD. See next page for instructions on doing this.

(Continued ...)

Steps for testing 6 main options* - Expect Condition Code Zero

On the first option, 'Build a Digital Documentation Manual', do the following:

- Do 2, 'Change COPYLIBs...', Enter *userid*.CDCD.CNTL on top line for this test (this will add extra needed COPYLIB for all tests here)
- Do 4, 'Modify File for ANALYSIS, SUMMARY...' to set Summary file and provide USERID.
- Do 6, 'Edit JOB Statement' (this will change JOB Statement for all tests here)
- Change the Program to: **COBOLPGM**
- Change the COBOL PDS to: *userid*.CDCD.CNTL
- Submit JOB by pressing **ENTER** (*Initial execution requires asks for USERID)*

On the second option, 'Build COBOL Program with F & operand...', do the following:

• Submit JOB by pressing **ENTER**

On third option 'Save COBOL Program without F & operand...', do the following:

• Submit JOB by pressing **ENTER**

On fourth option, 'Analyze a COBOL Application', do the following:

- Do 1, Reports and turn on CALL Analysis and turn off all other reports
- Do 2, Enter C (Select from Partitioned Data Set) and press ENTER
 - o Enter userid.CDCD.CNTL and press ENTER
 - Enter two names COBOLPGM and COBOLPG2, and press ENTER
- Do S, or enter S to submit job, then press **ENTER**

On fifth option, 'Abend Analysis for Data...', do the following:

- Change program to **INVPROG3**
- Enter 1 for 'Specify SELECT IF...'
- Enter 1 for SELECT IF
- Enter letter I for SELECT IF built here in ISPF
- Enter INV-M-ALT-DEPT-NBR (check spelling), then press ENTER
- Enter S to submit job and press ENTER

On sixth option 'Verify JCL Accuracy within...', do the following:

- Enter **D** for 'Produce DDNAME/DSNAME report, then press **ENTER**
- Enter 1 for 'Choose Reports...' and press ENTER
- Enter all Y's in 5 places and press ENTER
- Enter 2 for 'Specify Input' and press ENTER
- Enter letter I for 'Individual members...'
 - o Enter two names DCDCOBOL and TDCDCOBO, and press ENTER
 - Enter *userid*.CDCD.CNTL, and press ENTER
- Enter S to submit job and press ENTER

^{*}Do Step 1 first! It builds a COPYLIB and JOB statement for Steps 3 thru 6. Then do Step 2 before doing step 3, as it builds input needed for Step 3.

Permanent Installation of the ISPF Panels

Permanent installation may be done after the DCD members from the five PDSs have been made available within the appropriate DD names within the user's TSO LOGON USER PROC. For permanent installation, find an appropriate selection panel that currently exists with room for at least one entry and add a line like the following to that panel:

%n +Control/DCD for COBOL Maintenance

where n is a letter or number and then add an appropriate entry in the) PROC section of that panel as follows:

n,'CMD(DZ3DCD1)'

Re-test to see that the DZ3DCD panel is brought in correctly.

Step 7 – Providing initial information to users

One file transferred to PC from the FTP via download is the:

1. Control DCD - Quick Start Guide

This guide should be distributed to potential or existing users of Control/DCD along with how to access Control/DCD under ISPF at your installation.

- Addendum 1 -

Control/DCD CNTL file

Control/DCD.CNTL contains the following members:

REXX members: (for use in IKJEFT1B in SLIB DZ3PDF, for creating PDF file for Digital Documentation Manual)

1. TXT2PDF (These four members must be copied using ISPF in =3.3 to

2. TXT2PDFD a library in your SYSEXEC or SYSPROC concatenation.)

3. TXT2PDFI

4. TXT2PDFX

Utility files:

- 1. DCDCNTRL Password control record. This must be modified before doing any testing.
- 2. CSEHELP Help file that is inserted into EDITFILE output members.
- 3. DDMHELP Help file that is inserted into ANALYSIS output members.
- 4. SELECT A file used in testing Abend Analysis with test program COBOLPGM.
- 5. CTLDEBUG A file to match same new file in CSE PROC. Reserved for Marble use.

PROCs:

- 1. CSE PROC for executing Control/SE.
- 2. ISOLATE PROC for isolating COBOL source from built COBOL file with added analysis.
- 3. DCDCOBOL Sample PROC for executing Control/DCD to produce Analysis on Multiple COBOL Programs.
- 4. LIBCOBOL Sample PROC for executing Control/DCD to produce Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs, taking the source programs from a Librarian library.
- 5. PANCOBOL Sample PROC for executing Control/DCD to produce Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs, taking the source program from a Panvalet library.
- 6. DCDFETCH Sample PROC for PDS Member Fetcher. See Table of Contents in Section for Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs.
- 7. DCDJCL Sample PROC for producing JCL PROC Analysis Reports from JCL PROCs.

(continued next page)

Test JCL:

- 1. **TCSE** Testing Control/SE
- 2. TDCDCOBO Testing DCDCOBOL PROC for producing Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs
- TDCDJCL Testing DCDJCL PROC for producing JCL PROC Analysis 3.
- Testing DCDFETCH PROC for fetching members 4. TFETCH

4 Test PROGRAMs and 7 COPY members (accessed by this test program)

- **TESTPROG Test COBOL program** for testing CSE and ISOLATE PROC 1.
- A test COPY member used by test INVPROG3 2. **CDNTABLE**
- Small COBOL program for testing (Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs) 3. COBOLPGM COBOLPG2 Small COBOL program for testing (Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs)
- A test COPY member used by test program TESTPROG 5. DATADIV2
- A SECOND test COPY member used by test program TESTPROG 6. **FILEINFO**
- 7. INVPROG3 Small COBOL program for testing (Abend Analysis)
- A THIRD test COPY member used by test program TESTPROG 8. PROCDIV1 9. PRDIV2 A FOURTH test COPY member used by test program TESTPROG
- A test COPY member used by test programs COBOLPGM and INVPROG3 10. INVMAST1
- 11. SYS1RECD Reserved for advanced use with SRA option

Four of the members listed first (TXT2PDF, TXT2PDFD, TXT2PDFI and TXT2PDFX) must be copied using ISPF in =3.3 to a library in your SYSEXEC or SYSPROC concatenation. See 'Step 3 – Modify Control/DCD PROCs' heading in this manual.

Seven of the members are PROCs, which should be tailored for use at the user's installation as shown on the previous page.

Four of the members (TCSE, TDCDCOBOL, TDCDJCL, and TFETCH) are JCL for testing four of the **PROCs**, also shown on the previous page.

For testing the Librarian or Panvalet PROCs, consult the examples mentioned under, "Step 5 - Testing Control/DCD", and fill in necessary information for Librarian or Panvalet data set name, valid COBOL program name and Librarian password. Within Librarian or Panvalet PROCs, if COPY members are present, include a //DCD.COPYLIB DD as shown in JCL Example 1 and 2 of the **Analysis on Multiple COBOL programs section**.

- Addendum 2 -

Control/DCD

INSTALLATION ADDENDUM

TO BE INSERTED HERE

This Addendum is provided separately from Marble Computer.

Contact us at support@marblecomputer.com if you do not have this addendum.

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Release 2.3

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